The Bombay Gazette.

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THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

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The charge for notifying a Domestic Occurrence is One Rupee.

BOMBAY.

MARRIAGE.

TURNER—OWEN—November 15th, at Christ Church, Byculla, by the Revd. W. K. Fletcher, M. A., Captain Thomas Hawkins Turner, Royal Artillery, to Elizabeth Mary, daughter of the late Lieutenant Colonel C. J. Owen, Bombay Lancers.

BENGAL.

MARRIAGE.

TOTTENHAM—HARVEY—At St. John's, Calcutta, on the 9th November, by the Revd. W. C. Bromehead, Robert Loftus Tottenham, Captain in the Royal Artillery, to Mary Anne Kate, second daughter of the late Henry Wise Harvey, Esq., Lieut. R. N., of Walmer, Kent.

MADRAS.

BIRTHS.

BIRD—At Tanjore, on the 7th November, the wife of [illegible] W. Bird, Esq., M. C. S., of a son.

SIM—At Madras, on the 10th November, the wife of J. D. Sim, Esq., of a daughter.

DEATH.

BRUTTIE—At Madras, on the 5th November, Mr. George [illegible] Shmis, Pensioner, aged 76 years.

NORTH-WEST PROVINCES.

DEATHS.

SKINNER—At Boolundshuhur, on the 7th November, Thomas Skinner, Esq., of Belaspore, aged nearly 37 years.

STONE—At Dacca, on the 5th November, of cholera, Captain S. G. Stone, Bengal Staff Corps and Wing Officer, [illegible] N. I.

SHIPPING.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH KURRACHEE.

THE British India Steam Navigation Company (Limited), under contract with Government, despatch a steamer with mails passengers and cargo to Kurrachee twelve hours after arrival of the P. and O. Company's Mail steamers from Suez.

DATES OF DEPARTURE.

Bombay usually about............ 11th and 25th

Kurrachee on................ 11th and 25th

The STEAM-SHIP GOVERNOR HIGGINSON, 850 [illegible], 100 H. P., BROOKS, Commander, will be despatched [illegible] 12 hours after arrival of the next Overland [illegible].

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE PERSIAN GULF via KURRACHEE.

THE British India Steam Navigation Company (Limited), under mail contract with Government, despatch a steamer from Bombay to Persian Gulf every six weeks as follows, touching at Kurrachee, Gwadel, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Bushire, and [illegible].

Leave Bombay		Returns	
	25th Dec.		28th January.
„	10th Feb.	„	11th March.
„	28th March.	„	28th April.
„	10th May.	„	12th June.
„	25th June.	„	28th July.
„	10th August.	„	12th Sept.
„	25th Sept.	„	28th October.
„	10th Nov.	„	12th Dec.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MALABAR COAST, CEYLON, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

THE British India Steam Navigation Company (Limited), under contract with Government, despatch steamers as above twice a Month with [illegible], on the following dates:—

[illegible — table of ports and dates damaged by a fold: ... Vizagapatam, Coconada, Masulipatam, ... Negapatam, ... Colombo, ... Tellicherry, Calicut, Cannanore, Mangalore, Carwar, Arrive Bombay ...]

* Morning. † Evening.

The Company cannot guarantee that the Steamers will always arrive at the intermediate Ports on the above dates, but every effort will be made to ensure their doing so.

The [illegible] Ship ARABIA, 1040 tons, 250 H. P., W. [illegible], Commander, will be despatched as above at [illegible] of December, and the S. S. PENANG, 850 tons, [illegible] P. BLACKMORE, Commander, at noon, on 15th December.

N. B.—The S. S. ARABIA, will call at Colombo.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

WEEKLY COMMUNICATION BETWEEN BOMBAY AND COCHIN.

WEEKLY COMMUNICATION BETWEEN COCHIN AND BOMBAY.

THE Bombay Coast and River Steam Navigation Company (Limited) will until further notice despatch Steamers ONCE A WEEK to and from the MALABAR COAST, calling at the intermediate Ports on the following days:—

[illegible — table of Down Steamers and Up Steamers: Cochin, Beypore, Calicut, Tellicherry, Cannanore, Mangalore, Coompta, Carwar, Goa, Bombay; days Saturday to Friday]

WEEKLY COMMUNICATION BETWEEN BOMBAY AND GOA.

WEEKLY COMMUNICATION BETWEEN GOA AND BOMBAY.

THE Company will also despatch a Steamer to and from GOA ONCE A WEEK, calling at the intermediate Ports on the following days:—

[illegible — table: Goa, Vingorla, Rutnagherry, Bombay; Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday]

N. B.—Passengers to and from MAHABLESHWUR [illegible] or taken up at BANCOTE by this steamer.

[illegible] FROM BOMBAY TO SURAT via GOGO EVERY TUESDAY.

[illegible] FROM SURAT TO BOMBAY EVERY FRIDAY.

ONE of the Company's Steamers will be despatched ONCE A WEEK to SURAT via GOGO and from SURAT to BOMBAY as follows:—

From BOMBAY to SURAT via GOGO.

Every TUESDAY at 6 P. M.

[illegible] from SURAT to BOMBAY

[illegible] FRIDAY at High Water.

For [illegible] of Freight &c., apply to the undersigned.

FULCHER COOPER & Co., Managers.

[illegible] 29th August 1864.

[illegible] LAND ROUTE via TRIESTE.

[illegible] in connection with the P. and O. Co.'s Steamers to Suez.)

THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S MAIL STEAMERS leave Alexandria direct for Trieste weekly, immediately after the arrival of the Bombay Mails and Passengers from Suez. The distance [illegible] Alexandria and Trieste is 200 miles shorter than from Alexandria and Marseilles and is much smoother, it being a coasting trip full of variety of [illegible] from the Island of Candia to the port of [illegible]. The passage occupies only 4½ to 5 days and the Company employ for this line their best Steamers, built expressly for this service, and with special reference to the accommodation and comfort of Passengers, with an experienced Surgeon on board each vessel. At Trieste the traveller to England has an extensive choice of picturesque and interesting routs, occupying from 3 days 6 hours to [illegible] to London at an expense varying from £7 to £13. The railway between Trieste, Calais and Ostend, is completed in [illegible].

The [illegible] house and Pass-port systems have been considerably modified and need not cause any apprehension of delay or trouble.

Passengers by the P. and O. Company's steamers to [illegible] their baggage forwarded by that Company's [illegible] Southampton at a charge of 10s. per cwt., to whom the Austrian Lloyd's Agent at Suez will attend.

The undersigned Agents are prepared to grant passage tickets by the steamer plying between Alexandria and Trieste and the railway between Suez and Alexandria.

[illegible] passage-money, including a liberal table and steward's fee from Alexandria to Trieste, *first-class* £15; [illegible] £10; children under 10 years at *half fare*; [illegible] *free*. *Reduced fares* for FAMILIES, consisting of not less than three members travelling together: *first-class* £12 per head; *second-class* £8 per head. Railway [illegible] from Suez to Alexandria with all the privileges of [illegible] by the P. and O. Co., *first-class* £6, second-class [illegible]; children over 3 and under 10 years at *half fare*.

For further particulars, apply to

A. H. TUSCHKE & Co.,

Agents for the Austrian Lloyd.

Bombay, 27, Medow Street.

NOTICE.

Travellers by the Overland route via Trieste can have their Passports visaed for Austria and Prussia [illegible] signed.

A. C. GUMPERT,

Consul for Austria and Prussia.

Bombay 27, Medow Street.

FOR SURAT.

THE fast sailing Steamer VICTORIA, G. AHMED, Commander, will sail for the above Port, TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, the 18th instant, at 3 o'clock P.M.

For Freight and Passage apply to the Manager, at the Steamer's Office, Bazar Gate Street.

FOR SURAT AND GOGO.

THE well-known and fast sailing Steamer SIR J. R. CARNAC, T. VANWELLEN, Commander, will leave for the above Ports TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, the 18th instant, at 10 A.M.

It is requested that Passengers will not go on board without a shipping order from the office.

For Freight or Passage, apply at the Office, Bazar Gate Street, Fort.

STEAM TO SURAT.

THE Bombay Coast and River Steam Navigation Company's (Limited) will despatch their Steamer JOHNSTON CASTLE, Captain MOYLAN, to Surat, on SATURDAY, noon, the 19th instant.

For Freight and Passage apply to the undersigned.

FULCHER, COOPER & Co., Managers.

Bombay, 16th November 1864.

FOR LONDON.

TO SAIL ABOUT THE END OF FEBRUARY 1865.

MESSRS. GREEN'S Regular Passenger Ship WALMER CASTLE, 1,064 Tons register, M. H. BAX, Commander, has excellent accommodation for Families and carries a Surgeon. For further particulars apply to

Bombay, 8th Oct. 1864. WALLACE & Co.

FOR LONDON.

(TO SAIL EARLY IN JANUARY 1865.)

MESSRS. SOMES' favorite Ship STAR OF INDIA, A 1, 14 years, at Lloyds, 1,045 Tons register, CHARLES HOLLOWAY, Commander. This fine Vessel has very superior accommodation for Passengers and carries a Surgeon. For further particulars address

W. NICOL & Co.,

Bombay, 22nd Sept. 1864. Agents ship *Star of India*.

FOR LONDON.

To sail early in January 1865.

THE fine Frigate-built ship COSPATRICK, 1,119 Tons Register, and A 1 at Lloyds for 13 years, commanded by JAMES ABERDOUR ELMSLIE. This favorite vessel has very superior accommodation for Passengers, and carries a Surgeon.

Plans of the Cabin accommodation, and further particulars, can be obtained of W. NICOL & Co.

Bombay, 18th October 1864.

FOR LONDON.

To sail about the end of January 1865.

MESSRS. GREEN'S Passenger Ship AGAMEMNON, 1431 Tons register, N. MARDER, Commander, favourably known on the Calcutta line, has excellent accommodation for families, and carries a Surgeon. For further particulars apply to

Bombay, 17th September 1864. WALLACE & Co.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—Consignees of Cargo, per ship *Star of India*, arrived from London, are hereby called upon to despatch Boats at once to take delivery, failing which, the same will be landed, without further notice, at the risk and expense of the concerned.

W. NICOL & Co.,

Bombay, 15th Nov. 1864. Agents ship *Star of India*.

NOTICE.—Consignees of Cargo, per Ship *Cospatrick*, arrived from Calcutta, are hereby called upon to despatch Boats at once to take delivery, failing which, the same will be landed, without further notice, at the risk and cost of the concerned.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents ship *Cospatrick*.

Bombay, 15th November 1864.

NOTICE.—Consignees of Cargo, per Ship *Culloden*, arrived from Calcutta, are hereby called upon to despatch Boats at once to take delivery, failing which, the same will be landed, without further notice, at the risk and cost of the concerned.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents ship *Culloden*.

Bombay, 15th November 1864.

NOTICE.—Consignees of Cargo per *Alicia*, from Calcutta, are hereby requested to send off Boats, to take delivery as their Goods come to hand, failing which, they will be landed at the expense and risk of the concerned.

Captain [illegible] will not be responsible for the condition of any Goods after they have left the Ship's side.

JAMES W. WRIGHT & Co., Agents.

14th November 1864.

CONSIGNEES OF GOODS per *Herald*, MCGRATH, Master, from Calcutta, are requested to send off boats for their cargo without delay, otherwise the goods will be landed by the Captain as they come to hand at the expense and risk of the concerned.

Captain MCGRATH will not be responsible for the condition of any package after it leaves the Ship's deck.

LAWRENCE & Co.,

Agents per Owner and Captain *Herald*.

CONSIGNEES OF GOODS per *Prince of Wales*, HUNTER, Master, from Calcutta, are requested to send off boats for their cargo without delay, otherwise the goods will be landed by the Captain as they come to hand at the expense and risk of the concerned.

Captain HUNTER will not be responsible for the condition of any package after it leaves the Ship's deck.

LAWRENCE & Co.,

Agents for Owner and Captain *Prince of Wales*.

NOTICE—Consignees of Goods, and of Acid and Gunpowder in particular, per the *Naval Brigade*, Captain Moon, from London, are requested to send off Boats, for their respective Cargo, as it comes to hand, failing which, the same will be landed at their risk and expense.

Captain Moon will not be responsible for the condition of any Package after it has left the Ship's deck.

B. H. CAMA, Agent.

THORNHILL & Co., WATCHMAKERS, are constantly renewing their Stock of Gold and Silver Watches by McCabe, Thornhill Brothers, John Jones, and other eminent makers. Gold and Silver Genevas, also English and Foreign Clocks, in great variety.

Medow Street, Bombay. Established 1850.

THE following Passages are required:—

FROM BOMBAY TO THE ANDAMANS.

For (10) ten Native Convicts.

FROM BOMBAY TO SINGAPORE.

For (11) eleven time-expired Convicts.

By order of the Superintendent of Marine,

GEO. INGLE, Secretary.

Superintendent's Office, Bombay, 7th Nov. 1864.

EAST INDIA BANK.—Notice is hereby given, that a Third Call of Rs. 100 per Share has this day been made, and that the same will be payable at the Offices of the Bank on the 21st October, after which date interest at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum will be charged on all Calls unpaid.

By order of the Board,

W. C. CURRIE, Acting Manager.

Bombay, 27th September 1864.

INDIAN PENINSULA, LONDON, & CHINA BANK (LIMITED).—Notice is hereby given, that a Third and Final Call of Rs. 50 per Share is payable at the Offices of the above Bank on or before MONDAY, the 21st November, current, after which date Interest at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum will be charged on all unpaid Calls.

D. A. TRAILL CHRISTIE, Officiating Manager.

Bombay, 2nd November 1864.

BOMBAY FUND IN AID OF THE CALCUTTA CYCLONE GENERAL RELIEF FUND.—Subscribers to the Fund are respectfully requested to pay the amount of their Subscriptions to MESSRS. REMINGTON and Co., the Treasurers, that the same may be remitted without delay.

G. BIRDWOOD.
PREMCHUND ROYCHUND.
JAMES TAYLOR,
DOSSABHOY FRAMJEE CAMA.
BHOW DAJEE,
DHUNJEEBHOY FRAMJEE,

Honorary Secretaries.

REWARD OF RUPEES FIVE THOUSAND

WHEREAS it appears, that delays and stoppages frequently occur in the transmission of Messages by Electric Telegraph in India, and in particular between Galle and Bombay after the arrival at the former Port of the English Mail Steamer; and such delays can only be accounted for on the supposition that they are the result of fraud; the Bombay Chamber of Commerce hereby offers a reward of RUPEES FIVE THOUSAND to any one who will come forward and give such information as shall lead to the apprehension and conviction of the guilty parties.

A. C. GUMPERT, Chairman.

JAMES TAYLOR, Secretary.

Bombay, Chamber of Commerce, 24th October 1864.

SEVENTH SUBSCRIPTION PERFORMANCE

AT THE GRANT ROAD THEATRE

OF THE ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY

WILL TAKE PLACE

TO-MORROW, THE 18TH NOVEMBER.

OPERA "TUTTI IN MASCHERA" IN THREE PARTS.

MUSIC by CARLO PEDROTTI.

Stalls .... Rs. 8

Gallery .... „ 5

Performance commences at a quarter to 9 P. M. Tickets to be had at the Theatre or Messrs. HERBERT & Co. Smoking strictly prohibited.

SEVENTH PUBLIC PERFORMANCE

AT THE GRANT ROAD THEATRE

OF THE ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY

WILL TAKE PLACE

SATURDAY, THE 19TH NOVEMBER.

OPERA "TUTTI IN MASCHERA" IN THREE PARTS.

MUSIC by CARLO PEDROTTI.

Dress Circle .... Rs. 10

Stalls .... „ 8

Gallery .... „ 5

Performance commences at a quarter to 9 P.M. Tickets to be had at the Theatre or Messrs. HERBERT & Co. Smoking strictly prohibited.

NOTICES.

BOMBAY CONTRACT AND BUILDING COMPANY (LIMITED.)

CAPITAL SIX LACS OF RUPEES WITH POWER TO INCREASE.

THE Company is prepared to enter into Contracts for Buildings, extensive Earthworks, and Reclamations, or any other work connected with the profession of Engineers or Contractors either for Government, Public Companies, or individuals.

Plans, Specifications and Estimates drawn out if required.

By Order,

A. CUMMING, Secretary.

THORNHILL & Co., Opticians, Engravers, &c. Medow Street, Bombay. Established 1850.

THORNHILL & Co., JEWELLERS, receive by each Mail Steamer from their London House the most fashionable additions to their Stock of Jewellery. Articles in Indian Gold made to order.

Medow Street, Bombay. Established 1850.

TO CAPTAINS OF VESSELS AND THE PUBLIC.—For Ship Biscuits, Flour, Bread, Grinding of Corn, &c. apply at the Steam Bakery, Grant Road, near the Theatre.

I HAVE this day established myself as Merchant and General Agent. R. I. REUBEN.

Military Square, Bombay, 3rd November 1864.

NOTICE.—We have this day commenced business as Wholesale Jewellers and General Merchants.

Nesbit Lane, 10th Nov. GEORGE POWIS & Co.

PHOTOGRAPHY.—Messrs. LINDLEY and WARREN take Portraits daily at their Studio, 26, Apollo Street.

THE undersigned beg to intimate that they have this day commenced business in Bombay as General Brokers, under the style of PESTONJEE and D'ACQUENY, Offices 12, Apollo Street.

PESTONJEE J. LAMNA.

A. D'ACQUENY.

Bombay, 15th Nov. 1864.

NOTICE.—KURRACHEE PRESS COMPANY (LIMITED.)—Share Certificates for the above Company being now ready for issue, it is requested that receipts for Calls be returned to the undersigned who will grant Certificates in exchange for the same.

FLEMING & Co., Secretaries and Treasurers.

Kurrachee, Macleod Road, 25th October 1864.

EASTERN FINANCIAL ASSOCIATION (LIMITED.)—Notice is hereby given, that the Second Call of (50) Fifty Rupees per Share is payable at the Office of the above Association on or before the 15th November, after which date and until further notice, interest at the rate of twelve per cent. annum will be charged on all Calls remaining unpaid. Interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum will be allowed on all sums paid before the 15th November.

ALLADINBHOY HABIBBHOY,

Chairman, Board of Directors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, for the information of the public, that the undersigned are prepared for landing, shipping and forwarding Engines, Boilers, and every description of Machinery; also General Merchandize to the Ports in Guzerat and elsewhere.

References can be given and every information obtained from

BYRAMJEE NUSSERWANJEE,

AND

DINSHAW SHAPOORJEE,

Landing and Forwarding Contractors and Boat Brokers, Boree Bunder.

Bombay, Boree Bunder, 7th November 1864.

THE BOMBAY CITY BANK (LIMITED).—FORFEITURE OF SHARES.—Notice is hereby given, that all Shares in the above Bank upon which the Second Call with arreared interest may not have been paid at the Offices of the Bank, No. 2, Church Gate Street, on or before SATURDAY, the 5th November 1864, will be absolutely forfeited for the benefit of the Bank in conformity with Act XIX. of 1857 of the Legislative Council of India, and with the Articles of Association of the Bank.

By order of the Board of Directors,

21st October 1864. T. R. R. DAVISON, Manager.

THE BOMBAY CITY BANK (LIMITED).—Holders of First and Second Call Receipts are requested to exchange the same for the Share Certificates, now ready for delivery, and also, where necessary, to have the Transfers duly effected to their names.

By order of the Board of Directors,

T. R. R. DAVISON, Manager.

Bombay, 11th November 1864.

[illegible] BAY PRESIDENCY BANK, LIMITED.

[illegible] Notice is hereby given, that on and after TUESDAY, [illegible] instant, Interest at the rate of 15 per cent. per [illegible], until further Notice, be charged on all Second [illegible] Calls remaining unpaid, and all Shares on [illegible] the Second and Third Calls with Interest may not [illegible] been paid at the Offices of the Bank, on or before WEDNESDAY, the 30th instant, will be absolutely forfeited for the benefit of the Company as provided in Clause XCV. of the Articles of Association.

By order of the Board of Directors,

ROBERT J. PRINGLE, Manager.

[illegible], Medow Street, 8th November 1864.

TENDERS will be received by the Superintendent of Marine for the conveyance hence to London of a quantity of Stores belonging to the Persian Gulf Telegraph Department, which will be shipped by the Marine Storekeeper, consisting of 44 packages amounting to 19 tons 1 cwt. 1 qr. and 14 lbs. by weight, or 9 tons 8 cubic feet, 1584½ inches by measurement.

2. The Stores above referred to will have to be delivered into Craft, provided for that purpose by the Director General of Stores for India from alongside the ship on arrival in the River Thames.

3. Tenders should specify the rate per ton by measurement or weight at which the articles will be taken.

4. The date on which the vessel will be ready to commence loading, and when she will leave Bombay should also be specified.

Further information if required can be obtained, and the articles viewed on application to the Marine Storekeeper.

By order of the Superintendent of Marine,

GEORGE INGLE, Secretary.

Superintendent's Office, Bombay, 8th November 1864.

EASTERN FINANCIAL ASSOCIATION (LIMITED).—Notice is hereby given, that a General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the premises of the Association, No. 3, Hornby Row, on TUESDAY the 29th day of November, at 2 P.M.

ALLADIN HABIBHOY,

Chairman Board of Directors.

Bombay, 11th November 1864.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that an Allotment, No. 107, for 100 Shares issued to the undersigned by the Mercantile Credit and Financial Association (Limited) with the Receipt for 1st Call of Rs. 10,000 (Ten Thousand) paid into the Central Bank of Western India, bearing the signature of the Manager of the said Bank, as well as of Messrs. C. E. and F. STANGER LEATHES, Solicitors, is lost. Neither the allotment nor the receipt is endorsed by me. All persons are cautioned against buying the same. Whosoever will bring the same to the undersigned at his Office, No. 2, Hummum Street, Fort, or to any of the Promoters will be handsomely rewarded.

BHOWANY WISSWANATH KANWINDAY.

14th November 1864.

THE EAST INDIA FINANCIAL ASSOCIATION (LIMITED.)—CAPITAL, £1,000,000 IN 20,000 SHARES.

Agents in Bombay.—Messrs. LECKIE & Co.

Solicitors in Bombay.—Messrs. KELLY, HORE, AND MANISTY.

The undersigned as Agents of the above Association are prepared to receive applications for loans on Lands and Houses, and Public and Private Works, and on Stocks, Shares, and other Securities, and generally to undertake, and transact, or act as Agents for all business of a Financial nature.

Bombay, 15th November 1864. LECKIE & Co.

A CARD.

MR. ADOLPH GABRIEL,

DENTIST.

9, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay.

At Home, daily from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M.

CONSULTATIONS GRATIS.

BOMBAY CONTRACT AND BUILDING COMPANY (LIMITED).—NOTICE.—In accordance with Act XIX. of 1857, Table B, the undermentioned Shares in this Company having been forfeited will be sold by Public Auction at noon on MONDAY the 21st instant, at the Sale Rooms of Messrs. BENNETT & Co., Auctioneers, viz.:—

Nos.	Nos.	Nos.
35	130	704
36	156	885
39	159	895
40	245	908
49	309	911
50	323	912
52	3 7	913
57	375	914
59	376	1009
64	384	1021
67	411	1028
8[illegible]	587	1044
101	591	1107
111	592	1102
120	601	1128

By order,

15th November 1864. A. CUMMING, Secretary.

NOTICE.—Tenders will be received at the Office of the Superintendent of Marine from persons willing to supply Ship Tonnage for the conveyance from Mangalore to Calcutta, of about thirty tons of Amandavie Coir, to the same more or less.

2nd.—The Tenders must specify the rate per ton of (4) four Candies or two thousand two hundred and forty (2240) Pounds, and the time when the Vessel will be at Mangalore to receive the Coir.

3rd.—The Coir will be placed on board in bundles which must be preserved entire, and be delivered at Calcutta in like good order according to weight.

4th.—The Master of the Vessel, or authorized Agent for the Owner at Mangalore, will be required to see the Coir weighed and the bundles counted, and to sign the Bills of lading, or such other document connected with the lading of the article as the principal Collector of Mangalore may require of him.

5th.—The freight will be paid in Calcutta on the completion of the delivery of the Coir in conformity with the terms of the Bill of Lading.

6th.—The Superintendent of Marine reserves to himself the right of rejecting any Tender without assigning cause for so doing.

By order,

GEO. INGLE.

Secretary to the Superintendent of Marine.

Superintendent's Office, Bombay, 9th August.

NOTICES.

DEPOSITS received by the Financial Association of India and China (Limited) for

4 months' certain at 5 per cent.

6 „ „ at 7 „

12 „ „ at 8 „

When Money is deposited for a period of twelve months or more, the Interest will be payable at the option of the Depositor half-yearly.

BUNGALOW WANTED.—The Advertiser wishes to rent a Bungalow (unfurnished,) on Malabar Hill, from about April next. Address "X. Y. Z.," Office of this paper.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—A BUNGALOW, either furnished or unfurnished. Particular as to accommodation to be addressed to the undersigned.

MACCULLOCH, JOHN & Co.

WANTED.—A Head Clerk (native) thorough, ly conversant with the system of Book-keeping used in Mercantile Houses trading with England. Apply to Messrs. MACCULLOCH, JOHN & Co., 12 Rampart Row.

N. B.—None but thoroughly competent parties need apply.

WANTED, a qualified person for the appointment of Surveyor to the Municipal Commissioners. Salary per mensem Rupees 1,200. Applications, which should enclose copies of testimonials, will be received by the undersigned up to the 9th December 1864.

By order,

J. N. C. BEYTS, Clerk to the Board.

Bombay, M. C.'s Office, 9th Nov. 1864.

WANTED.—A first class MECHANIC to have charge of and keep in repair 2-Ten Horse Engines and 80 Platts Macarthy Gins. Apply stating terms and forwarding Testimonials to

ALFRED WHITTLE,

General Manager, Guzerat Cotton Cleaning Co., Veerumgaum.

WANTED.—8 Tons of Gunny and 2 Tons of Coir Ropes for upcountry cotton bales. Also, 200 Tons of good Welsh Hartley Coal, all to be delivered at Dhollera Bunder. Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to the 1st of December next.

ALFRED WHITTLE,

Gen. Manager, Guzerat Cotton Cleaning Co., Veerumgaum.

WANTED a thoroughly efficient Surveyor at a Salary of 500 Rupees a month. Apply to Mr. HASTINGS, Civil Engineer and Architect.

15, Rampart Row, 4th November 1864.

WANTED a new Palkee in good order. A second hand one if neat and serviceable not objected to. Address "J. S.," care of Manager *Bombay Gazette*, Fort.

4th November 1864.

WANTED.—An experienced Native CLERK, of Works, for Buildings about to be constructed at Ahmedabad. Salary Rs. 100 per month; also several good native DRAFTSMEN. Apply to Mr. HASTINGS, Civil Engineer, 15, Rampart Row.

29th Oct. 1864.

WANTED, for a Merchant's office, a competent CLERK, with a good general knowledge of accounts. Address "T. T.," *Gazette* Office.

WANTED.—AN ASSISTANT ENGINEER to take charge of Office duties. Also, three European ENGINEERS and SURVEYORS for field duty. Apply to Mr. GEO LATHAM, C. E., 9, Rampart Row, Bombay.

THE WESTERN INDIA FINANCE AND EXCHANGE ASSOCIATION (LIMITED).—NOTICE.—The time for payment of the first Call is extended to 20th instant.

Merchandise shipped by THOS. SHORT, JUNR., *for the late firm of Hunt, Monnet & Co.*

THE undersigned begs to notify that there will be another AUCTION SALE of the above Goods commencing on the 29th instant, and the Property will be ON VIEW from the 24th instant. Particulars will be announced shortly. JAMES T. GOOD,

Attorney for THOS. SHORT, Junr.

Late Menesse and Co.'s Sale-Rooms, Hummum Street, Fort, 15th November 1864.

NOTICE.—To be sold on the spot by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the 19th November 1864, at 4 P.M., a HOUSE on the Foras Roads, near Lall Bagh, belonging to the Municipal Commissioners, late the property of one Javareemull Tookaram. The purchaser will be bound to remove the materials of the said House two weeks after date of sale. A deposit of 25 per cent. on the amount will be required to be paid on the spot, the remainder two days after.

By order of the Municipal Commissioners,

WM. COLE BAYLY,

Surveyor to the Municipal Commissioners.

Bombay, Surveyor's Office, 14th November 1864.

IMPERIAL COTTON PRESS COMPANY (LIMITED.)

ઇમપારીઅલ કટેાન પરેશ કમપણી (લીમીટેડ.)

TENDERS will be received at the office of the above Company, No. 9, Church Gate Street, up to 3 o'clock P. M. of FRIDAY, the 25th instant, for the erection on the Carnac Bunder of Buildings connected with the working of Presses, &c. &c.

Plans, Specification &c., of the Buildings required to be erected, will be shown on application to

MUNCHERJEE JAMSETJEE & SONS,

Bombay, 8th Nov. 1864. Secretaries and Treasurers.

TIFFINS! TIFFINS!! TIFFINS!!!—The best Tiffin in Bombay to be had at half-past one o'clock daily, at the Cambridge Hotel.

E. LARTER, Proprietor.

Also, a first-class Billiard Table.

HOME EDUCATION FOR BOYS, AT ERSKINE MANSE, GLASGOW.—The Rev. Mr. MACKIE continues to receive a limited number of Gentlemen's Sons to be educated and prepared for College, Business, Civil or Military Service by a Resident Tutor and Visiting Masters. Peculiar advantages are afforded to Orphans or Boys whose Parents are abroad. Reference kindly permitted to Major Hume Henderson, Tanna.

ERSKINE MANSE, Glasgow, Scotland.

MR. A. O'MEARA, Dentist to His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India, having received repeated applications to visit Bombay, has the pleasure to inform the Residents, that he may be expected in that Presidency in the beginning of December. As Mr. O'Meara is bound to return to Simla in April, his stay in Bombay will not extend over three months.

Simla, 8th September 1864.

COTTON GINNING COMPANY (LIMITED.)

કાટન ગેનગીન કંપની (લીમીટેડ.)

काटन गेनगीन कमपनी (लीमीटेड.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a General Meeting of the Shareholders in the Cotton Ginning Company (Limited) will be held on MONDAY, the 19th day of December next, at 2-30 o'clock P.M., at the Office of Messrs W. NICOL & Co., when the Account prepared by the undersigned, as Liquidators, will be submitted to the Meeting, and it will be proposed to pass a Resolution that in the opinion of the Meeting the affairs of the Company have been fairly wound up.

ROBERT McILWRAITH,
HAMILTON MAXWELL,
JOHN LONGLEY,
} Liquidators.

Bombay, 17th October 1864.

THE MERCANTILE CREDIT AND FINANCIAL ASSOCIATION (LIMITED.)

ધી મરકંનટાઈલ કરેડીટ એંડ ફીનાનશીએલ એસેાશીએશન (લીમ ટેડ.)

CAPITAL RUPEES 100,00,000 IN 25,000 SHARES OF RUPEES 400 EACH

(WITH POWER TO INCREASE.)

Promoters.

C. F. HEYCOCK, Esq. (Messrs. Heycock & Co).
H. RAMSDEN, Esq., M. A. (Messrs. Keir and Ramsden).
C. J. MEWBURN, Esq., Barister-at-Law.
VINAECK PANDOORUNG, Esq., Merchant.
LULLOOBHOY MANACKLALL, Esq., Shroff.

Bankers.

The Central Bank of Western India.

Solicitors.

Messrs. C. E. and F. STANGER LEATHES.

MOFUSSIL COTTON PRESS COMPANY (LIMITED.)

મેાફરયલ કાટન પરેશ કમપની (લીમીટેડ.)

मोफ़ुसील काटन प्रेस कमपनी (लीमीटेड.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a General Meeting of the Shareholders in the Mofussil Cotton Press Company (Limited) will be held on MONDAY, the 19th day of December next, at 3 o'clock P.M., at the Office of Messrs W. NICOL & Co., when the Account prepared by the undersigned as Liquidators will be submitted to the Meeting, and it will be proposed to pass a Resolution that in the opinion of the Meeting the affairs of the Company have been fairly wound up.

ROBERT McILWRAITH,
HAMILTON MAXWELL,
JOHN LONGLEY,
} Liquidators.

Bombay, 17th October 1864.

ON the 1st February 1865, Drawing of the Imperial Austrian Loan 500 Florin Tickets, guaranteed by the Government and the State. The drawing takes place publicly, official lists are published immediately and the prizes paid by the Treasury. Original Tickets remaining valid for all the drawings of the Loan cost £48 sterling each, but Tickets for one single drawing would cost only £1, and eleven Tickets £10 sterling. It may be well to observe that each Ticket for a single drawing enjoys the same rights as any Ticket for all drawings. The prizes of the Loan are £14 of £29,000 sterling &c. down to £58 as the minimum prize, which every original Ticket must bring, so that at the worst the player has a balance of £10 in his favour. The Tickets are eligible for both kinds of playing, any one not disposed to distribute £48, should take Tickets at £1 with the same chance of obtaining the highest prizes, and in such cases various Tickets might be taken together at this cheap price viz. 11 Tickets at £10, 23 at £20, or 47 at £40, affording the player much more chance not only to hit upon the chief prize of £29,000, but also to acquire several large prizes simultaneously, for which reason this mode can be recommended to companies playing on joint account. Both the Tickets and Drawing Lists will be forwarded promptly and post paid through our medium, and we request that early orders be sent to us direct with a Remittance for the amount in Bills on England, France, or Germany or in Bank Notes, Cheques, &c.

J. & S. FRIEDBERG, Bankers,

Frankfort-on-the-Maine, Germany.

N. B.—Agents wanted on favourable conditions, those who can give good references in Europe or other security receiving a preference.

NOTICES.

A REWARD OF RUPEES 50.—LOST near the Share Market by JUMNADASS JUVERDASS the following Documents:—

A receipt for Rs. 1,060 from the Tyabjee Cotton Press Company.

London Bank receipt No. 4891 in the name of Hormusjee Framjee Chinoy.

Joint Stock Corporation receipt No. 2725 in the name of Tulsidass Jumnadass.

Alexandra Press Company's receipt No. 142 in the name of Ragojee Ramjee.

Railway Company's Pass No. 100.

Government Currency Notes for Rs. 660.

Any person who will bring the above to the Office of S. TYABJEE & Co. will receive the above reward.

FORT PRESS COMPANY (LIMITED.)—Notice is hereby given, that a Call of Rs. 250 on new issue of quarter Shares, is payable at the Office of the Secretaries, Bruce Lane, No. 1, on or before the 15th November, after which date, interest will be charged on all unpaid Calls at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum.

It is requested that the Shareholders should produce their Share Certificates, when applying for the new quarter Share. By order of the Board of Directors,

EWART, LATHAM & Co.,

Bombay, 17th October. Secretaries and Treasurers.

FORT PRESS COMPANY (LIMITED).—Notice is hereby given, that the Property of the above Company, situated in Armenian Lane, Fort, and measuring about 3,785 square yards, will be sold by Auction on MONDAY, the 21st November 1864, at 12 o'clock noon. The plan and conditions of sale will lie for inspection at the Secretaries' Office, on and after the 9th November. By order of the Directors,

EWART, LATHAM & Co.,

Bombay, 24th Oct. 1864. Secretaries and Treasurers.

MESSRS. HOWARD, SEVESTRE & Co., PRACTICAL, CONSULTING, and GENERAL ENGINEERING AGENTS.—Estimates given and plans made for Steam Engines, Brick Making, and Agricultural Machinery, Tools and every description of Gearing, Cotton Gins, &c. &c.

Apply either at the Fort Press Company's Works or at the Akbar Press Company's Works, Carnac Bunder.

FOR SALE.

HORSES.—Eight first-class Arabs for sale. To be seen at NOWROJEE'S Stables, Bellassis Road, every evening between the hours of five and six.

FOR SALE AT POONA.—A pair of large Australian Carriage Horses. Price Rs. 1000, or will be sold separately at Rs. 550 each. Apply to Messrs. R. FELL & Son, Commission Agents, Poona.

FOR SALE.—PATENT ASPHALTE ROOFING FELT, particularly adapted for lining under Iron and Tile Roofs, as also between Walls to deaden sound, and neutralize the effects of heat for which it is much used in China. Apply to LYON, BROTHERS & Co.

WIGGINS TEAPE & Co., 10 ALDGATE, LONDON, WHOLESALE & EXPORT STATIONERS.—Newspaper proprietors supplied with blanks, and every description of Paper and Stationery supplied on the best terms.

Special papers suited for foreign markets. Samples sent on application.

JUST RECEIVED PER MAIL STEAMER a fresh supply of TURKISH FIGS, of the best flavour and of the largest size; fruits of this year.

TURKISH SWEETMEAT, with Almonds of the best quality called Rahat Goucoum. ROSSELET & Co.

J. ELLWOOD AND SONS, LONDON.—For really good, latest fashioned, largely assorted, and moderately priced HATS, for Ladies, Gentlemen, Boys and Girls, please call at

ESPERANCE & HANNAH.

N. B.—HATS RELINED and CLEANED.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—Ladies', Gentlemen's, Boys, and Girl's 5 to 14 years of age.

A large and varied assortment of Plain, Patent, Levant, Canvas, Satin, Cashmere, Marcella, Bronze Kid, Moire Antique &c. for House, Carriage, and Out-door Enameled Hide and Calf Wellington and Napoleon Boots.

Plated, Steel and Brass Spurs with Patent Boxes.

ESPERANCE & HANNAH.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.—FRESH MILLINERY.—Just received per Overland Mail, a choice selection of Ladies' and Children's Trimmed Hats, White and Colored Kid Gloves, Figured Waist Bands, Fancy Perforated Book Marks, Canvas-worked Slippers with material to finish, Cap Fronts, White, Black and Scarlet Silk Tuffts, Fancy-worked Pin Cushions, Air Beds and [illegible], Work Boxes, Sewing Bags, &c. &c. Gentlemen's and Children's Boots and Shoes, Walking Sticks, Air-tight Japan Tin Boxes, &c. &c.

Inspection respectfully invited.

BANAJEE MERWANJEE & Co., Milliners,

No. 2, Medow Street, Fort.

FOR SALE AT THE METAL MART, BORE BUNDER.—Arch Fire Brick, Common Fire Brick, and Fire Clay, ex *City of Dublin*, Galvanised Corrugated Iron and Fixings, Engineers' and Contractors' Tools, Ornamental Cast Iron Guttering, and Rain Water Pipes. Price Lists forwarded on application to

FLETCHER AND MITCHELL.

FOR SALE AT THE BIBLE SOCIETY'S DEPOSITORY, Verge of the Esplanade, Dhobee Talao, BIBLES and TESTAMENTS, in English, Marathi, Hindustani, Gujerathi, Persian, Portuguese, French, and nearly fifty other languages, principally Eastern and European.

Marathi Bible, Royal 12mo, 1 Rupee.

Marathi New Testament, new edition, 6 annas per copy. Hindustani New Testament, new edition 1 Rupee.

Parsi-Gujerati New Testament, price 6 annas.

FOR SALE.—*Just landed ex "Janet Mitchell."*—50 Drums, each containing 5 gallons finest non-explosive Paraffin Oil, 8 Rs. per Drum.

One case of Taddy's Tobacco, in ½ lb. and ¼ lb. Tins assorted Latakia—York River—Cut Cavendish—Birds Eye Returns, Bristol Birds' Eye and Shag.

1 Patent Oil Gas Apparatus, for making Gas from Oil or Oilseeds. Apply to the undersigned.

JAMES T. GOOD.

Late Menesse and Co.'s Sale Rooms, Hummum Street, Fort.

FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the undersigned, Bass's East India PALE ALE, in excellent condition, just received ex *Cyclops*, and bottled by M. B. Foster & Sons—shipped solely by Thomas Oakes & Co., London, in bottles at Rs. 5¼ and Pints at Rs. 4 per dozen.

LEGGATT & Co.

Bombay, 2nd September 1864.

MESSRS. CUTLER, PALMER & Co., (late CUTLER & Co.) continue to have a most satisfactory arrangement with Messrs. EDULJEE PALLONJEE BROTHERS, exclusively to receive and dispose of their Wines and Brandy in Bombay, and respectfully solicit that their Western India constituents will kindly apply to them for their supplies.

From the Madras Presidency, direct orders to Messrs. CUTLER, PALMER & Co., will meet with prompt attention.

London Vaults.

MESSRS. CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s

(LATE CUTLER & Co.)

LIST OF WINES, SPIRITS, AND CORDIALS.

Address:—TOWER BONDED VAULTS, 44, MARK LANE, LONDON.

		Rs. per doz. Qrts.	Pts.
Claret	No. 1 .... Black Capsule	35	18
	No. 2 .... Blue „	30	16
	No. 3 .... Yellow „	26	14
	No. 4 .... Green „	22	12
	Medoc .... Red „	18	10
Champagne	Brand, Cutler & Co.	38	20
	Brand, C. & Co.	32	0
Moselle	Sparkling Nonpareil	38	20
	Sparkling 1st Quality	32	18
Hock	Sparkling Nonpareil	38	20
	Sparkling 1st Quality	32	18
Port	Black Seal	28	15
	Red Seal	24	13
Sherry	Amontillado .... Black Seal	33	0
	Pale Amoroso .... „	30	0
	Light Golden .... Green	28	0
	„ „ .... Blue	28	0
	Pale .... Brown	26	0
	„ .... Yellow	22	0
	„ .... White	19	0
Ginger .... Wine		18	0
Cognac, Old and Pale	(Black Capsule)	33	0
„ „	(Yellow „)	28	0
Gin Old Tom		20	0
Whiskey, Sancel Malt		22	0
Rum, Old Jamaica		20	0
Curacoa	Brown .... in Glass Bottles	42	22
	White .... „ Bottles	42	2
Maraschino, Di Zara		40	21
Cherry Brandy		30	15

CHAMPAGNE.

			Rs.
Fleur de Sillery	E. Irroy & Co.	Qrts	36
Do.	Do.	Pts	19
Sillery Mousseux	Ad. Collin	Qrts	32
Do. Do.	Do.	Pts	17
Bouzy Do.	Do.	Qrts	34
Do. Do.	Do.	Pts	18
Champagne extra good qty.	B. & E. Perrier	Qrts	34
Clicquot	Leop. Meyer Bass	Qrts	36
Fleur de Sillery	S. Perrier Fils & Co.	Qrts	39
Sillery, superior	Do.	Qrts	32

MOSELLE AND RHENISH WINES.

Sparkling Hock	Ledocius Frères	Qrts	30
Do. Do.	Do.	Pts	16
Do. Moselle	Do.	Qrts	30
Do. Do.	Do.	Pts	16
Do. Do. best qlty.	A. Dremel & Co.	Qrts	36
Do. Do. sup. qlty.	Do.	Qrts	32
Do. Hock best qlty.	Do.	Qrts	36
Do. Do. sup. qlty.	Do.	Qrts	32
Scharzberg Still Moselle	Do.	Qrts	20
Rudesheimer Still Hock	Do.	Qrts	20
Still Burgundy Volnay	Do.	Qrts	20
Hocheimer 1857	Do.	Qrts	36
Volnay Burgundy	Do.	Qrts	20

CLARET.

Chateau Milon	By Hermann [illegible]	Qrts	15
St. Julien 1858	Montheuil Frane fils aine	Qrts	35
Do. 1858	Do.	Qrts	50
Chateau Margaux 1858	Do.	Qrts	50
Fine Claret 1858	A. Mellor & Co.	Qrts	16
Vermouth	Noilly Prat & Co.	Qrts	12
Beer German		Qrts	5

VOLKART BROTHERS.

THE FINANCIAL ASSOCIATION OF INDIA AND CHINA (LIMITED.)

Subscribed Capital, Rs. 1,20,00,000.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Andrew Grant, Esq., *Chairman.*

A. F. Wallace, Esq. | J. A. Forbes, Esq.
John L. Scott, Esq. | Cowasjee Jehangier, Esq.
S. L. Acland, Esq. | E. D. Sassoon, Esq.

A. MACKINTOSH, Esq.—*Manager.*

Bankers.—The Bank of Bombay.

THE Association will make advances repayable with Interest at fixed terms or by instalments upon the security—

1st. Of Landed Estate, first Class House property, and real property of all descriptions and tenures;

2nd. Of Rates, Dues, Assessments, &c., imposed under sufficient legal authority;

3rd. Of Government Stocks, Railway Debentures, Shares of Public Companies, &c.

The Association effects the purchase and sale of Stocks and Shares on Commission on behalf of residents in Bombay, up country, or in England, and undertakes the safe custody of Government Paper, Scrip, and Share Certificates, &c., drawing the Pay, Interest or Dividends accruing thereon.

Deposits received for fixed periods. Present rates—

For 4 months........... 5 per cent. per annum.

„ 6 „ .... 7 „ „

„ 12 „ .... 8 „ „

And for other and longer periods as may be agreed on. Bank and other first-class Paper discounted and advances made on Shares. The present rates are:—

For 1 month .... 6 per cent.

„ 2 months .... 8 „

And for other periods as may be agreed on.

Office hours.................. 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

Saturdays .... 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

All communications to be addressed to the Secretary.

By order,

JOHN SMITH, Secretary.

Bombay, 19th August 1864.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

FOR SALE.—Little's London Club SHERRY, Rs. 24 per dozen.

LAWRENCE & Co.

THE undersigned have just received a small batch of Salt's BEER, in good order and condition.

HEARSON, COULSON & Co.

FOR SALE.—A quantity of the finest Green Ginger Wine. Apply to

S. BURSTALL & Co.

FOR SALE AT THE GODOWNS OF THE UNDERSIGNED.—A small consignment of superior "Golden" Dinner Sherry, just received *ex-Clasmerden*, at Rs. 24 per dozen.

Bombay, 20th July 1864. LEGGATT & Co.

FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the undersigned, good old Golden SHERRY at Rs. 16 per Dozen and SPARKLING MOSELLE and HOCK at Rs. 25 per Dozen. LEGGATT & Co.

Bombay, 5th April 1864.

FOR SALE.—Messrs. Beckhard and Söhne's superior WINES imported from Creuznach, Rhenish, Prussia, viz:— per dozen.

Champagne, Beckhand and Fils, blue label		Rs. 35
Sparkling, Hock	Do. do.	„ 40
Do. Moselle	Do. do.	„ 40
Marcobrunner (Still Hock)		„ 35
Sterling Cabinet (Still Hock very superior)		„ 60

Apply to FULCHER, COOPER & Co.

Bombay, 1st October 1864.

J. & C. WHITE & Co.'s WINES, as follows:—

Sherry, quarts, in 2 dozen Cases.

Port, quarts, in 2 dozen Cases.

Port pints, in 4 dozen Cases.

THOMAS HINE & Co.'s BRANDY in

2 Dozen Cases Vintage 1854 Rs. 32.

2 Do. do. do. 1858 „ 26.

2 Do. do. do. 1860 „ 23.

Apply to GEORGE S. KING & Co.

SUPERIOR WINES AT PRESENT ON HAND.

Sherry, Amber Dinner .... at Rs. 28 per dozen.	
Do. Excellent Golden	„ 30 „
Moselle, Sparkling	„ 36 „
Red Hermitage Burgundy	„ 25 „
Claret, Good Dinner Wine	„ 24 „
Do. do. St. Estéphe (Bombay bottled)	„ 18 „

ALSO

Guns and Rifles, Saloon Rifles and Pistols, Revolvers in Cases complete, at various prices.

PAGLIANO & Co.

TO THE TRADE

TENNENT'S BEER AND PORTER.—The undersigned have always on hand direct supplies of Messrs. J. and R. Tennent's East India Pale Ale, and XX Porter.

Purchasers are particularly requested to observe that the name "J. and R. Tennent, Glasgow," should be branded on the Cork. FRAMJEE, SANDS & Co.,

Sole Agents to Messrs. J. and R. Tennent.

Bombay, 10th February 1864.

BASS & Co's BEER IN WOOD OF LAST OCTOBER BREW: now ready for delivery. Apply to LYON, BROTHERS & Co.

Bombay, 23rd July 1864.

ON SALE AT THE GODOWNS OF THE UNDERSIGNED.—The following Wines just received from Messrs. F. Giesler & Co., London:

Champagne, Quarts, in cases containing	1	dozen	each.
Moselle,	1	„	„
Do. Pints	2	„	„
Hockheimer, Quarts,	1	„	„
Macobrunner,	1	„	„
Sherry (Yellow Seal,)	2	„	„
Do. (Black Seal,)	2	„	„
Brandy,	1	„	„

Also, some superior Sherries and Brandy from Messrs. Cockburn and Campbell, and a few Cases of Claret, St. Julien, and La Rose. W. NICOL & Co.

14th July 1864.

FOR SALE.—Messrs. Nathaniel Johnston & Sons Superior CLARETS, at the undermentioned greatly reduced prices, to close an account:—

No. 2, a rich Dinner Claret, in Quarts Rs. 21 0	per dozen.
„ „ Ditto in Pints 11 8	„ „
„ 3, a full flavored Do., in Quarts 16 8	„ „
„ „ Ditto in Pints 9	„ „
„ 4, a light Breakfast Do. in Quarts ... 12 8	„ „

Apply to LEGGATT & Co., Rampart Row.

CLARETS, BRANDIES, MOSELLES &c.—The undersigned have on hand the subjoined assortment of pure Wines and Spirits, bottled expressly for this climate, and shipped direct from the growers:— per doz.

LEOVILLE AND ST. JULIEN, quarts. and pints	at Rs. 17 and 19
Do. Superior do.	„ 24 and 26
SAUTERNES .... from	„ 20 to 25
Do. CHATEAU YQUEM, very fine	Rs. 35
CHATEAU LAROSE AND MARGAUX	„ 30
Do. LAFITE, very fine	„ 35
CHAMPAGNES.—Dry Sillery (a splendid Wine)	„ 40
Do. Moet and Chandon, 1st quality	„ 40
Do. Leforestiers, qts and pints	...25 and 28
SPARKLING MOSELLES & HOCKS.—Mumm's 1st quality	„ 30
Ditto Gerothwolds, 1st quality	„ 25
COGNACS.—J. and F. Martells', ...	„ 28
Ditto Otard, Dupuy & Co.'s 1858	„ 24
Ditto Fine Old Champagne	„ 36
OLD TOM, Booth's	„ 15
SHERRY.—Martinez, Gassiot's	„ 24
STILL HOCK.—Hochheim	„ 15
MARASCHINO, CURACAO, &c. (Pints)	„ 20
INDIA PALE ALE.—Youngers'	Rs. 5 and Rs. 3½

BLACKWELL & Co.

2, Dean Lane, Bombay, 4th October 1864.

FOR SALE, (apply to MERWANJEE MANECKJEE, Godown keeper at the Office of the undersigned. per dozen.

BURGUNDY—Light Beaujolais, redCapsules at Rs.	„ 15
Do. white do.	„ 13
CHAMPAGNE—Ruinart's, red Seal, in quarts	„ 38
Green Seal, quarts	„ 32
CLARET—Chateau Leoville, fine	„ 32
Chateau Beychevelle	„ 17
St. Estéphe, a light breakfast wine	„ 12
MOSELLE—Sparkling, quarts	„ 30
PORT—Carbonell's old fruity. / SHERRY—Do. pale old dry.	„ 32
Good pale tiffin (Cortissos')	„ 28
Dry pale dinner(do.)	„ 28
CANDLES, a few boxes (25 lb. each) fine Sperm, p. box	„ 12
CARBINES and RIFLES { Westley Richards' Breechloaders, (as also Caps and Cartridges.)	At various prices.
SAFES—Milners' and Price's patent fireproof	
IRON CHAIRS—Brown Brothers' celebrated folding	

Orders from the Mofussil must be accompanied by remittance. EWART, LATHAM & Co.

Bruce Lane, 22nd Feb. 1864.

TOD-HEATLY & Co.

(LATE R. TODD & JAMES.)

ADELPHI, LONDON.

MESSRS. CARDWELL PARSONS & Co. Agents for the above well-known firm, have on sale at their Godowns the following WINES, &c.:— Per doz.

Champagne, Brand Tod-Heatly & Co. Magnum.	Rs. 80 0
Do. Do.	„ 40 0
Do. „ a Crown	„ 30 0
Do. „ Tod-Heatly & Co. Pints	„ 21 0
Moselle, Sparkling Extra, 1st quality	„ 40 0
Moselle, Sup. Sparkling Brand Tod-Heatly & Co.	„ 36 0
Do. Fine „ Brand a Crown	„ 30 0
Do. Fine „ Brand a Crown Pints	„ 16 0
Hock, Sparkling Brand Tod-Heatly & Co.	„ 36 0
Sherry Pale, Blue Seal	„ 28 0
Do. Do. Yellow Seal	„ 29 0
Do. Golden, Do.	„ 29 0
Do. Green Seal	„ 29 0
Do. Vino Fino	„ 29 0
Do. Red Seal	„ 33 0
Do. Amontillado, Black Seal	„ 33 0
Claret Light Capsule,	„ 15 0
Do. Yellow Seal	„ 23 0
Do. Red Do. Pints	„ 17 0
Do. Do. Do. Quarts	„ 32 0
Port, Black Seal	„ 26 0
Brandy, Vieux Cognac	„ 34 0
Do. Brand a Crown	„ 24 0
Old Tom, Red Seal	„ 18 0
Dry Gin, Black Seal	„ 18 0
Orange Wine Bitters, Quarts	„ 36 0
Do. Pints	„ 19 0

N. B.—Messrs. TOD-HEATLY & Co. are prepared to execute direct orders as usual.

Rampart Row, 20th May 1864.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Received a small consignment of fresh Jewelry by the last Overland Mail, such as Albert Neck Chains, Albert Guards, Lockets, of the finest pattern and of good Gold, and also set with Diamonds, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Emeralds, Pearls, and various kinds of Stones, and the Masonic Rings, set with Diamonds and Rubies, with reduced prices for quicker sale.

A few pieces of the best double breadth Cashmere Cloth, suitable for Gentlemen's light suits, and also selected Colours for native gentlemen's coats. Price Rs. 3 per yard.

A quantity of the finest Brandy, by Pinet Castillon, Rs. 28 per dozen.

Do. do. do. by Queen Mortin, first quality, Rs. 20 per dozen.

A quantity of second quality Brandy. Rs. 11 per dozen.

TO BE LET.—A Godown, in Oak Lane. Apply to BAZUNJEE BOMANJEE,

No. 8, Hummum Street.

FOR SALE.—At Coonoor on the Neilgherries three commodious Dwelling Houses with substantial and extensive Outhouses, all built of Teakwood and burnt Brick, standing on thirty-two acres of land, two acres of which is forest and the remainder well adapted for Tea and Chinoona cultivation. A Kitchen Garden is attached to each house, Fruit Trees of all description planted as well as Ash, Elm, Chestnut and other English Trees; also about two hundred Tea and twenty Chinchonas. A fine stream runs through the property.

Together with the above property a Coffee Plantation about 10 minutes walk from either of the above houses of about sixty acres in extent on which about 45,000 trees have been planted, 15,000, of which will be in bearing in 1865-66. Water on the Estate sufficient for any purpose. Twenty head of cattle and two ponies.

The above properties to be sold in one lot. For further particulars apply to Major PEYTON, Harrow Lodge, Ootacamund.

LETTS' DIARIES FOR 1865.—(*Charged 12 as. to the shilling.*)—TREACHER & Co (Limited) have received a general assortment of the above.

No. 8 One day to a page, 8vo. cloth.

„ 8 Do. do. with lock and key.

„ 9 Half do. do.

„ 10 Three days to a page with Sunday, 8vo. cloth.

„ 11 Do. do. without do.

„ 11 B. Do. do. and Cr. side.

„ 12 Three days to a page with Sunday, 12mo. cloth.

„ 12 Enlarged do. do. do.

„ 13 Three days to a page without do., 12mo. cloth.

„ 15 Three days to a page without Sunday.

„ 2 Three days to a page, 4to. cloth.

„ 2 H. Do. do. do.

„ 3 Do. do. do. Folio.

Do. Russia Case.

Do. Professional Diary.

THE ORIENTAL CALCULATOR. *Third Edition* by DORABJEE HORMUSJEE, now on sale at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Price Rs. 10.

CONTENTS—Interest on Rupees, from ¼ to 12 per cent. Interest on Dollars; Interest on Pounds sterling; *Exchange* Rupees into Pounds at from 1s. 5d. to 2s 6d. per Rupee; Pounds sterling into Rupees at do. do.; Rupees, converted into Dollars at from Rs. 195 to Rs. 240 per 100 Dollars; Dollars into Rupees at do. do.; Pounds sterling into Dollars at from 4s 1d. to 5s 6d per Dollar; Dollars in Pounds sterling ditto; Commissions or Inland Exchange from ⅛ to 10 per cent.

ROSSELET & Co., BOMBAY.—Just received and ready for inspection a large and well selected stock of London, Paris, and Geneva JEWELLERY, warranted fine gold and purchased from the best manufacturers by the Proprietor of the Establishment.

The assortment will be revived by each succeeding Mail and is comprising:—

Gold Albert and Guard Chains in great variety.

Gold Bracelets.

Gold Brooches.

Gold Earrings.

Gold Lockets, Charms, Seals, Keys, &c.

Gold Gentlemen's and Ladies' Finger Rings.

Gold Sleeves, Studs and Collar Buttons, &c. &c.

FOR SALE AT NANSEE PARPIA'S, No. 20, Meadow Street, Fort, White, Blue, and Gilt Dinner, Dessert Breakfast and Tea Sets, Silver and Electro-plated Spoons and Forks of different patterns, and other Plated; Bronze and Plated hanging Argand Lamps, velvet and Brussels Carpets, Carpets, with Border, &c.

P. S.—NANSEE PARPIA begs most respectfully to inform Ladies, Gentlemen and the Public of Bombay and of Out-stations, that he has a large Warehouse at Byculla, opposite the Jewish Church, where he has always on hand new and second hand Furniture, Crockery, Glassware, &c. &c.

NOTICE.—The undersigned begs to notify to the public, both in Bombay and up-country, that he has no connection whatever in Business with his son Hassum Nansee, and to warn the public against paying to the said Hassum Nansee any sums of money which may be due to him, the said Nansee Parpia, or to his shop, and that he the said Nansee Parpia will not be responsible for the transactions of the said Hassum Nansee. NANSEE PARPIA.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION.—Just landed ex *Tiverton*, from London.

1 Cane Body four seated Open Carriage.

2 Four Wheeled Dog Carts or Waggonettes.

ALSO,

Just landed ex "Carrunjah."

A very handsome new English-built Phaeton with glass shutters.

Just Landed,

A very handsome English-built Mail Phaeton.

A Ditto Self-driving Cab Ditto Ditto.

ALSO,

A Fresh Batch of Plated-mounted English-made Buggy and Dog Cart Harnesses, and few Pairs of Railway Rugs.

A New and Light Palanqueen Shigram with Lamps and Shaft.

New Park Phaeton, with lamps, pole and shaft, by S. Marks.

Just landed ex "Wm. Ritson."

Two very handsome new Malvern Dogcarts with Lamps and Cushions, by MacNaughten and Smith.

ALSO,

A second-hand Miniature Brougham with Circular Glass in front, with Lamps and Shaft.

HORSES FOR SALE.

A handsome Bay Arab Horse, for Single or Double Harness, height 14-2. Age 8.

A handsome Grey Saddle Horse, goes well in Single Harness, height 14-3. Age 6.

A handsome Iron Grey fast trotting Buggy Horse, height 14-1½. Age 7.

A handsome Saddle or Buggy Horse, lately broken in for Harness, very fast. Age 6. Height 14-1½.

For particulars apply to the undersigned. To be seen on a day's previous notice, from 3 P. M. to 5 P. M.

Also several other Carriages awaiting clearance from the Custom House.

ALSO,

A few elegant English-made Children's Perambulators.

Just received for Sale, few sets of handsome Silver Mounted Carriage Harness, and several other Carriages.

Also, ex *Knight Errant*, a new and handsome English-built Park Phaeton with Lamps, Pole and Shaft by "S. Marks," the property of an Officer proceeded up-country.

The above to be seen at the Rooms of the undersigned on the verge of the Elphinstone Cross Road, close to the Book and Tract Society Depository, Esplanade.

BOMANJEE DOSSABHOY.

Commission Agent.

Bombay, 9th November 1864.

DWYER & Co., Forbes Street, have now to hand a large lot of miscellaneous articles:—

Chubb's Locks, Till Spring ditto, Box Spring ditto, Pad of all sizes, Cupboard, Paper, Deed and Cash Boxes, Letter Locks, Portmanteaus and Coat Cases of solid Leather, Basel and Black ditto, Gaiters Wellington, Self-binding Music and Illustrated News Portfolio, Despatch Boxes, University Desk, combined Purse and Housewife Spring Wallets, Japaned Oak Ink Stands, with Paper Rack, Pen and 1 Ounce Boxes, Steel Quoits, Lamp cotton of sorts, Lund's Corkscrews, Scissors, Glazier's Diamonds, Revolving Ovens, Cutlery, Galvanic Machines, Filters, Copying Presses, Nye's Coffee Mills, Mincing Sausage Machine, Apple Parers, Revolvers, Saloon Pistols, Ammunition, Shot Belt and Pouches, Powder Flask, Stationery, Jelly Moulds.

SOAPS.—White and Brown Windsor, Honey, Skin, Almond, Palm, Sunflower, Rose, finest pale yellow in Bars, Glycerine.

SCENTS.—Prisse and Lubins' Toilet requisites, Games, Fishing Rods and Tackle, Meerschaum and Clay Pipes, Bowls, Stems, Stationery, Old Tobacco Sorts, Stick ditto, Beards, Wigs, best Trichinopoly Cheroots of sizes, Manilla No. 2, Camphor Chests of Drawers, Trunks of sizes, best Tea, &c. For particulars and prices see Catalogue to be had on application.

HARMONIUMS BY AUCTION SALE.—A first class double row of keys Harmonium of rosewood, by Alexandre of Paris, also a small Harmonium of novel construction, made to stand under the keys of a Piano and to be played upon in the same way,—both these Harmoniums will be sold to the highest bidders above a nominal reserve price. The Instruments are both damaged and are likely to sell very cheap. Messrs. BENNET & Co. have orders to sell the above Instruments on SATURDAY next the 19th Nov. HERBERT & Co.

HOUSES, &c. TO LET.

TO LET.—Several Godowns at the Victoria Bunder. Apply to RITCHIE, STEUART & Co.

TO LET.—TWO LARGE GODOWNS in Lower Colaba, lately occupied by JAWRAZ BALLOO. Apply to SORABJEE JAMSETJEE JEEJEEBHOY.

TO LET.—The first floor of one of the best lighted and airiest houses in Rampart Row, admirably adapted for a Bank. Apply to Messrs. THACKER, VINING, & Co.

TO LET.—A large airy upper room House, containing 12 Rooms, large Halls, Out-houses and Garden, situated in Girgaum, opposite the Ice Factory. Apply to PURSHOTUMDASS PRANJEEVANDASS, at Messrs. Sorabjee and Nowrojee Nanabhoy.

NOTICE.—The following Sanitarium Bungalows are to be let at Mahableshwur for the cold and hot seasons:—

Nos. 3 and 4.—These contain four Rooms, and are fully furnished with the exception of Glass and China. Rent 80 Rupees per mensem during the cold season, Rupees 250 for the hot season.

No. 5.—Contains three Rooms, furnished. Rent 40 Rupees per mensem during the cold season, Rupees 150 for the hot season.

The Sanatarium contains eight sets of Rooms, four of which are furnished. Rent Rupees 30 unfurnished. 35 Rupees furnished.

There is also a Travellers' Bungalow containing four Rooms, furnished. This Bungalow has a resident Messman and a Hamall.

Applications to be made to

HENRY COOK, M.D., Superintendent.

Mahableshwur, 12th November 1864.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST between Byculla and Mazagon a bunch of KEYS. A reward will be paid on bringing them to No. 1, Hornby Row.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the interests and responsibility of SHA MUNSET MOOLJEE in our Branch Firm at Bholera ceased from the 10th October 1864.

[illegible]
HEERJEE BHIMSEY & Co.

NOTICE.—KAIROBA NARRAYEN BHENDY, Manager of the Temple of Shree Luxumee Ventash, &c., near the Bazar Gate, in Borah Bazar Street, requests the attendance of all the Hindoos at Rath Jatra, which will take place on FRIDAY, the 18th instant, between 5 and 9 o'clock in the evening, at the usual place.
Bombay, 17th November 1864.

THE DECCAN COTTON CLEANING COMPANY.—With reference to a Resolution passed at a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company, held on the 15th day of September last, that the Company shall be wound up with a view of *enlarging and reconstituting the same*, Notice is hereby given, that an *Adjourned* Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Deccan Cotton Cleaning Company will be held at our Office, No. 7, Rampart Row, on SATURDAY, the 19th November 1864, at 3 P. M., *to confirm* the following Resolutions passed at the Special General Meeting held on the 11th October 1864:—
1st.—That the Company shall be wound up voluntarily in pursuance of Act XIX. of 1857.
2nd.—That W. Cooper, Esquire, and Hurbhun Nursey, Esquire, be appointed Liquidators for the purpose of winding up the affairs of the Company in pursuance of Act XIX. of 1857.
PULCHER, COOPER & Co., Secretaries and Treasurers.
Bombay, No. 7, Rampart Row, 11th November 1864.

HERBERT & Co.

TO EXPERIMENTALISTS.
COLLEGES, INSTITUTIONS, LECTURERS, &c. &c.
SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENTS.

TWO adjusted horizontal Magnets, with needle-pointed stands and with Agate centres, in perfect order, fitted in box complete.
One powerful Compound Horse-Shoe Magnet, capable of bearing a very heavy weight, with apparatus for magnetising and demagnetising soft iron.
A Stand and Glass, for showing the direct induction of magnetism through glass.
Two magnificent Bar-Magnets, for numerous experiments, and for showing the magnetic curves surrounding the magnets.
A number of articles for exemplifying the wonderful power of terrestrial and inductive magnetism.

FRICTIONAL ELECTRICITY.
A beautiful Machine, capable of developing a brilliant current of electricity.
Insulating Stool for experiments.
Various Glass and Gutta Percha Rods, gold leaf, and numerous other things for displaying.

NEGATIVE AND POSITIVE ELECTRICITY.
A very sensitive Electroscope and Apparatus for showing the minutest development of Electricity.
To any one purchasing the above and other Scientific Articles, just received, a full explanation will be given.
Rampart Row. HERBERT & Co.

CHAMPAGNES.—By Geisler and Co.—Conliffe and Co., packed expressly for India. Has just been landed by the undersigned.
TREACHER & Co., (Limited.)

BORDEAUX CLARETS.—TREACHER & Co.'s (Limited) usual quarterly supply has just been landed, which is in excellent condition.

			Rs.
Chateau Margaux		Quarts	34
Leoville		"	28
St. Julien		"	22
Medoc in		Pints	9
Do.		Qts.	16

The Fort, Byculla, and Poona.

TO SMOKERS.—Choice Manilla Cheroots, Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4.
Do. Do. Cigar shape.
Pondicherry and Trichinopoly Cheroots.
Genuine Will's Bristol Birds-eye in Tins and Packets.
Do. do. Returns, do. do.
Do. do. Shag and Latakia do. do.
Cavendish Tobacco Cut.
Cavendish Tobacco Cake,
Taddy's Returns and Smoking Mixture.
Smoking Materials, in great variety.
Plain and Fancy Meerschaum Pipes, Bowls and Cheroot-holders, by Inderwicke, and Cheroot Cases, Tobacco Cutters, Pipes, Cigarette Moulds and Papers, The Alma Light, Cherry wood Pipe Stems, Briar Wood Pipes, and Cheroot-holders. The patent Cartridge Smoking Paper for Meerschaum Pipes. Fresh additions and novelties by every Mail.
TREACHER & Co., (Limited.)

TO INVALIDS AND FOR CHILDREN.—TREACHER & Co. (Limited) beg to announce that they receive by each Overland Mail a fresh supply of the following:—
Homœopathic Cocoa.
Readland's do.
Taylor's do.
Dunn's Fresh Cocoa Nibs.
Do. Concentrated Essence of Turkey Coffee.
Schweitzer's Cocoatina or Anti-Dyspeptic Cocoa.
(A preparation which has had all the fatty matter removed from the Cocoa Beans, and is consequently most suitable for delicate Stomachs, and it has the advantages of being most portable.)
Cocoa and Milk, only requiring boiling water to prepare it for use.
Kingsford's Oswego and Brown and Poulson's Corn Flour, for making Puddings, &c.
Sweet Milk and Desiccated Milk, for the reproduction of Milk, as pure as when taken from the Cow.
Hard's Farinaceous Food and finest Bermuda Arrowroot.
Liebig's Do.
Pure Essence of Beef.
Do. Do. Mutton.
Do. Do. Meats.
These will be found both excellent and nutritious in cases of great prostration and debility, and will be retained on the stomach when most things else are rejected.
The Medical Hall, Byculla, Fort, and Poonah.

THE EUROPEAN ASSURANCE SOCIETY.
EMPOWERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF PARLIAMENT.
FOR LIFE AND FIRE ASSURANCE, AND THE GUARANTEE OF FIDELITY IN SITUATIONS OF TRUST.
CHIEF OFFICES.
2, Waterloo Place, Pall Mall, London.
10, King William Street, City, London.
Subscribed Capital, £500,000.
The Annual Revenue from Premiums exclusive £180,000 Sterling per Annum.
London Board of Directors.
Henry Wickham Wickham, Esq., M.P. for Bradford, Yorkshire, Chairman.
R. J. Blyth, Esq. (Chas. Blyth & Co.), Director Metropolitan and Provincial Bank, London.
John Cheetham, Esq., Stalybridge.
J. Fenning, Esq., Director East London Bank, Fenning's Wharf, London.
John Field, Esq. (Field, Son, & Wood), Warnford Court, London.
Charles Forster, Esq., M.P. for Walsall.
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John Hedgins, Esq., Cavendish Club, London.
Cyrus Legg, Esq., Member Metropolitan Board of Works, Bermondsey, London.
Paul Margetson, Esq. (J. Margetson & Co.) Bermondsey, London.
James Edward McConnell, Esq., C.E., Dane's Yard, Westminster.
Charles William Reynolds, Esq., Eaton Place, Belgravia, London.
Richard Spooner, Esq., (late Her Majesty's Commissioner of Customs) Deputy-Chairman Bank of Hindustan, London.
Thomas Winkworth, Esq., Canonbury, London.
J. P. Brown Westhead, Esq., M.P. for York, Deputy-Chairman London and North-Western Railway.
Provisional Board of Directors for India at Bombay.
Charles F. Kelly, Esq., Solicitor—Chairman.
E. D. Sassoon, Esq., Merchant.
Cursetjee Furdoonjee, Esq., Merchant.
William Cooper, Esq., (Messrs. Pulcher, Cooper & Co., Merchants.)
John H. Ryland, Esq., Manager, Bank of Hindustan.
W. F. Wescott, Esq., Manager, Alliance Bank, Bombay.
Secretary in India.—J. L. Napier Hay.

THIS Society is, in addition to the business transacted by Life and Fire Associations, specially constituted to guarantee the fidelity of all approved persons employed in situations of trust, and is the only Office authorised by the Imperial Parliament to Guarantee the Fidelity of Officers of her Majesty's Naval, Military, and Civil Services.
The Guarantee Policies of the Society are accepted, in addition to all the Departments of State, by the principal Banks, Railways, Public Companies, Municipal Corporations, &c., in Great Britain, India, and the Colonies.
Policies of Guarantee for Managers, Agents, Accountants, and other Officers of Banks, are issued at rates of premium adjusted according to length of service, &c. and for Officers of Railway Companies under a moderate scale of premium.
Security is also provided by the Society, in approved cases, for Secretaries and Assistants of Public Companies and Institutions; Cashiers, Book-keepers, and Clerks in Commercial and Professional Establishments, and for others holding Situations of Trust; at rates commensurate with the risk and responsibility.
Life Assurance.—Every description of this important business is transacted by the Society at moderate rates, with or without participation in profits; and the premiums may be made payable Yearly, or by Half yearly or Quarterly instalments.
Life Assurance combined with Guarantee confers important advantages by the reductions allowed in the Life premiums to the extent of from 50 to 100 per cent. of the Guarantee premium.
Fire Insurances effected on all classes of risks at moderate premiums.
Awards effected, Policies issued, and claims settled in Bombay without reference to Home Office.
Applications are invited from persons able to promote the interests of the Society, by acting as Agents or Medical Referees.
J. L. NAPIER HAY, Secretary.
Bombay, 17, Church Gate Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that an application is about to be made by the undersigned to the Government of Bombay, for a grant and right of reclamation from the sea of all that foreshore of the Harbour of Bombay bounded as follows, that is to say:—on the North by the Sion and Trombay Causeways, extending on the West from the above Causeways, southwards to the northern boundary of the land lately occupied by the Gunpowder Works, on the East from the above Causeways to the southern point of the Island of Trombay or Pau Pir Point, and from thence in a direct line west, south-west to the north-eastern corner of the intended reclamation of the Mazagon Land and Reclamation Company, in accordance with plans to be hereafter deposited with the Collector of Bombay.—Dated this 16th November 1864.
THOMAS DIVER.
GEORGE TAYLOR.
W. H. CRAWFORD.
H. B. MACCULLOCH.
HURRHUM NURSEY.
GHELLABHOY PUDOMSEY.
ATMARAM MADHOWJEE.
SEWJEE WELJIE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.—Consignees of Cargo per *Gosforth*, from London, are requested to send off Boats at once for their Goods, otherwise the same will be landed at their risk and expense without further notice.
GREY & Co., Agents Ship *Gosforth*.
Bombay, 15th November 1864.

NOTICE.—Consignees of Goods per *Windsor Castle*, PRYCE, Master, from London, are requested to send off Boats for their Cargo without delay, otherwise the Goods will be landed by the Captain as they come to hand, at the expense and risk of the concerned.
Captain W. BROUGHTON PRYCE will not be responsible for the condition of any Package after it leaves the Ship's deck.
RITCHIE, STEUART & Co., Agents for Captain PRYCE.
Bombay, 16th November 1864.

NOTICE.—Consignees of Goods per *Goshawk*, from Calcutta, are hereby requested to send off Boats to take delivery as their Goods come to hand, failing which, they will be landed at the expense and risk of the concerned.
Captain ROBINSON will not be responsible for the condition of any Goods after they have left the Ship's side.
DADABHOY RUTTONJEE & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 16th November 1864.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per *Jumna*, from Liverpool, are requested to send Boats alongside to receive their Goods as they come to hand, otherwise Captain PORTER will land the same on their account and risk, and will not be responsible for the condition of any Package after it once leaves the Ship's deck.
Delivery orders must be sent to this Office for countersignature.
COUPLAND & Co.,
Bombay, 17th November 1864. Agents Ship *Jumna*.

CONSIGNEES wanted for the following Goods, per *Herald*, from Calcutta:—
MK—698 Bags Rice, shippers Messrs. Nanjee Joycurn & Co.
I—3,919 Bags Rice, shipper Isserchunder Buttoolall, Esq.
If Boats are not at once sent off to take delivery of these Goods, they will be landed by the Captain at the expense and risk of the concerned.
LAWRENCE & Co., Agents *Herald*.

PUBLISHED THIS DAY.—CHESSON AND WOODHALL'S MISCELLANY FOR OCTOBER.

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Price for this Number, Rs. 2.

FAREWELL ADDRESS TO OUR READERS.

FOUR years have passed since the publication of the first number of this *Miscellany*. It was not without misgivings that the work was undertaken. Among the circumstances calculated to cause discouragement, there was the ominous fact, that every attempt to establish a secular *Monthly* in India has failed. Even the Bombay *Quarterly*, although begun under very favourable auspices, succumbed to a dearth alike of subscribers and contributors. The Calcutta *Quarterly Review* had indeed managed to prolong a feeble existence by means of a small number of sympathising subscribers who were willing to pay for it an exorbitant price. But this was a condition on which a monthly literary Magazine could not hope to obtain a footing. Another fact that loomed darkly in the foreground was, that, as far as was known, writers in India were few. The system of employing regular contributors had scarcely been initiated, even by the leading newspapers. The Bombay *Quarterly* had failed, mainly from the want of them; and how was a *Monthly* to be sustained? Only those who are practically acquainted with the subject can understand the full weight of these considerations, and appreciate the risk involved in the attempt in such circumstances to establish a monthly periodical of the size and character contemplated. Several gentlemen of learning and ability kindly agreed to aid us; and with their help we began our undertaking, resolved whatever might betide, to persevere in it for two years before acknowledging a failure. To these friendly contributors who stood by us during this period, "all for love and nothing for reward," we owe a debt of gratitude. But the provision required for a monthly periodical of the size of the *Miscellany*, is large; and we were under the necessity of availing ourselves of supplies from inferior sources, of which our necessities rather than our judgment dictated the acceptance. An indulgent public, however, took the inferior with the superior portion of the *Miscellany*; and, at the end of the two years the progress achieved was such as to encourage us to persevere. The subscription list was slowly but steadily increasing; contributors were multiplying. Believing in the steady prospective continuance of this progress, we ventured not only to enlarge the *Miscellany*, but also to lower its price. Our struggles, toils, and anxieties, during these probationary years, while contributions were often scanty, and sometimes unsatisfactory,—when subscribers were increasing very gradually,—and the subscriptions of a large number not forthcoming,—and when the result was still doubtful,—we shall not enter upon; they could be understood only by those who have had similar experience.

The subsequent period has been one of slow but uninterrupted progress. Contributors have multiplied, so that we have had abundant scope for selection. Our standard has thus gradually risen; and we have been constrained to decline many papers, for which, at an earlier period, we should have been thankful. Other things being equal, we have given the preference to articles bearing directly or indirectly on the political, commercial, and social interests of this great country, the progress of which it has ever been our most earnest endeavour to promote. Few questions indeed that have arisen during the last two years affecting the welfare of India, have failed to receive attention in our pages; and the favorable testimony of nearly the whole Press of India, we cannot but accept as conclusive evidence that our efforts have been appreciated and approved.

When, however, to our apprehension, all seemed most promising, and an entirely successful course before us, we were taught that, although man may devise his own way, a higher power overrules all. It pleased God to remove in the prime of life the junior partner of our firm, who had all along taken the special management of the *Miscellany*. This has necessitated a settlement of the affairs of the firm, as at that date, and the disposal of the printing establishment. Moreover, from the large amount of outstanding accounts, and the systematic backwardness of too many of our subscribers in paying their subscriptions, it is found impossible to effect a settlement with the executors of the deceased without closing accounts altogether and winding up the business. We deeply regret this necessity,—especially in connection with the *Miscellany*: and we earnestly hope that the business will fall into the hands of parties who will take as deep an interest in the periodical, and labour as earnestly for its success, as we have. Besides the general interest attaching to the only secular monthly Periodical that has succeeded in gaining a stable footing in India, there are circumstances which at this particular period make the existence and the prosperity of such a serial, a matter of more than ordinary importance. The civilized world is on the eve of a convulsion of unparalleled magnitude and importance. Whether or not a peace in America may be followed, as some apprehend, by a war between that country and Britain, we do not venture to predicate. But we do certainly believe that the peace, such as it is, at present existing in Europe, will end with the death of the Pope; and the consequences of a European or even an American war, to Bombay, by far the most important, and at the same time the most vulnerable, point of India, it would be scarcely possible to exaggerate. The bare possibility of such a contingency makes the subject of the external defences of Bombay bulk largely, before all other matters of pressing practical moment; and the apathy of the Governmental authorities, both here and in England, cannot but render the existence of any local organ of public opinion alive to the emergency, a thing of much importance in the minds of all reflecting men. Moreover, the breaking out of a general war will at once bring to an end all the twaddle about Calcutta as the metropolis of India, and about the Governmental offices there and the money invested in Government buildings, and all the other paltrinesses that bulk before the microscopic minds of local magnates more largely than the organization of the British Empire in the East; and Bombay, already the political and commercial capital, will be found in connection with Poona to be by an imperative necessity the only possible centre and head-quarters of the legislative and executive administration. At such a time, a local organ entering more deeply and fully into all subjects of public importance than would be suitable or possible for a newspaper, is of essential consequence. In anticipation, moreover, of the exalted position to which Bombay is advancing and under the pressure of the felt exigencies of circumstances beyond man's control, which are ministering to the achievement of its destiny, without any cognizance of such a result or any design to further it, on the part of the actors, mighty operations have been initiated and are rapidly progressing, all tending to prepare it as the Eastern metropolis of the world. Works, on a scale never before attempted by private enterprise, have not only been undertaken, but are being carried out in a way that throws all government undertakings into the shade. These, on which so much depends, may be expected to bring both honour and profit to the enterprising promoters of them; and human nature would be different from what all experience testifies it to be, if jealousy, envy, and all the "fury passions" did not work the mines and set on fire the tongues and pens of those who, through lack of courage or of brains, come short of the occasion and failed to take at the turn the tide in the affairs of Bombay. Against the venomous darts of this narrow-minded malignant crew, the *Miscellany* has never failed to take up the cudgel, and we fervently hope that it may fall into hands that will wield it sturdily against every foe to the progress of Bombay towards its destined supremacy.

We regret the severance of our connection with the *Miscellany* at a time when such important topics are claiming the attention of the public; and we regret it also on the more private and personal ground that our connection will thereby be severed with many with whom it has been our privilege to be associated as contributors to the *Miscellany*. Much of our intercourse with them has been very pleasant to us; and, with our warmest thanks and our best wishes for their progress in the path of fame, we bid them farewell. To our brethren of the Press we return our sincere thanks for the uniform courtesy with which they have treated us. Above all, we have to express our obligations to the large body of subscribers who have regularly paid their accounts. They it is who have borne the *Miscellany* to the state of prosperity in which it now is, and in which, to our sorrow, we are constrained to resign it. To the rest of our subscribers we must postpone our thanks till we have something to be thankful for.

In these days, so fruitful in angry controversy and serious for libel in connection with the Indian Press, we feel also that we ought to be thankful that our connection with the Bombay *Board of Censors*, as the publishers of their Minutes, has continued to its close without any of the unpleasant occurrences we were somewhat apprehensive of when we consented to undertake the responsibility. We trust that they may be able to find another medium of publication; and that their discussions in all time to come may be characterised by the same moderation and freedom from injurious personalities which they have hitherto exhibited.

The extra bulk of the present number will explain to our readers the cause of the delay in its appearance. And after all we are obliged to omit several interesting Papers which have reached us during the past month.

We conclude with a regretful farewell to all our readers.
10th November 1864. CHESSON & WOODHALL.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A GENTLEMAN about to establish an IMPORTANT BUSINESS in Bombay, with very good business connections in Europe, long mercantile experience, first-class references in Bombay, wishes to meet with a Native Capitalist. Address "IMPORTANT," care of the Manager of this Paper.

BANK OF INDIA.—Notice is hereby given, that the Third Call of Rs. 50 per share, on the Second Issue of Shares, is payable at the Bank's Office, on or before THURSDAY, the 8th day of December, proximo. By order of the Board of Directors,
JOHN CRAY, Manager.
Bombay, 17th November 1864.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY BY THE P. AND O. S. N. COMPANY.—TEAK TIMBER.—
2 Logs 35 feet by 25 inches and 13 inches.
2 Logs 35 feet by 32 inches and 15 inches.
6 Logs 35 feet by 23 inches and 12 inches.
Finished Sizes.
THOMAS BLACK, Superintendent.
P. and O. S. N. Company, Mazagon, 16th Nov. 1864.

NOTICE.—With reference to the Advertisement dated 1st October 1864, which appeared in this paper, inviting Tenders for the Working of Steam Ferries between Bombay, Rewus, Caranjah and Dhurumtur, and between Bombay, Oorun, and Oolwa Bunder, Notice is hereby given, that the period during which Tenders will be received at the Office of the Sub-Collector of Colaba, is extended to the 1st proximo.
J. ELPHINSTON, Acting Sub-Collector.
Colaba, Sub-Collector's Office, Alibagh, 15th Nov. 1864.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that DHUNBAYJEE, Widow of Dhunjibhoy Nusserwanjee Cama, has through the medium of Mr. Hormusjee Merwanjee Naryulwalla, contracted to sell to Mr. BURJORJEE SORABJEE LAYWALLA, the piece of Land and the Dwelling House thereon, property mentioned below. If any person has any claim thereon, by way of Mortgage, Inheritance, or otherwise, he, she, or they, are, or is required within fourteen days from the date hereof to give notice of such claim to Messrs. DALLAS AND LYNCH, Solicitors for the purchaser, in default, the purchase will be completed, and such claim as aforesaid will be deemed to have been waived.
All that piece of Land and the Dwelling House thereon, called as Hummums, situate in Hummum Street, within the Fort, containing by admeasurement 130 square yards, and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under No 778, and by the Collector of Assessment under No 4, and bounded on the East, South, and West by the property of the Hon'ble Juggonath Sunkersett, and on the North by the public road.—Dated 16th November 1864.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that PURSHOTUMDASS MUNMOHUNDASS, of Ahmedabad, Hindoo Merchant, [by his duly constituted Attorney Gunputram Ambaram], has contracted to sell to BHOYCHUND JUGJEEVANDASS, of Bombay, Hindoo, all that piece or parcel of Land or Ground, with the several Messuages, Tenements, Chawl, or Range of Buildings, Dwelling House, Godowns, Hereditaments, and Premises, standing thereon, situate in Kitchen Garden Row, in Bombay, containing by admeasurement 886 square yards or thereabouts; and bounded on the East by the property of Narren Jetha, on the West by the house of Ballajee Shamshett, on the North by the Kitchen Garden Row aforesaid, and on the South by the Lohar Chawl Road, which said Premises are registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 1035, and in the Books of the Collector of Assessment under the respective Nos. 1 and 111. All persons having any claim in the said Premises or any part thereof, by way of Mortgage, Inheritance, or otherwise are hereby required to make the same known to the undersigned, Solicitor for the purchaser, at his Office, in Rampart Row, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without regard to any claim.—Dated this 16th day of November 1864.
W. H. CRAWFORD, Solicitor for the Purchaser.

POSTAL NOTICE.

OVERLAND MAIL.
The Overland Mail, per P. and O. Co.'s Steamer, will be closed on MONDAY, the 2[illegible] November 1864, at 7 o'clock A. M. An after-packet will be kept open, on payment of the usual fee of 8 annas (which must be prepaid by stamps) until 8 o'clock A. M. Registered Letters will be received until 6 P. M. of the previous day.

CHINA MAIL.
The Post Office Packets for Ceylon, Penang, Singapore, and Hongkong, per P. and O. Co.'s Steamer, will be closed on TUESDAY, the 29th November 1864, at 6 o'clock P. M. A packet for late letters will be kept open, on payment of the usual fee, until 7 P. M. on the 30th idem. An Australian Mail will be [illegible] direct by this opportunity.

MAILS FOR KURRACHEE AND SCINDE.
Mails for Kurrachee and Scinde, per Steamer, will be closed 12 hours after the arrival of the Overland Mail.

CALENDAR—NOVEMBER 1864.

PHASES OF THE MOON.
Last Quarter, Monday 21st [illegible] 0h. 8m. P. M.
New Moon, Tuesday 29th [illegible] 0h. 9m. P. M.

Days.	Dates.	Saints' Festivals, &c.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	High Water Bombay Harbour, Morn.	High Water Bombay Harbour, Even.	Standard Time, &c.
			h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	
Th	[illegible]	[illegible]	6 10	5 50	[illegible]	1 11	[illegible]
Fri	[illegible]	[illegible]	6 10	[illegible]	1 32	[illegible]	[illegible]
Sat.	19	[illegible]	6 11	[illegible]	[illegible] 16	2 38	[illegible]
Sun.	20	[illegible]	6 12	[illegible]	[illegible]	3 27	[illegible]
Mon.	21	[illegible]	6 12	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tues.	22	[illegible]	6 13	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wed	[illegible]	[illegible]	6 13	[illegible]	[illegible]	6 42	[illegible]

THE BOMBAY ALMANACK AND DIRECTORY FOR 1865.

THE Publishers of this Directory are anxious to obtain a correct list of Names of the European Inhabitants of the Bombay Presidency for publication in [illegible]. This can, however, be accomplished only by individuals, whose names are incorrectly entered in last year's Directory, favoring us with their correct names and addresses; and those individuals whose names are omitted therefrom, and persons newly arrived, [illegible]. We beg the co-operation of the public in assisting us to obtain what is a desideratum in Bombay—a reliable list of the names of European Inhabitants.
Bombay Gazette Office, Fort, Bombay, 4th October 1864.

DURING the temporary absence of the Managing Proprietor in England, MR. THOMAS GRAHAM *is authorised to grant receipts and receive* [illegible] *of this Office.*
MACLEAN and CHARMAN.
Bombay Gazette Office, 9th Sept., 1864.

LATEST DATES RECEIVED.

ADEN	Nov. 5	KURRACHEE	Nov. 9
AGRA	Nov. 10	LAHORE	Nov. 8
ALLAHABAD	Nov. 11	LONDON	Oct. 18
AUSTRALIA	Aug. 26	MAURITIUS	Oct. 22
ALEXANDRIA	Oct. 27	MADRAS	Nov. 11
BANGALORE	Nov. 12	MALTA	Oct. 20
CALCUTTA	Nov. 16	MEERUT	Nov. 11
CAPE	Sept. 30	OUDH	Nov. 2
CEYLON	Nov. 7	PUNJAB	Nov. 5
COCHIN	Nov. 3	PENANG	Oct. 25
DELHI	Nov. 8	RANGOON	Aug. 10
FRANCE	Oct. 19	SUEZ	Oct. 27
HONGKONG	Oct. 15	SINGAPORE	Oct. 2

The Bombay Gazette.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1864.

WE are highly gratified to learn that the persevering efforts of Sir Bartle Frere to obtain for the poverty-stricken servants of Government in this Presidency something approaching to a fair day's wage for a fair day's work have at last been rewarded with partial success. A despatch has been received from the Government of India, sanctioning an increase of 30 per cent. in the pay of all Government servants who are in receipt of an income not exceeding Rs. 500 a month. This concession, though very far from being sufficient to satisfy the cravings of the Bombay appetite, is at all events an improvement on the old Calcutta practice of treating Bombay as Mr. Bumble treated Oliver Twist when that half-starved little orphan had the audacity to "ask for more." The admission that Bombay has, after all, a just claim to a revision of the present scale of official salaries has, of course, only encouraged our Government to make fresh exertions to have the demands of its oppressed servants fully complied with. An increase of 30 per cent. will effect a very slight alleviation of the misery caused by a rise in prices of from 200 to 300 per cent.; and the Bombay Government does no more than its duty in refusing to accept the decision of the Government of India as final, or to abandon the hope of ultimately receiving a much larger grant than has now been yielded to its earnest prayers and remonstrances. It is no mere feeling of commiseration for the sufferings of Government servants which need urge Sir Bartle Frere and his colleagues to persist in the course of action on which they have entered. Sound policy requires that immediate attention should be paid to the wants of men without whom it is impossible that the administration of affairs in this Presidency can be carried on. A recent Governor of Bombay went so far, on one occasion, as to assert that the only public officer known to the mass of the people of this country is "the peon." Without adopting this extreme view, we think it safe to maintain that the real executive work of the Government is for the most part done by men unknown to fame, by clerks and others to whom is entrusted the duty of carrying out the orders of the rulers of the State; and that, if these officers of Government are as a class inefficient and corrupt, the Government becomes unpopular; whereas, if they are just and upright in their dealings, hardly any amount of stupidity in high places will render the people impatient of the yoke under which they are placed. There is, it should be remembered, a great gulf fixed between passive dislike of, and active resistance to, a Government. "We hold it true, whate'er befall" that the natives of India can never become real loyal subjects of the Crown of England, in heart as well as in outward semblance. But, while there is hardly any portion of the population which would neglect a favourable opportunity of achieving independence if it came in their way, there are very few acute spirits amongst them who care to seek opportunities. The nation in general is content to cultivate the ground and to buy and sell in peace, paying its taxes regularly from year to year, so long as the men who have charge of the administrative machinery of the State refrain from any of those acts of habitual injustice and outrageous insolence which fire even the coward's blood and excite a spirit of organized resistance amongst a subject people. It is, therefore, a matter of supreme moment to the State that the lower grades of the public service should be filled by trustworthy men; and such men can only be secured by liberal payment. One can imagine, then, with what anxiety Sir Bartle Frere must have witnessed the rapid growth during the last two or three years of a feeling of general contempt and disgust for that service of Government which was once deservedly held in the highest honour and respect. It is certain that most of the good men who were in the service of Government have already found more remunerative employment elsewhere, and that those who remain only do so for the sake of the pension which they have served perhaps a quarter of a century to gain for their families. As these old servants resign or die out, it becomes a question how their places are to be filled. So valuable are the prizes now offered by mercantile and professional life in comparison with the pay of officers under Government, that the coming generation of public servants will (unless the present system of false economy be abandoned) consist of the refuse instead of the pick of the educated young men of the day. No greater curse can be imagined to any country than a public service which holds so low a position in the estimation of the people that it is not forced to guide its conduct by a high standard of honour and self-respect; and more particularly of India it may be affirmed without the possibility of contradiction that a decaying public service must mean a decaying Empire. It is not, therefore, as a philanthropist but as a statesman that Sir Bartle Frere is fighting the battle of the Bombay services; and we cannot refrain from offering to him our tribute of admiration for the admirable temper and courage he has shown in conducting the long and somewhat embittered controversy with the Government of India on the subject of an increase of salaries in this Presidency. Sir Bartle, confident in the goodness of his cause, has never even appealed to public sympathy to support him in his quarrel with Sir Charles Trevelyan; and, if he finally succeeds in reaching the desired goal, the triumph will be all his own.

NOTICE OF AN OLD AND NEW BOOK.

"THE Complete Angler, or the Contemplative Man's Recreation, being a Discourse of Fish and Fishing, not unworthy the perusal of most Anglers," and the "Songs of the Edinburgh Angling Club," are now before us. We deem them not unworthy of notice here. The former was originally printed by T. Maxey for Richard Marriot in St. Dunstan's Churchyard, Fleet Street, 1653. The latter, with illustrations drawn and engraved by members of the Club, was privately printed for the Members of the Club in 1858. In the preface to this gem of a book, the story of the Club and its foundation may in measure be gathered from its last paragraph in those words:—"Finally this little volume is bequeathed to the E. A. Cs of future ages, with the earnest hope, that they may make better songs and catch more fish, and prove themselves no worse fellows on the bank and at the board, than those who, in 1817, founded, and those who, in 1858, carry on, (alas! that the recollection of brethren departed should remind us of the changes between now and then,) an Association, whose life promises to be as long as from the beginning it has been pleasant." So much for the books themselves. Now let us have a little look at the contents of each. We are interested in both, for they are dedicated by human hearted men to all who are "contemplative," to all who think; not to the *soulless*, not to the selfish. There is in the followers of the "gentle art" a spirit of "Catholicity" which needs not the "foreign aid" of masonic initiation to beget or evoke. The secret rites and ceremonies which, in the case of all novices, precede the assumption of the apron, are dispensed with by the followers of dear old Izaak Walton; with us the fishing rod is the wand and symbol of peace, and every one who "by himsel has learnt to wander adown some trotten' burn's meander" is a "man and a brother." By many a stream in "dear ould Scotland," the nursery of "pernickety chiels," as my friend "Ap Thomas of Pant-y-crure" beneath the shadow of mighty Helvellyn has it, and by many a lake "concealed in a blue mist," who does not remember meetings with men ("meetius is so curis"), strangers to us hitherto, in which have originated the friendships of a life? On such occasions, when basket-bearing and rod uplifting brothers meet, no formal introduction is ever thought of, and the transition from soliloquy or monologue to genial dialogue is easy and natural: stiffness and painful pauses are terms unknown. In such *unions* your brother feeds you if famished, and refreshes you if athirst. Are you reduced to your last cast? Or has your tackle come to irreparable grief? A very brother becomes, in your hour of need, "a friend indeed." But our personal reminiscences are carrying us away from the books in hand; *hæc olim meminisse juvabit*, and that's a fact. "The Complete Angler," edited by Mr. John Major of Charterhouse (4th edition) twenty years ago, is the work of one who delighted to honour the memory of honest Isaak Walton. Our own copy was the gift of a friend in 1859, on the eve of his departure for England. We had travelled on sick leave together and visited Mahableshwur in search of health. When in the hill country our talk was much of "Fish and Fishing" and "meek Walton's heavenly memory." I returned to my "diggins" in the North Countree, carrying with me a renewed stock of health, and the book of which I now speak. Excepting Shakespeare, I know not a book of great enchantment. When "seedy," to use the current phraseology of the day, this book possesses charms which render you oblivious of self and transport you in imagination to the "velvet margins of quiet English streams." When the blue pill, "Pil Hydrarg." as it is written, I believe given to a man in the blues (not the Horse Guards), and the morning draught of blackness and taste unutterable, are effecting French revolutions in one's "interior economy," little benefit, but much distress, accruing; when tonics are superadded and bark and acids fail in virtue; when Holloway's pills and eke his ointment, not forgetting Hahnneman and his "globules" of all "powers," are impotent and vain; when self is utterly wretched and thought is bulging your liver, if you have one: then be persuaded, brother, to "throw physic to the dogs" and send for Dr. Izaak Walton. He who writes and thus advises has experienced the virtues inherent in every page and leaf of this most charming book. In a note to the introductory essay you read as follows:—"On the appearance of my first edition in 1823 Mr. Disraeli (who somewhere speaks of the 'Doric sweetness of Izaak Walton') observed to me, 'one often sees a pretty book which is interesting to a *particular class*; but you have hit on a work that pleases every body,' and Mr. Alexander Chalmers was pleased to say, that I had given quite a new tone to the subject and had 'Waltonised the land.' For my own part I can only say, I had long been asking myself in the language of Abraham Cowley 'what shall I do to be for ever known?' and my good genius whispered 'give your days and nights to emblazon the worth of Isaak Walton.'" To any "brother of the angle," if such there be ignorant of the book in question, my advice is, buy it at once. Apart from the specific lessons taught by the "Complete Angler," a variety of topics is discussed, full of interest, even in these days, where men are running to and fro and knowledge is increased. To my brothers "cut in eoony" who are anxious to master the Anglo-Saxon tongue, and to possess a book full of the beauties of the language, let me recommend the "discourse on fish and fishing," a "*well-spring of English, pure and undefiled*." The contents of the "Complete Angler, or the Contemplative Man's Recreation," consist of the "Epistle Dedicatory" to the Right Worshipful John Offley, his honoured friend, and a preface, "To all readers of his discourse, and especially to the honest angler." The book is divided into two parts; the first contains twenty-one chapters which are discussed in five days: the second part contains instructions how to angle for trout or grayling in a clear stream, and occupies three days and twelve chapters. But our limits will not allow us to enlarge. In a future article we purpose to take up the philosophy and poetry of this wonderful fisher and writer. His book is not yet out of date; like Shakespeare, dear old Izaak "was not of an age but for all time," and his book is one that "men will not willingly let die." As we thus write the first stanza of his milk-maid's song is ringing in our ears.

"Come live with me and be my love,
And we will all the pleasures prove,
That valleys, groves, or hills, or field,
Or woods and steepy mountains yield."

PISCATOR.

HOME LETTER.

(From our own Correspondent.)

LONDON, 9TH OCTOBER.

THE old saying that "truth is stranger than fiction" receives every day fresh proofs, and the cleverest of sensation-mongers must often stand aghast at the daring expedients, the unexpected and improbable coincidences by which that great romancer, Nature, works out her plots. The awful explosion at Erith has produced several strange instances of this fact. Neither Mrs. —— nor Miss—— (the reader can find no difficulty in supplying the blanks from the tribe of ladies who have taken up the new line of business) would have ventured to inform a nephew of his uncle's death by the process of dropping at his feet a paper signed by that uncle a few minutes previously and hurled on the wings of fire to a distance of several miles. Scarcely, methinks, would they have allowed a hero to avoid death by so literal a heir-breadth's escape as the loss of a whisker. This last instance surpasses in singularity even the luck of a friend of mine who had his clothes literally torn off him by a 36lb. shot during the bombardment of Sebastopol as he stood on the deck of a liner. As may be supposed many wonderful accounts of the distance at which the shock was felt have appeared, the most extraordinary being an apparently indisputable record from Holbeach in Lincolnshire. This little town would seem to possess some mysterious affinity for powder. It has not emerged from the mists of obscurity generally covering the Bœotian province to which we owe our greatest living poet since the days of the Gunpowder Plot, when some few of the hunted conspirators met their death there by an accidental explosion of the powder they were drying.

I mentioned in a previous letter that an experimental figure in mosaic had been executed in St. Paul's Cathedral, a late and long-expected fulfilment of the well-known intentions of the great and much-thwarted architect. I am glad to say that the experiment is being followed in various places. At Windsor Dr. Salviati is engaged to decorate a roof in this most fitting of materials, while, although the lofty brick panels of the International Exhibition have, instead of receiving a clothing of mosaic, been gradually and steadily blown down by the engineers, yet on a smaller scale mosaic is being used in the south court of the Kensington Museum. A very noble figure of Nicola Pisano, the founder of the second great school of Christian sculpture, (Wells was the real birthplace of the art) has been designed by F. Leighton, and placed in Salviati's hands for the purpose of reproduction. The figure, ideal of course, for no known resemblance of the artist exists, represents a tall sallow-faced man clothed in the simple black tunic and long scarlet robe so familiar to us from the paintings of Gozzoli, Memmi and others, holding in his hand, and lovingly examining an antique bronze statuette. The statuesque repose of the figure is well suited to architectural decoration, and its effect when relieved by a ground of gold *tessera* will be very splendid. It is in contemplation to continue the series of artists' portraits all round this court, but this will require a far larger amount of money than the Rhadamanthus of the Exchequer will be likely to spare to the council of education; and it may be charitably hoped that the aforesaid council along with more money may acquire the wit needful for guiding it. The series of presentments which now decorate their walls are mostly of the poorest and least effective character, the Cimabue (also by Leighton) being the only one fairly deserving the high honour of perpetuation in mosaic. Salviati, however, aspires to improve the exterior of our buildings by this same material, and it is perhaps the only class of decoration on which dependence could be placed to resist the rigours of our atmosphere, and which will be improved instead of injured by the rainstorms which will at some future date revisit England. By way it may be presumed of self-advertisement the artist has decorated his own establishment, and that, too, with no niggard hand, and the traveller on the Grand canal at Venice [illegible] see near the Gallery of Fine Arts an [illegible] which displays the portraits of Titian and Paolo Veronese on the facade, while above the door—alack for good taste—the owner's name appears in huge capital letters. This last is of the shop, shoppy and sadly lowers the really gorgeous effect of the other portions. Well, commerce is all powerful, and if we can only get the mosaic coating to our houses we must compound if we find Moses and Son or Thorley's food for cattle immortalized in everduring *tessera*.

Fish culture has been making great progress of late, and not an hour too soon when we are threatened with a serious deficiency in beef and mutton. There is no such thing as unmixed enjoyment:—

"Not youth's wild joy is joined to manhood's strength,
Nor manhood's strength can match with age's love,
But though the new comes—never both at once."

and even so, the unprecedentedly fine weather which is still "shining on, shining on, by no shadow made tender" seems likely to have its Nemesis in something approaching to a famine of butcher's meat. Never more welcome could be the news of the new fish from Hungary which has been with great skill and trouble brought to England. Some years will doubtless elapse before the full benefit of this importation can be looked for, and imagination scarce dares to look forward to the day when mighty giants of 200 and 300 lbs. weight shall replace the worthless carp and tench of our ponds, and reduce to servitude the voracious useless pike. All honour to the importers of the *silurus glanis*; may the worthy fish soon attain the dignity of abbreviation, for his present name will not long last when he ascends his proper throne, the fish-monger's stall. Who does not remember Sydney Smith's compassion for an Australian settler, who should come in hurriedly to announce that his little boy had been bitten by an ornithorhyncus paradoxus!

17TH OCTOBER.

THE announcement of the French Emperor that the Imperial garrison is, if nought prevent, to quit Rome within two years, although capable of much modification by changing events, must still be taken as an honest step on the road to liberty for Italy. None can deny that he has given the priestly party ample time and opportunity to make themselves less odious to their subjects, if they could. But they cannot, so thoroughly has their policy been founded on the ignorance and mental slavery of their people, that every mile of railroad, every yard of gas pipe, every foot of telegraphic wire becomes by its very existence an engine to undermine the false hierarchy. Asking them to reform is bidding the paralytic to walk, none save a Superior Power can effect that miracle, and the "non possumus" of poor Pio Nono has probably as much of sorrow as of anger in it. But it cannot be wonderful that France, or the man whom she has apparently chosen to represent her, should at length feel that the national honour must needs be tarnished by her continued protection of a government whose energies extend to nothing greater than subsidizing brigands, kidnapping Jew children, and putting harmless books like Story's Roba de Roma into the Index Expurgatorius. Of this latter act it may be remarked in passing, that Story shares the dignity along with Shakspeare and Sophocles!—at least I remember those authors figuring in the prohibited list at Naples some years since. Meanwhile the probable departure of the French garrison raises a subject of dispute among the various regions of the peninsula, and Liberty, if she be really coming, seems to bear in her hand the golden apple of Discord. Where shall be the capital of Italy? When Metternich, with cool contempt, declared Italy to be a geographical expression, he had much truth on his side. The natural shape of the country, aided by the cunning policy of statesmen and priests, has done much towards severing all those ties of brotherhood which community of language, manners, and faith generally create. No wonder that each State feels herself aggrieved by being relegated to mere provincial dignity, and thinks that to her chief city ought in justice to be assigned the proud prize of metropolitan supremacy. Nor would it be difficult to make out a tolerably good case for any one of the contending parties. The gloomy and distant city of Turin has been for years the only nursery of constitutional government in the whole peninsula, her sovereign after all is the actual king of Italy, and her people have already shown by outrages, which while we punish we cannot wonder at, her indignation that the monarch should be called on to inaugurate the reign of patriotism by deserting his native country. Milan, in all ages renowned for her hatred of the German yoke, was in our times the first to drive out the detested barbarian; Venice was the last to relinquish the hopeless struggle against his return, and yet pines indignantly under the curb; Florence, the metropolis of intellect, points to her unrivalled roll of mighty names and her more tangible advantages of position and salubrity; Naples, if her antecedents be of the poorest in a national point of view, is at any rate the largest and richest city of Italy, seated in the midst of surpassing natural wealth, and inhabited, strange as the assertion may appear to the casual visitor, by an energetic race capable of developing to the utmost her natural resources. Really one feels tempted to cut the Gordian knot by calling on all the disputants to abrogate their claims in favour of the little State of San Marino, which claims to have always maintained republican freedom, and may plausibly urge that, if called upon to change her form of government to the monarchy, she ought to be indemnified by the prize of sovereignty. But one claimant there is to whom all, so we are told, are willing to yield, and Rome is by consent of all to be the metropolis of Italy. It is difficult for an unimpassioned and impartial stranger to accede to this proposition, and to believe that reminiscences of former glory will be a sufficient compensation for the numerous and seemingly insurmountable physical difficulties. The soil, Cicero tells us, is poverty-stricken, the neighbourhood, says Livy, is pestilential, and eighteen hundred years' experience confirms both assertions. Indeed modern science goes yet further, and declares that any attempt to ameliorate the one misfortune would only increase the mischievous powers of the other, and that cultivation of the Campagna never fails to increase yet more rapidly the deadly and ever-advancing influence of the malaria. Without placing implicit confidence in this theory, it is certain that the attempts made by the late Government of Tuscany to improve by cultivation the identically similar district of the Maremma have resulted in failure, and that the hard working and business-like inhabitants of Follonica have to blow out their iron smelting furnaces and fly from this mysterious curse every summer. It can hardly be possible to maintain all the machinery of Government in a city where for three or four months none can reside with safety, and where foreigners, I mean not men of other nations but even Italians of other States, suffer more certainly than do the natives themselves. A Parliament held in the fen districts of England but poorly represents the sacrifice to patriotism which would be demanded every year from the Tuscan, the Lombard, and the Neapolitan. Really our great national Philosopher, Punch, seems to have hit the mark when he orders the new sentry to let the party in the Vatican annoy no body outside, and nobody outside annoy that venerable party, and the best policy would seem to be that Rome should remain, in the eyes of those who believe her very dubious claim to the title, a holy city, and let the necessary business of secular Government be located in some other city. I confess to me Florence seems likely to carry the day.

NEWS-LETTERS.

(From our own Correspondents.)

POONA, 15TH NOVEMBER.

SOMETHING is at last going to be done for the children of the Poona pensioners—not of course by Government, for the motto "India for the Natives" is applied by them with its full meaning, and rather more, to the rising generation, and while they provide schools for the natives it would be quite contrary to their principles to do anything of the sort for Europeans—but by private subscription. A Pensioners' School is to be opened in the Sudder Bazar on the 1st of December, where the children of pensioners are to be taught at a small monthly charge of a few annas, the expenses being borne by a fund already in existence, supplemented by subscriptions. The Bishop of Bombay gives his name as patron, and a donation of fifty rupees; Colonel Field, Major Candy, the Rev. Mr. Fenton and others are the principal promoters of the scheme, which, it is to be hoped, will do some good. Something of the kind is urgently required, for the children of poor Europeans in this country having no status in Hindoo society, if left uncared for must sink into, or rather below, the very lowest ranks; no existing caste will of course associate with them. There is an old proverb which says, that if two men ride the same horse, one must ride first; and natives living in the same country with Europeans will certainly never, if they can help it, allow the Europeans to ride first. Either the children of our fellow-countrymen must be assisted to raise themselves above the masses of the natives, or they will sink into a miserable condition, far below them.

The Dramatic and Philharmonic Society of Poona have advertised a special performance to-morrow evening on behalf of the poor pensioners of Poona. They will have the assistance of the amateurs from Kirkee, who are to perform "Box and Cox, married and settled." The last performance of this Society drew a very good house, so that it will be inexcusable if their present benevolent effort is not rewarded with a good attendance.

The Commander-in-Chief had no [illegible] finished his inspection of the several regiments composing the Poona garrison than the Major General began his, probably in the desperate hope that he might detect some irregularities which had escaped the eagle eye of the Lieutenant General. I can only suppose the two Generals had a bet pending, the Major General having offered to wager five thousand rupees that he would be able to find out something or other which the superior officer had overlooked, and had his rash offer instantly accepted; otherwise it would seem more in accordance with abstract probabilities to assume that an interval should have been allowed to take place between the two inspections. General Smith began with the 4th K. O. on Saturday. A detachment of the 72nd Highlanders from Mhow is expected here in two or three days, en route for Sattara, to take the place of the 28th.

Everybody knows what an admirable investment for money champagne is—particularly if it is good. The enterprising purchasers of the Dapooree estate seem determined that nothing shall be wanting to the completeness of their speculation. From the beginning they would seem, to the reasoning powers of uninformed mofussilites, about as likely to get a return for the three and a half lacs of rupees they paid for the estate, as if they had invested the same sum in the purchase of the rock temples of Ellora. It will cost them something considerable to keep up the garden, which is the finest in the west of India, and it would be a thousand pities to let it go to ruin. On taking possession, they gave their friends a magnificent entertainment, worthy of the heroic ages and the Arabian nights; indeed I remember something very like it in the Bagh-o-Bahar which lasted three days, and in which two hundred dozen of the generous wine I have just named are said to have been consumed. My own impression is that the speculators had private information of large treasure buried by former governors in the garden, and therefore it was quite immaterial to them how much they spent—they were sure to dig up a return. Another idea, not less ingenious, has struck me. It is not a little remarkable that the sum paid by Dr. Diver for the Dapooree estate is almost exactly equivalent to that which it is alleged has disappeared from the hoards of the Bombay municipality under the charge of Mr. Fellows. Is it possible that Mr. Fellows has in some unaccountable manner been made to pay for Dapooree without knowing it? I think this suggestion well worth following up, and I have very little doubt in my own mind that if Dr. Pelly will examine the Municipal account books, he will find another entry, corresponding exactly with the probable value of the 200 dozen of champagne.

I hope there is nothing in these remarks which is likely to be unacceptable to Dr. Diver and his friends, but if there is, they have only to thank themselves for neglecting to send me an invitation.

THE OPENING OF THE B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY.

SURAT, 13TH NOVEMBER.

THE B. B. and C. I. Railway Company intend, it is generally reported here, to open the line from Bulsar to Bombay before the 20th instant. It is, from all I can learn, evidently the intention of the Manager of this Company, to perform the ceremony of opening this portion of the line with the greatest possible *eclat*. From all accounts, obtained from the most reliable sources, I learn that the Managers have resolved to surpass, if possible, in this ceremony, any thing done in Western India. I have been informed that preparations are being made on the most extensive and expensive scale for the occasion. Mr. Hayes, our active and energetic Traffic Manager, is busily engaged in originating and superintending the necessary arrangements for the grand display.

Mr. Hayes is exerting himself to the utmost, as is his usual wont, to mature all the plans. He has organized his department in the most efficient and expeditious manner. Constantly on the line, he has scarcely had a moment's leisure of late. The delay in opening the line must be attributed to its just cause. The Managers are determined to make a superb display. To accomplish this is not the easiest matter. Not only have they to make the necessary arrangements in their own department which have been carried out, with the greatest alacrity possible, but they have, at the same time, to await the pleasure of the Government, before their exertions can be successfully crowned with success.

Stations have been erected with surprising rapidity along the line from Bulsar to Bombay. Mr. Hayes has prepared Time Tables and submitted them to Government for their approval. He has, moreover, with the greatest difficulty, succeeded in organizing a staff of station masters and assistants for the respective stations. This is not such an easy matter in these parts. After so much trouble taken by the Railway authorities, let us hope that the Government authorities will be induced to leave their salubrious and mountain retreat at Matheran, and attend the ceremony which is now being prepared at great expense and labour. The Government authorities ought, while enjoying their ease, to regard the suffering of the poor Gujeratees. The boon which the opening of the line to Bombay will confer will be incalculable. This being the case, it ought to be the first duty of the authorities to do every thing in their power to expedite the opening of the line to Bombay. It is, therefore, to be hoped, that our energetic Governor will be pleased to put himself to a little trouble and attend the ceremony, which will benefit so many.

The opening of the Bhore Ghaut Incline will, from all accounts, be eclipsed on this occasion. This is certainly a grand work, but the works of the B. B. and C. I. Railway have been herculean. Their operations have been of a most colossal nature. Extending along the Western Coast of India, which is intersected by tidal rivers, treacherous in the extreme from the shifting sands of those rivers. The bridges which had to be erected are gigantic. As the iron horse glides over them, you instinctively feel a sensation of terror, you hold your breath, and perceive a feeling of delight and security on getting again on *terra firma*. All intelligent travellers know well the treacherous nature of the beds of the rivers along the western coast of Gujerat. In the accomplishing of this work, more time has been occupied than it was at first anticipated. The calculations of the most sanguine and cleverest Engineers have turned out defective, owing particularly to the peculiar nature of the beds of the rivers. Bridges of iron have had to be erected to span those wide rivers, their bases lying on the most unstable and treacherous foundations. Nevertheless, skill, knowledge, and perseverance have, after many years, successfully accomplished the gigantic undertaking which will be unmistakeably exhibited in a few days, by the opening of this line.

It is resolved to give a grand entertainment to the *burra logus* of both Bombay and Gujerat in one of the most picturesque parts of the line lying between Bulsar and Bombay. Probably Bassein will be selected as the most eligible spot. Trains are to run from Bombay and Surat simultaneously, in order to convey the guests to the appointed place. A grand display will be made at Bombay and Surat when the trains from these places will start. It is in contemplation to invite about 2,000 guests, including ladies and gentlemen. The trains might for the convenience of all start early in the morning of the day appointed, so as to allow the guests the whole of the day to devote to mirth, jollity, and fun, and to the contemplation of the scenery, which I am given to understand is magnificent in those parts. A picnic might then follow, beneath the umbrageous and magnificent trees that abound. The day's proceeding is, I am given to understand, to terminate with a grand ball. This will certainly be a most suitable introduction to the opening of this line, which is to be the means of opening out the commerce of such a fertile and rich country as Gujerat. Trains are to be in readiness at the end of the ceremony to convey the guests back to their respective destinations.

I shall not fail to give you a full account of the grand tamasha.

LUCKNOW, 11TH NOVEMBER.

MR. C. CURRIE, Commissioner of Roy Bareilly, is to be transferred to Calcutta, to officiate as Sanitary Commissioner for Mr. Strachey, who goes home immediately for six months on urgent private affairs. At the expiration of the six months, Mr. Currie will be entitled to his furlough; so that, instead of returning to Oudh on the return to Calcutta of Mr. Strachey, he will proceed to England. Captain Perkins, Deputy Commissioner of Roy Bareilly, will officiate as Commissioner in room of Mr. Currie for the six months; after that, that is, on the departure of Mr. Currie for England on three years' leave of absence, it will be a question whether Major Reid, Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, or Mr. Mayne, who will by that time be [illegible] of his present berth of Officiating Commissioner of Baraitch, will hold the appointment. Major Reid's claim rests on seniority in the Commission; Mr. Mayne's on his having come into the Commission as an Officiating Commissioner. Mr. J. C. Colvin and Mr. W. Capper, Deputy Commissioners, both take three years' furlough to England next January. Dr. Douglas, our civil Surgeon, retires from the service about the same time. Major General MacDuff goes not, as was said, to India. Major General Becher, who has held the command of the Oudh Division since General MacDuff's departure, will continue to hold it for the full term of five years. The Exhibition structures here are progressing rapidly to completion. Articles for exhibition are arriving daily from Calcutta and different parts of [illegible]. The Oudh [illegible] tion, and in articles for show [illegible] that the affair will be a great [illegible] confess, I don't see any very [illegible]

Sir John Lawrence has turned against, what has been more [illegible] truthfully called, "the British Indian Association of Oudh," supposed to be composed of the talookdars of Oudh, numbering some three or four hundred. The very ghost of such a combination ought never to have been allowed to be formed, much less to exist, in Oudh. The few talookdars who have, from time to time, met in the Kaisur Bagh under the leadership of Raja Maun Singh, and the tooling of a [illegible] adventurer of the name of Dukinarun [illegible], whose meetings have been trumpeted forth with the parliamentary appellation of "sessions," have never given their attention to anything but what was particularly calculated to benefit themselves individually and collectively. This has been so obvious throughout, that it has become a scandal to the authorities to have not only countenanced their questionable proceedings, but especially the Chief Commissioner to have given effect to several of their selfish and mischievous propositions. The consequences of this have hitherto been only felt by the unfortunate zemindars and cultivators; now that the tables are to be turned against the talookdars, we may expect to see them manifesting themselves in reference to the Government. But it is enough that it is to be Sir John Lawrence to deal with [illegible]. The [illegible] College is getting on pretty favourably. There are about 200 children who attend regularly, and the institution is strong in funds for the purchase of books and every other scholastic apparatus. The head master is a European, Mr. Thompson; the under masters are all Bengalees, and for the present a large house in the city is used for the College, which though supposed to be more particularly looked after by the committee of the so-called called B. I. A. of Oudh, is in reality superintended by [illegible] Barrow, who alone of all the Oudh officials would seem to take a special interest in its success.

By the bye, I have attentively watched the progress of, or rather have paid great heed to what has been written in the Bombay papers regarding the Royal Exchange project of Mr. Thompson of the Delhi Bank for [illegible]. It is well that somebody has turned up to sound a warning note, and those who act upon it now will hereafter have much reason to thank your correspondent "Q." for their escape from as clever and tempting a trap as was ever laid to take in both a man and his money. I do not, however, myself believe that Mr. Thompson is the author of the scheme, for it requires a person of both education and experience, which Mr. Thompson is not, to put forth so subtle and so plausible a prospectus as that of the Royal Exchange. The fact seems to be that the actual mover is some cunning designer better known in Bombay than in Delhi or [illegible], and that Mr. Thompson, being a new arrival in Bombay, and coming in connection with a banking establishment also new in Bombay, has only been put forward as about the most suitable individual available on whom to saddle the responsibility of the project.

Within the last week, between [illegible] hundred invalids and time-expired men from the several regiments serving in Oudh have congregated here. They are to proceed to [illegible] in a day or two, but here they will remain for the next three or four months, until vessels can be got in Calcutta to convey them to England. This is one of the disastrous results of the late cyclone. H. M.'s 38th [illegible] march to-morrow morning en route to [illegible]. They will have the rail from Cawnpore to [illegible], which will reduce a march of nearly [illegible] to a journey of about 28 hours. They have been entertained at the messes of the 36th and [illegible] Lancers during their stay here, and have also been inspected by Major General Becher.

Mr. W. Palmer, Moonserim, a clerk of the Court to the Civil Judge here, has just resigned his appointment under peculiar circumstances. It appears that some decree of the Civil Court were erroneously executed in one instance, and oppression was complained of by one of the parties, and the complaint was carried to the Chief Commissioner. Mr. Palmer's explanation tended to throw the blame on the Nazir; but Mr. Wingfield taking this with other matters of a questionable nature, in which Mr. Palmer was held to be concerned, into consideration, was of opinion that Mr. Palmer's conduct had, upon the whole, been unsatisfactory; and the Judicial Commissioner concurring in this opinion, Mr. Palmer very wisely took the hint and sent in his resignation, which was accepted. It is worthy of remark that Mr. Palmer makes about the fifth or sixth Moonserim that the Civil Court has had within the last five years, every one of whom has either been dismissed or compelled to resign. There is no place in India where such an office is more beset with temptations; and, perhaps, it is more worth, that bribery has as yet not succeeded in corrupting the holder of it to any very serious or mischievous extent. Mr. Palmer has now got

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up a Law Agency in Lucknow, and promises shortly to publish a precis of Civil Law, as in force in British India, being an epitome of all unrepealed Regulations and Acts connected with the administration of civil justice in Bengal, the N. W. Provinces, and Central Provinces, including the Punjab, Oudh and British Burmah, together with Circular Orders and Constructions of the late Calcutta Sudder Dewany Adawlut and Agra Sudder Court, including the Rulings of the High Court, Bengal. An Oordoo translation of the work is also under preparation.

MOOLTAN, 7TH NOVEMBER.

The station is smothered in dust, the roads are a foot deep in it, and every tree, shrub, and flower is powdered after the fashion of Jeames' hair, nor does it spare the beards of the Affghan Cavalry. Rain has not fallen for many months; the temperature has cooled down considerably, and the mornings are now very cold.

Most of the great people of the station including the General (Colonel Maxwell) have been to Lahore, to take part in the ceremonies which were consequent on the Governor General's visit. All officers were under strict orders to appear in full dress, but there was one who had newly come from the wild regions of Cashmere with sun-burnt face, sandaled feet, and conspicuously handsome beard; there was a wild impudence about this man's expression though he grouped himself amid the still wilder and fiercer visages of frontier chiefs—this officer was Captain Moore of the Bombay army, and interpreter to His Excellency Sir Hugh Rose. The interpreter had no available uniform, and, unwilling to miss a scene unknown in Duckland, avoided censure by mingling with the Asiatic crowd, and must have astonished them by his extensive knowledge of their tongue. Major Smith of the Bombay Artillery also was there. This officer who served on Sir Hugh Rose's Staff, and subsequently held a lucrative appointment in the Woods and Forest Department, is about returning to Bombay and will probably retire from the service; Government will not permit Artillery officers to hold appointments similar to that he has vacated.

The Railway is slowly approaching completion: about twenty miles are unfinished, and these are near a spot called Siawal, twenty miles from Googaira, a small civil station on the Lahore and Mooltan road. The order has gone forth to demolish Googaira, and remove its institutions to the line at Siawal. All the military stations in Bengal which can be moved to the line of railway will, in process of time, follow the destiny of Googaira. It is said that the intention exists to move Mooltan some four miles up the line to higher ground. The late flood here has perhaps rendered the necessity for this move apparent. The entire buildings of the cantonment, save the hospital of H. M.'s 89th Regiment, are of the nature called cutcha, the bungalows are most disreputable in appearance, and infested with the white ants to an extent almost beyond belief; a cleanly white washed wall in one night is often found covered with their arborescent coral-like mudworks; the earth, too, of which the houses are built is so thoroughly impregnated with salt that disintegration follows the building very rapidly: so that on the whole a change of site for the cantonment would perhaps benefit in many ways.

The Viceroy has determined on a new fort here, and Captain Craster, of the Bengal Engineers, who is an adept at fortifications, is directed to commence it; the site determined upon is about half way between the cantonment and old fort, near to the railway station.

The 35th or Royal Sussex Regiment, which is to relieve H. M.'s 89th in Mooltan, has commenced its long march from Fyzabad, and, though it should come from Lahore by rail, it can scarcely be expected before the commencement of February. The artillery company under Captain Alexander, which occupied the fort here for three years, marches to Fort Govindghur near Umritsur, and the 2nd Battery under Major Walker starts for [illegible] Pindee about the 6th of December. No [illegible] men more glad of a change than these [illegible] servitude [illegible] than penal servitude is them must be Mooltan. H. M.'s 89th regiment [illegible] has come down from Sheik Bodeen, a small hill station on the frontier near Dehra Ismael Khan; they hunted three times last week, but the entire country is so flat and so much covered with bunches or tufts of huge grass that anything like a good run is out of the question. Every thing in the way of food here is abominably dear, and all, too, because [illegible] are carried away in such quantities for the Bombay market—flour is selling nine seers the rupee, gram at eighteen, whereas at the [illegible] end of the line it is one maund the rupee. [illegible] for the rail! one month more and [illegible] Bombay [illegible] sheap grain from the Punjab. The [illegible] ever will perhaps be [illegible] on the way—just [illegible] price before it reaches [illegible] fashion:—

Charged in our English Bill.

Packing cases, £ s. d. Dock and Shipping charges, &c. &c. Freight, &c. &c. Insurance, [illegible]

Our Bombay Agent.

[illegible] landing in Bombay. Freight and [illegible] lading to Kurrachee. Cooly hire from [illegible] Cotton and Co.'s Godown. Shipping [illegible] Kurrachee.

Our Kurrachee Agent.

Landing and clearing. Cartage and weighing. Freight and Shipping paid Freight Agent. Passage, receiving and forwarding Commission.

Our Mooltan Agent.

[illegible] Agency forwarding charges. Carriage from steamer to Bunder road by boat. Carriage from steamer to Regiment by cart.

You may guess, dear Mr. Editor, whether or not I was not frightened pretty considerably before I got my parcel from England; guess, too, the amount of letter writing and remitting of money it entails, the annoyances of delay, vexations occurring from any deviation my parcel may take from its direct route; sometimes, too, you people in Duckland don't think highly of our credit, and keep the parcel as security for its carriage.

There is a great deal of sickness, fever, and dysentery among the native troops. General Wilde, C.B., [illegible] A.D.C., and Major Pollock, Political Agent, are on their way down to Jacobabad, [illegible] arrange better measures for the co-operation of the political and military agents of Bengal and Bombay, in their efforts to quiet certain border tribes—in this particular case—the [illegible]. I believe the General leaves Shen [illegible] Monday next.

[illegible] Macfarlane, the Cantonment Joint Magistrate, has resigned, and Mr. Fisher reigns in his place.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

(By Electric Telegraph.)

MADRAS, 14th November.

[illegible] Sedan from Calcutta anchored.

GALLE, 15th November.

[illegible] Sinda from Calcutta anchored.

TRINCOMALLEE, 16th November.

[illegible] Princess Royal sailed for Bombay.

The [illegible] :—"We are glad to learn that the operations for constructing a Telegraphic line to the Bhootan Passes, which commenced sometime ago, are fast progressing, and may probably be completed in December. A large quantity of wire and other materials for the purpose have already been sent off by the Government Telegraphic Department."

The *Indian Daily News* :—"The telegram containing the news of the gale in the sister Presidency of Madras will not be allowed, we hope, to pass without notice in Calcutta. The amount received by the Cyclone Relief Fund is, we believe, far more than sufficient for all the purposes required. We think that the funds which should be first encroached upon should be the money collected in and about Calcutta, and after the bounty of our Bombay friends should [illegible] be drawn against until the Calcutta subscriptions are exhausted. In the meantime, however, can no help be spared towards the relief of the sufferers at Masulipatam? We think the suggestion worthy of immediate consideration."

The *Englishman* :—"We are very glad to observe that the late Sir Henry Elliot's papers are to be edited and published immediately. Messrs. Trubner & Co. of London, advertise the History of India, as told by its own historians by the late Sir H. M. Elliot, edited from the Posthumous papers of the author, by E. B. Cowell, M. A., Principal of the Calcutta Sanskrit College, in three volumes; and Memoirs of the History, Philology and Ethnic distribution of the races of the North-Western Provinces of India, being an amplified edition of the Glossary of Indian terms, arranged from the manuscript materials of the late Sir H. M. Elliot, edited by Reinhold Rost, Ph. D., Secretary to the Royal Asiatic Society. The system of transliteration and application of diacritic marks to English type, exhibiting Sanskrit letters, discriminated from those of Semitic origin for this work, is arranged by Mr. Edward Thomas, late of the Bengal Civil Service, and well known as a numismatologist. Those who remember Sir H. M. Elliot's Historians of India and Fragment of Glossary of Indian Terms,' will be rejoiced at the prospect of seeing these papers published. Altogether so much information regarding India that would otherwise have been lost. We believe many of the books of the Historians of India are scarcely to be found; many having been destroyed during the mutinies, and Sir H. M. Elliot's knowledge of the people, their habits, and customs, was as rare as it was extraordinary."

The same, Nov. 10:—"Yesterday's *Government Gazette* contained a circular order of the Board of Revenue issued under the sanction of the Government of Bengal, regarding the purchase of unsurveyed Waste Lands. This order cancels the note appended to the third Waste Land Rule, and the following is substituted, which is of great importance to those interested in the purchase of Waste Lands, and will be very gratifying to them as shewing a desire on the part of Government to smooth difficulties loudly complained of hitherto. The amended note says:—'The portions of these Rules which declare a survey to be indispensable before any Waste Land can be granted are suspended. But whenever a grant of Waste Land is made before survey, the whole area is to remain hypothecated for any deficiency of price which may appear when the land is surveyed; and no application for unsurveyed land is to be accepted which is not accompanied by a distinct and intelligible specification of the situation and probable area of the land, and by a rough plan showing the situation of the land, the direction of the boundaries, the length, breadth, and estimated area of the land, and any existing land marks, natural or artificial, by which it can be at once identified when it comes to be surveyed.

"'The Board desire to impress most particularly upon all District Officers receiving applications for unsurveyed Waste Lands the extreme importance of a careful attention to the requirements of this new Rule, which they should make known to all persons likely to apply for such lands.'"

SIR BARTLE FRERE seems to reserve all his courtesies for other Presidencies. He has at all events not thought fit to communicate to the Bombay papers the following intelligence, which we take from the *Madras Athenæum*:—"The Bombay Government have sent to the Madras Government a letter from Mr. Walton, the Director of the Mekran Coast and Sub-Marine Telegraph, covering copies of two messages received by him from Colonel Stewart, on the subject of rates to be charged for messages between India and England. The first message increases the tariff from Kurrachee to the United Kingdom and all the European stations by one Rupee, raising it for instance, for a message of twenty words, from Kurrachee to London, from Rupees forty-four, and Annas four to Rupees forty-five, and Annas four. The second message raises the rate from the Indian stations to Kurrachee to a little in excess of what it was arranged to be in the agreement between the Indian Government and the former Red Sea Company, but for the present addition the extra security will be obtained, in the transmission of messages over the Indian lines of having them repeated and so lessen risks of error. Mr. Walton would be glad to hear that an officer was appointed by the Government of India to arrange the many details regarding the interchange of business. The regulations for the traffic throughout the systems between India and England are framed on the Brussels Convention, and it will be necessary to modify the Indian system accordingly.

"The first message dated Bagdad 2nd September is as follows:—

"Colonel Stewart has arrived at Constantinople, and requests me to inform you that the tariffs as now settled are as follows, viz.:—

	£	s.	d.
Constantinople to Khanakin	0	18	0
Do. to Fao	1	2	0
Do. to Kurrachee by each line	3	12	0

"You are to alter the table of rates accordingly. On the 17th September, Col. Douglas telegraphed to Mr. Walton from Constantinople as follows:—

"The settlement of accounts is now arranged for in the manner originally suggested by me but in order to allow of all European messages being repeated on the Indian lines, it is proposed to alter the rates east of Kurrachee as follows:—From Kurrachee to Galle or stations in Ceylon, sixteen shillings six pence, half of thirtythree shillings; Kurrachee to Rangoon, Pegu, or stations east of Calcutta thirteen shillings and six pence, half of twentyseven shillings Kurrachee to all other Indian stations nine and six pence, half of nineteen shillings. This will make the total charge from London to Calcutta, Bombay or Madras exactly five pounds."

THE *Madras Times*:—"We have learnt that the Government of India have directed the abolition of the transit duty on the timber of the Wynaad passing into Mysore, 'absolutely without any condition,' it being considered by the Government that the vexation and delay entailed by the impost is objectionable. 'The Conservator of the Mysore forest will dispose of all timber with due regard to its market value, and the officer in charge of the forests in Madras will act similarly in respect to the timber of those forests.' In addition to this the Governor General has directed the relinquishment of the duties levied on the commerce between Madras and Mysore, which at present yield nearly 4½ *lacs* of revenue. 'This,' says the order, 'is a considerable sum; but considering that Madras levies no similar duties on its frontier, or on its produce, and bearing in mind the intimate relations of the British Government with Mysore, and that this Government bears all the cost of the pensions of the English officers employed in Mysore,' His Excellency in Council orders its immediate abandonment, and thus actually annexes Mysore to British territory. With reference to the reform and reduction in the excise and transit duties of Mysore, proposed by Mr. Bowring, the Secretary to the Government of India is 'directed by the Governor General in Council to state that you have done well, you have no doubt relieved the industry of the country considerably, and given a stimulus to its trade; and His Excellency in Council hopes that you will go still farther hereafter. His Excellency in Council does not think that such articles as piece goods, silk, cocoanuts, dry and fresh, chillies, and pepper, ought to pay duty. His Excellency in Council does not see how chillies and pepper can be deemed luxuries; if they are so, they are almost the only ones the poorer classes enjoy; they are really the condiments which they eat with their food.' In his Administration Report for the year past, Mr. Bowring states that as the retention of all existing Custom-Houses appeared to him desirable and 'on examination it was found that a large revenue would be sacrificed with little corresponding advantage' were they reduced, attention was given to the reduction of the number of duty-paying articles which were 24 in number, namely:—earth, salt, sesanium seed, 1st and 2nd sort, castor oil seed, tamarinds, chillies, ghee, cocoanuts, dry and fresh, gunjah, opium, silk, piece goods, coarse and white cumblies, cotton, hides, sheep and goats, timber, betel leaves, iron, soopary, pepper, cardamoms, tobacco. Out of this list, Mr. Bowring struck out 13 articles, and retained chillies, opium, silk, piece goods, timber, cocoanuts, betel leaves, soopary, pepper, cardamoms, and tobacco, as being *articles de luxe* and therefore fairly chargeable with duty. However the Governor General has reduced the list still further, and it now stands as follows—opium, timber, betel leaves, soopary, cardamoms, and tobacco, and we would have been glad to see betel leaves and cardamoms regarded as necessaries of life just as much as pepper and chillies. The Governor General by cutting down the probable revenue from customs from 11 to 6½ lacs, has we fear sadly disturbed Mr. Bowring's fond anticipations of a surplus for this year, but as his surplus for 1863-64, just exceeded 14 lacs, the Mysore account we may confidently hope will still show a balance on the credit side next August."

THE same:—"We continue to receive disastrous accounts of the Cyclone on the 1st instant. At Bimlipatam, it appears, on the evening of the 31st October the wind freshened, but there was nothing to indicate the approach of a severe storm, the barometer remaining high. About 10 A. M. of the 1st, the wind suddenly veered from N. E. to E. and S. E., driving a tremendous sea before it. It being then impossible for the ships in the roads to slip and get under weigh, a country bark speedily drifted and came on shore followed, after a short time, by a large French ship, the *Scinde*, of 1,000 tons, which had been riding all night with four anchors down. She speedily broke her back and filled with water, the masts were cut away and the crew saved, some by swimming on shore, and others by temporary rafts. It is satisfactory to know that no lives were lost.

"We are further informed that the Government received a telegram on Wednesday morning, announcing a most disastrous Cyclone at Masulipatam, which resulted in the inundation of that low-lying town by the sea, and the loss of upwards of 2,000 people, and an enormous quantity of property, including large stores of grain. The Collector, Mr. Fraser, and his family had a very narrow escape, his house being almost overwhelmed by the water. We believe the Government at once replied by authorising Mr. Fraser to expend such sums as might be necessary for the immediate relief of the distress caused. The cargo boats and almost all the native vessels along the Coast are, it is feared, all lost, and there is too much reason to imagine that we have as yet but a vague idea of the extent and area of the suffering caused by the extraordinary weather we are experiencing this year."

BOMBAY.

A VERNACULAR paper will be published in Rajcote from the 1st proximo.

WE are glad to hear that the salaries of Government servants whose pay does not exceed Rs. 500 per mensem is to be increased 30 per cent.

WE understand that the Government notification prohibiting public servants from accepting allotments of shares in Banks, Financials and other schemes will be promulgated forthwith.

MR. L. C. PROBYN, Deputy Auditor and Accountant General, Punjaub, is allowed leave of absence for six months, and Mr. W. Clark, Civil Paymaster, Punjaub, will act for him.

THE number of applications sent in for shares to the promoters of the Royal Financial Association are more than ordinarily numerous, which causes some little delay in allotting the shares. We, however, understand that the allotment will be made in the course of a few days.

We are informed that the Civil Paymaster's, as well as all the offices of the Military Finance Department have been removed from the Town Barracks and Military Staff Building to the temporary erections on the Esplanade, opposite the Small Cause Court.

WE have been requested to state that the time for the payment of the first Call, and the signing of the Articles of Association, for the "Asiatic Financial Association, Limited," has been extended to the 25th instant, inclusive.

WE hear that Mr. W. Crawford, Senior Magistrate of Police, will not return to India. He has tendered his resignation, and we are informed that for his lengthy services, a period of about thirteen years, it is expected that he will get twelve months' gratuity from Government.

A TELEGRAM received from Trincomallee last night informs us, that H. M.'s S. *Princess Royal*, 72 guns, bearing the flag of Admiral King, left that station yesterday morning for Bombay. We shall therefore shortly have the pleasure of welcoming the gallant Admiral, his officers and ship's crew to our shores.

WE understand that a new Financial Company styled "The National Financial of India (Limited)," is to be started under the auspices of respectable European and Native Merchants. Applications for shares will be received by Messrs. Damooder and Mananckchund Toolseedass at the premises of the East Indian Trading and Banking Company, No. 2, Tamarind Lane.

WE understand that a new Financial Association with the name of the "Hindustan Financial Corporation, Limited," is to be inaugurated under the auspices of some of the most influential members of the native community, who have in view objects of great public utility and benefit to the community. We shall publish the prospectus in a day or two. Meantime, applications for shares will be received by Messrs. F. B. Cama and Co., Hornby Row.

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY.—Candidates for the ensuing Matriculation Examination are requested to visit the Town Hall (if practicable) on Saturday, the 19th November, where they will see on the University Notice-boards at the top of the steps, lists of their names (arranged alphabetically according to their surnames), and the number of the seat and table each is to occupy printed on the same line with his name in the list.

THE ordinary monthly meeting of the Bombay Geographical Society will be held in their new rooms, on the basement story of the Town Hall, this afternoon, at half-past 4 P. M.

Members proposed—Brigadier General T. Tapp, C.B.; Surgeon Major S. M. Pelly, F.R.C.S.; Surgeon Major T. W. Ward, F.R.C.S.; F. King, Esq.; Premchund Roychund, Esq.; F. H. Souter, Esq.; Captain Van Heythuysen; Lieut. W. T. Crockett; and Captain A. Phillips.

PROGRAMME of music to be played by the Band of H. E. the Governor at the Esplanade this evening:—
Coronation March.—"William of Prussia." Meyerbeer
Overture.—"Zauberflote" .... Mozart.
Selection (Op.).—"Le Pre Aux Clercs" .... Herold.
Waltz.—"Stella Colas" .... Van Maanen.
Aria Vive tu (Op.)—"Anna Bolena." .... Donizetti.
Quadrille.—"Les Amazones Volontaires." .... Arban
Galop.—"Uber Stock und Stein." .... Faust.

THE Government having remarked upon the expense of the interpreters in this Presidency, had ordered a reduction in the Small Cause Court at once. On Monday last the Judges wrote to Government stating that two interpreters had resigned, and in consequence of the lowness of the salaries they had been unable to fill up the vacancies, they therefore prayed an increase of pay to their staff, as on the present low pay the greatest inconvenience was experienced.

WE understand from a perfectly reliable source that Mr. Robert Macneil, of the Oriental Banking Corporation, has been selected as the agent in London of the East India Bank. There can be no question that the latter establishment has been very fortunate in making the selection; for from Mr. Macneil's very long experience in banking matters, and [illegible] reputation as the manager of the Oriental Banking [illegible] he will lend considerable influence to the East [illegible] Bank. Mr. Macneil, we learn, has been connected with the Oriental Bank for about twenty years.

RESIDENTS in the tents on the Esplanade had better be on the look out for snakes as we are informed that two of these unwelcome visitors were killed on Tuesday last; one of which was of a very deadly description. It is necessary that great caution should be observed in moving boxes &c., as if there is any open space underneath them it is a favorite resort for these reptiles. As snake charmers frequently go about the grounds it is possible that these two snakes may have escaped from them and secreted themselves in the tent. The occupiers of the canvas bungalows should cause snake-charmers to beat a precipitate retreat the moment they are seen in their vicinity.

THE ITALIAN OPERA.—The Opera of "Tutti in Maschera," the scene of which is laid in Venice in 1780, which has been for some time in preparation, is to be produced to-morrow evening, when the following artistes will have the honour of appearing:—Signors Alberto Bozetti, Severino Orsi, Odoardo Papini, and E. Perusini; and also Signorina Marichetta Bozetti and Signora Mazucco. This opera is well known and has been highly appreciated by the most enlightened audiences in continental Europe. It cannot fail to be a great treat to the musical public of Bombay.

WE are informed that a good deal of inconvenience was caused at the last performance of "Il Trovatore" by several gentlemen (non-subscribers) entering the Dress Circle with tickets which were not transferable. The manager in order to prevent any unpleasantness did not interfere, but it is to be hoped that such inconvenience will be avoided for the future, to secure which it is suggested that transferable ticket holders should bring their tickets with them so that they might be shown when necessary at the doors. Of course no one connected with the management would ever desire to inspect the tickets of subscribers who were known to them as such.

A WARNING TO COACHMEN.—Furious driving is now-a-days becoming a common offence in Bombay. Cottonwallas employ in their services coachmen who have no experience whatever either in driving a buggy or a shigram. Every day the Magistrates complain of the manner in which some of the coachmen drive their garries, but we don't suppose that either the coachmen or their masters take a warning from the remarks. Yesterday a gorawalla named Gunnoo Dhondoo, in the employ of a Parsee, was placed before Mr. H. E. Leeke, Magistrate of Police, for furiously and negligently driving his buggy along Hornby Row, and thereby causing injury to a Parsee girl about six years old. On the evidence before the Court, His Worship found the coachman guilty of the offence and fined him Rs. 20, in default to be imprisoned for one month in the House of Correction with hard labour.

THE RIGHT WAY TO CHECK RECKLESS DRIVING.—By the report of an inquest held before Mr. Barton yesterday, it will be perceived that a wealthy Banian named Canjee Ludha was committed on the Coroner's warrant to take his trial at the ensuing Criminal Sessions at the High Court on a charge of culpable homicide, for having on the previous day run over and killed another Banian by reckless driving on the Esplanade. It is high time that some strenuous measures were enforced to check this highly dangerous practice of furious and reckless driving. Mr. Barton and the jury, who have thus fearlessly done their duty in this case, are entitled to the thanks of the community. We trust that it may act as a warning to all those fast people who are in the habit of showing off the qualities of horseflesh, at the hazard of risking the lives and limbs of pedestrians.

PERJURY.—It will be in the recollection of our readers that some time ago a case was disposed of in the High Court in which Jamsetjee Cursetjee Buttiwalla was the plaintiff and one Maneckjee Shapoorjee was the defendant. The verdict in the case was given in favour of the plaintiff by Mr. Hore, late a Judge of the High Court. The defendant and one Cowasjee Furdoonjee Moola it is alleged gave false evidence in the case. On the application of the plaintiff's attorney summonses were issued against Maneckjee Shapoorjee Dhapla and Cowasjee Furdoonjee. Yesterday Mr. Dunbar, Barrister-at-Law, instructed by the plaintiff's solicitors, Messrs. Bickersteth, Cleveland and Peile, appeared before Mr. Leeke to lay an information against the parties, but in consequence of the non-attendance of Maneckjee Shapoorjee Dhapla His Worship ordered a fresh summons to be issued against him, returnable on Tuesday the 22nd instant.

A ROW IN THE FORT.—Yesterday afternoon there was a fearful hubbub in Hummum Street caused by an angry altercation which took place between a European gentleman, a Lieutenant we believe, of one of the N. I. regiments in Garrison, and a Parsee, when the former is said to have struck the latter with a stick across the ribs and on one of his legs. The assistance of Mr. Constable Bailey was called in by the Parsee when that officer requested the gentleman to give him his name. Thereupon the Lieutenant accused the constable of being uncivil and threatened to report him to Mr Souter, as he had seen his name often in the papers for such conduct. The gentleman's name was eventually obtained when the Parsee was told to summons him. This, however, did not suit and enraged Parsee who was backed by his friends present, and he insisted upon his assailant being taken into custody and declared [illegible] until [illegible] The [illegible] the confusion and caused a great mob to collect some of whom persisted in saying that the Parsee, had been killed, notwithstanding his endeavours, by the noise he made, to convince them of the contrary. The affair was ended for the [illegible] by [illegible]

the Zoroastrian being walked off to the chowkey on a charge of riotous behaviour. It will thus be seen that the constable was placed between two fires, he was accused of incivility by the officer and of being relax in his duty by Mr. Tatsajee (or whatever other "jee" he may be). In justice to Mr. Bailey we think it only just to observe, that we have ever found him civil and obliging in the performance of his many unthankful duties, and on the other hand have reason to believe that he is always ready to do his duty when called upon.

CULPABLE HOMICIDE.—A Coroner's inquest was held yesterday at the Morgue, Kamateepoora, before Mr. Barton, touching the death of a Hindoo named Narotum Jugjeewan, who died on the afternoon of Tuesday last in consequence of injuries he received in being knocked down by a buggy which was driven by one Canjee Ludha (who is now in custody) along the Esplanade Road towards the Fort.

Mr. Cumroodeen appeared for Canjee Ludha.

The facts of the accident will appear from the following evidence which was recorded at the inquest:—

From the evidence of a police sepoy named Dhondoo Babajee, it appears that on Tuesday last, between 2 and 3 o'clock P. M., he was on duty at the Esplanade, near Ramlall's Tank. He saw the buggy being driven towards the Fort from the direction of Kalbadevee by Canjee Ludha. One Premchund Tullukchund was with him in the buggy. Witness saw Canjee Ludha whipping his horse when it was galloping. He was driving on the wrong side of the road. He (policeman) ran after the buggy and called out "don't let the buggy go fast, stop the buggy." The gorawalla turned round and saw witness, who was about ten paces behind the buggy. He then saw the shaft of the buggy, the left one, strike the deceased, knocking him down, the wheel of the buggy passed over his head. Canjee Ludha, Premchund Tullukchund and the gorawalla jumped off the buggy, and ran away, the horse then ran away with the buggy, and came in collision with a hack shigram. Witness examined the body of the deceased. He was then alive, but senseless. When the occupants of the buggy ran away, he (the policeman) ran after them. They ran in the direction of the Fort together. Witness made the body over to another policeman, and reported the whole matter to Mr. Lockley, European constable. The policeman found on the body of the deceased several jewels (produced before the Court) as also a bundle which he made over to Mr. Lockley.

Dr. John Grant Nicolson, Acting Surgeon to the Coroner, stated that he was of opinion that deceased met with his death in consequence of his skull having been fractured.

The following verdict was recorded:—Culpable homicide against Canjee Ludha. The Jury also wish to call the attention of the Government to the inadequacy of the present police force, in point of number, for the protection of the lives and property of the inhabitants of this rapidly increasing city.

Canjee Ludha was committed on the Coroner's warrant to take his trial for culpable homicide.

FORT POLICE OFFICE.—16th *November.*

(BEFORE H. E. LEEKE, ESQ.)

CONTINUED WILFUL DISOBEDIENCE OF LAWFUL COMMANDS AND ASSAULT.—Henry Candoe, seaman of the British ship *Melmerby*, was yesterday placed at the bar, charged with continued wilful disobedience of lawful commands in refusing to do duty on board the said ship; also with assaulting the chief officer of the ship.

From the evidence of the chief officer it appeared, that yesterday morning, at seven o'clock, he asked the prisoner to do his duty which he refused, and stated that he wanted to see the captain. He (the prisoner) then struck the chief officer with his fist.

His Worship observed that the prisoner had been in this Court several times. He had no right to take the law into his own hands. It was a most serious crime for a seaman to strike his superior officer. His Worship ordered the prisoner to be imprisoned for twelve weeks in the House of Correction with hard labour.

A PICK-POCKET.—Mudder Hoossein, a Mahomedan, was charged with stealing a pocket book, of the value of one rupee, the property of a Parsee named Furdoonjee Dinshawjee.

It appears that the prosecutor is a dealer in shares. On Tuesday last, at 2 P.M., while he was walking in the share bazar, he felt his pocket light and missed the pocket book. The prisoner who was passing by him was immediately given in custody, and on being searched by a policeman, the pocket book was found under his coat. The evidence of the prosecutor was materially corroborated by the testimony of the policeman.

His Worship convicted the prisoner, and sentenced him to be imprisoned for six months in the House of Correction with hard labour.

THE CYCLONE RELIEF FUND.

THE following Subscriptions have been received by the Treasurers:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
By Ourselves.			
From Messrs. Forbes & Co	2,000	0	0
„ Rev. M. Boys for subscriptions collected in the Churches in the Bombay Presidency.	1,745	11	8
„ Shapoorjee Dhunjeebhoy, Esq	1,500	0	0
„ Messrs. Lyons Brothers & Co	500	0	0
„ Messrs. Macindoe, Rogers and Co	500	0	0
„ Messrs. H and J. Hormusjee	500	0	0
„ J. S. T. Scott, Esq	400	0	0
„ D. A. T. Christie, Esq	250	0	0
„ George Whitley, Esq	250	0	0
„ R. A. Dallas, Esq	250	0	0
„ Dr. A. H. Leith	200	0	0
„ R. T. Mactier, Esq	200	0	0
„ Dadabhoy Pyramjee, Esq	200	0	0
„ Messrs. Cursetjee Bomanjee & Co	200	0	0
„ Charles J. Shaw, Esq	100	0	0
„ T. G. Young, Esq	100	0	0
„ Muncherjee Framjee Setna, Esq	100	0	0
„ Geminiano de Souza, Esq	100	0	0
„ John V. de Quadros	100	0	0
„ Vundrawandass Jumnadass, Esq	100	0	0
„ J. P. Bickersteth, Esq	100	0	0
„ Eduljee Bazonjee Ghandee, Esq	125	0	0
„ Pestonjee Nowrojee Kharas, Esq	75	0	0
„ Cowasjee Wookerjee Kharas, Esq	50	0	0
„ Symon D'Esperance, Esq	50	0	0
„ Muncherjee Pestonjee Wadia, Esq	50	0	0
„ Col. J. A. Ballard	50	0	0
„ Nusserwanjee Chandabhoy, Esq	25	0	0
„ Framjee Pestonjee Kharas, Esq	25	0	0
„ Cowasjee Eduljee Ghandee, Esq	25	0	0
„ J. F. de Souza, Esq	25	0	0
„ Sorabjee Rustomjee Naremanjee, Esq	25	0	0
„ Ramcrushna Succaram, Esq	25	0	0
„ C. Baxter, Esq	20	0	0
„ Muncherjee Merwanjee, Esq	15	0	0
„ John Brown, Esq	10	0	0
„ Munsukhram Surjaram, Esq	10	0	0
„ Nowrojee Sorabjee Kharas, Esq	10	0	0
„ Manickjee Merwanjee Jussawalla, Esq	10	0	0
„ N. P. Wadia, Esq	10	0	0
„ Ramchunder Damoderjee, Esq	10	0	0
„ L. H.	10	0	0
„ Damoder Pandoorung, Esq	10	0	0
„ J. Barmora, Esq	5	0	0
„ Wm. Geslin, Esq	5	0	0
„ N. Babajee, Esq.	5	0	0
„ Cursetjee Dossabhoy Sookia, Esq.	5	0	0
„ Rustomjee Cowasjee, Esq	5	0	0
„ Hurrichund Nuthoba, Esq...	5	0	0
„ Clerks of the Firm of Messrs. J. W. Wright & Co	5	0	0
„ T.	1	0	0
	10,096	11	8
By Bank of Bombay.			
„ S. M. Pelly, Esq	100	0	0
„ Dossabhoy Dorabjee Moonshee, Esq	50	0	0
„ Ardaseer Dossabhoy, Esq	50	0	0
„ Dorabjee Burjorjee Cooper, Esq	50	0	0
„ J. A. G. Duff, Esq	25	0	0
Rs.	10,371	11	8
Amount already advertized...	79,855	11	0
Total Rs.	90,227	7	5

REMINGTON & Co.,
Treasurers Cyclone Relief Fund.

Bombay, 16th November 1864.

LAW.

SMALL CAUSE COURT.—16th *November.*

(BEFORE J. F. HORE, ESQ.)

Teja Suddajee vs. George Reyel.

SHARE JOBBING.—This was an action to recover the sum of Rs. 800 for money had and received by defendant, being premium paid to him by plaintiff on 20 shares in the Bank of China at Rs. 22 per cent. sold by defendant to plaintiff as defendant's own shares, which shares were since found were not allotted to defendant, and the allotment paper for which has since been cancelled.

Mr. Khunderao appeared for the plaintiff.

Mr. Keir for defendant.

It appeared that defendant had written for shares and had received an allotment of 20 but S. instead of G. written before his surname, his father went to the bank and pointed out the mistake there to one of the clerks, who altered the S into G., defendant then went into the market and sold the letter of allotment to the plaintiff who upon going to the bank for the purpose of paying the call had the allotment paper impounded, and at the same time was informed that no allotment had been made to defendant, he immediately returned to defendant and demanded that the money paid by him should be refunded, this the defendant could not see, the bank was again revisited and the individual pointed out who had altered the initial (he has since been discharged.) Defendant still refusing to refund, the present action was brought.

Mr. Smith, Secretary to the Financial Association, had been summoned to attend and to produce the original list of names of the allotters, and any papers relating to the allotment of the above shares to defendant, also to produce the letter of allotment. His Honor decided that the presence of Mr. Smith was highly necessary, he having signed the allotments letter, A clerk had attended with the letter, but the Court was of opinion that the testimony of Mr. Smith was needed. The case was therefore postponed until the 21st inst. to enable Mr. Smith to be in attendance.

(BEFORE F. D. FAITHFUL, ESQ.)

Stevens Brothers & Co. vs. W. Nicol & Co.

NON DELIVERY.—This was an action to recover the sum of Rs. 364-9-4, damage sustained in consequence of the non-delivery of one case of quinine.

Mr. Keir appeared for the plaintiffs.

Mr. Kelly for defendants.

Mr. Keir stated that the defendants were agents for the ship which had brought out a consignment for his clients. The ship arrived two or three months ago. Plaintiffs were holders of a bill of lading signed by the captain for the cargo, part of which they now sought to recover the value of. On the arrival of the ship, plaintiffs had sent off boats for their consignment. They had received all [illegible] Nicol & Co. [illegible] House where they remained some time. After some delay notice was given to plaintiffs that the goods were in the Custom House, and would be delivered upon payment of landing charges. On examining the cases one was found rifled—it was empty. The plaintiffs made a claim upon Nicol & Co. which was refused. The ship in the meantime left. The plaintiffs have reason to believe that the package was opened whilst in possession of the defendants, the ship having gone, no enquiry could be made of the captain as to the state of the packages on leaving the ship's side, but from enquiries made it had been found they were landed in good order. Nicol & Co. had volunteered the landing, they had no right to do so, and if loss or damage resulted they were responsible. The landing charges on the other packages had been paid.

The defence set up was, no liability; the claim should have been made on the captain but had not been brought forward until after the ship had sailed. There was no privity of contract.

Mr. Keir said, the defence could not hold, he knew of no authority the captain had to employ the boats of Nicol & Co. when plaintiff had sent boats alongside for the purpose of removing their goods. The law was clear on the point that, an agent who acts without publishing that he is an agent and not a principal is liable for loss or damage, notwithstanding he may have some agreement existing between themselves and others. As agents for the owner they were also agents for the ship, this agency (the owner being in a foreign land) existed before the ship arrived, whilst here, and after she had departed

His Honor said he doubted if many agents could be found here under those stipulations.

Mr. A. W. Campbell, assistant to Stevens & Co., corroborated what had been stated in the opening of the case, and stated that they only found the deficiency complained of two days before the ship sailed: they had made no application to the captain.

A Parsee landing clerk, belonging to Nicol & Co., and in whose care the goods were placed, swore that seven days before the ship had sailed he had called the attention of the Parsee clerk belonging to Stevens & Co. to the broken state of the case in question, who had then removed four or five bottles remaining in the case.

Mr. Keir said the evidence was not what he had anticipated, and he did not see any further use in going on. His Honor proposed a nonsuit which was agreed to with costs.

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE "TIMES OF INDIA'S" INJURED REPORTER.

To the Editor of the Bombay Gazette.

SIR,—It is astonishing to observe in these days how a portion of the public press is made the vehicle of unfounded accusations, levelled against some persons merely to satisfy the ends of private malice of those having access to the public prints. The imbecile Editor of the *Times of India* not satisfied with stigmatizing Mr. Fellows as a defalcator of three lacs of public money, has this day admitted into his "local" a complaint from his own reporter, which the Rev. Editor thought justified to publish without first enquiring into the merits of the case.

The charge of inattention of duty, and refusing to grant permission to lay service pipes against the Chief Resident Engineer Bombay Water Works is false, and made with a malicious view to annoy that official, as he has refused on very good ground to give some information which the reporter in question demanded, for which purpose he called at the Water Works office to see Mr. King but never had to wait three quarters of an hour as stated by him but only *ten* minutes at the most. Disappointed in obtaining the desired object of his mission the reporter thought fit to give vent to his mortified feelings in his paper which, I consider, and every right-thinking person will do the same, is a poor satisfaction. Mr. Gough is too well known to render further comments necessary. X. X.

16th November.

A SUGGESTION.

To the Editor of the Bombay Gazette.

SIR,—What on earth induced Messrs. Cornforth and Company to pitch on Sewree as a site for their proposed wet docks when they could have obtained a vastly more eligible position by looking about nearer home; as it is, with a little tack they may yet contrive to amalgamate their scheme with that of the M. C., which as usual, in opposition to established rules and usages, have contrived to get a crotchet into their tails.

The M. C. which I am persuaded means the "Mudlarking Company," though I still have doubts on my information, has succeeded in obtaining, on the most favourable terms from Government the foreshore extending north and south from the Mint to the Castle, and east and west from the sea board to the Town Hall, where the construction of wet docks is in vigorous progress, and where in the course of a few weeks it is expected every thing will be ready for the reception of the *Princess Royal*. Talk of premiums, dividends and limited liabilities. Why bless you, the shares in these works are not only above par but they are actually up to your ankles. Dividends are clean beaten out of the market, for here it is a case of crush

'Tween guns and slush,

and as regards liabilities, these are positively washed off the ground by a constant flow of slush.

Now's you're time, Messrs. Cornforth & Co., now or never, simply walk in—not even a penny to pay, survey your ground, faze, amalgamate, or clench with the M. C. and be thankful for the hint given gratis by CULVERIN.

NOTE ON THE PROGRESS OF THE CYCLONE OF THE 5TH OCTOBER 1864.

(From the Calcutta Gazette.)

From Lieutenant-Colonel J. P. BEADLE, R. E., Chief Engineer, Bengal, to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal,—(No. 1423, dated the 25th October 1864.)

I HAVE the honor to submit the accompanying Note of the progress of the late Hurricane, including some extracts and remarks on the subject generally, which may perhaps serve as a preliminary to the detailed statements of its action on the Public Works, and of the damages done, and probable loss sustained, which have to be submitted.

2. A complete scientific investigation of the hurricane is under preparation in another quarter, so I have neither delayed this document, nor given sufficient time to its preparation to make it in any way such a paper as would supersede the necessity for a complete analysis of the Cyclone.

Note of the progress of the late Hurricane.

THE Hurricane we have recently experienced confirms remarkably Maury's concise description of the theory of the Cyclone as a rotary Storm, which is nearly as follows:—

Revolving (in the Northern Hemisphere) against the hands of a watch; the greatest violence near the centre or vortex of the Storm; the vortex itself a calm, which travels sometimes one or two miles an hour, and sometimes forty or fifty; the barometer low in the centre, rising at the outside edge, or periphery; the diameter sometimes a thousand miles, and sometimes not more than a few leagues; the origin somewhere between the parallels of 10 and 20 north and south of the Equator, travelling to the westward inclining towards the nearest pole until they reach the parallel of 25° or 30°, when they turn towards the east or "recurvate," but continue to increase their distance from the Equator.

Maury does not wholly accept this theory; he thinks that the wind in a true cyclone blows in spirals towards the vortex, which is the theory held by Thom, who was the Piddington of the Mauritius.

There are three theories,—

I.—The wind blows round and round the vortex, or place of low barometer, which is as a disc to the rotary storm.

II.—The wind blows directly towards the vortex which is like an oblong trough between two atmospherical waves.

III.—The wind blows in spirals towards the vortex, gyrating only within a certain distance of the vortex, the gyrating column being of comparatively small diameter.

Maury inclines to the belief that cyclones are whirlwinds within a storm; that on the sea, as on land, there may be a storm within a storm, that is, a cyclone travelling with the storm and revolving within it. He lays down also that we are not entitled to call the movement of the wind a cyclone unless the wind shifts more than 180 degrees.

Piddington, writing on the hurricane in the Bay of Bengal on the 3rd, 4th, and 5th of June 1839, says:—"Colonel Reid and Mr. Redfield give from 10 to 30 miles an hour for the rates at which the centres of their different vortices have probably travelled onwards." "It appears that from the 3rd to the 4th the hurricane travelled onwards only about 100 miles, or say 4 16 miles an hour, and from the 4th to the 5th about 7 to 8 miles an hour."

"The slow rate at which our vortices travel onwards is very remarkable."

Mr. Piddington, in the same pamphlet, says that we do not yet know what is the usual track of our Indian hurricanes. Judging from this single tempest, he thinks that in the absence of better knowledge it may be assumed that the hurricanes in the Bay of Bengal travel from the eastward to the westward; and he quotes from a review of Colonel Reid's Work on Storms by the Hon'ble Company's Astronomer at Madras, "that the East India gales appear invariably to travel from the Coast of Arracan towards the west; the curves confirming gradually to the shape of the shore." The recent cyclone had this course, but inclined very soon to the northward.

At False Point, on the Cuttack Coast, the wind commenced at 9. A. M. of the 4th October from the north-east, getting round at 4 P.M. to north-east with heavy showers of rain; at midnight it veered to north-west, blowing twice as hard. At 1 A.M. it blew from the west, and at 3 A.M. of the 5th it began to moderate; the tide rose 5 feet higher than the highest spring tide. — Superintendent, Light House, False Point.

The barometer at no period indicated a gale, as it never fell lower than 29·49'; some trees were blown down, considerable destruction was caused to the embankments, and one sluice was washed away. The gale was not felt at the Station of Cuttack, nor was it experienced in the slightest degree at the Chilka Lake. This gale has some of the characteristics of a cyclone; and [illegible] be correct, deserves to be further considered as to the connection it may have had with the hurricane.

Balasore.—Balasore was visited by a severe gale between 11 P.M. of the 4th and 5 A.M. of the 5th. The barometer fell half an inch during the gale and rose 4-10th after it abated. From 29·975 at 11 P.M. of the 4th to 29·45 at 1½ A.M. of the 5th.

There was one continued roar and rush of wind and rain with occasional tremendous gusts.

The wind came from north and west veering towards west.

The rain ceased at 9 A. M., but the wind did not fairly abate till about 4 P. M. of the 5th.

The thermometer during the gale stood from 76° to 72°. But little damage has been done to the buildings in the Station. Trees suffered most, many along the Cuttack and the Station roads were blown down and the roots turned up; almost every clump of bamboo in the place has been torn up by the roots.

Hidgellee.—At Contai the barometer fell from 29·75 on the evening of the 4th to 28·025 during the lull between 10 and 11 A. M. of the 5th, showing that the vortex of the hurricane passed over Contai. — Mr. O'Flaherty. The Executive Engineer's note is as follows:—

"The storm commenced about 4 o'clock A.M. of the 5th, and lasted till about ¼ to 10 o'clock; it was at its highest about ¼ to 9. From about 8 o'clock to the lull the barometer fell from 28·95 to 28·025. On the evening of the 4th the barometer was at 29·75. After a complete lull of nearly an hour the gale came back, the barometer remaining steadily at 28·025 in the interim. At 12 o'clock the barometer went up to 28·125; for nearly an hour the gale was more like a whirlwind than any thing else. At ½ past 12 the barometer was at 28·53. At ¼ to 1, 29·025. At ¼ past 1, 29·10. At 2 o'clock 29·40, and at this time the gale had subsided."

In this report we have proof of the position of the vortex, and also, I think, of its length: the outside storm of the hurricane did not extend far inland; and Kedgeree, although later, was circumstanced very much as Contai was, with this difference, that Contai is about 5 miles inland and 4 miles within the embankments, which are 20 feet high; but Kedgeree is outside the main embankment, and on the shore of the Hooghly. The reports from Hidgellee are not complete, but the height of the cyclone wave which swept Saugor Island has been carefully measured, and is reported to have been 15 feet above the land level.

Of the cyclone of May 1833 Mr. Bond, the Master Attendant of Balasore, writes (July 31st 1839):—

"Gales at Kedgeree, though blowing dead to windward of us, distant 75 miles, do not always reach this coast, as in the May hurricane of 1833, when the *Duke of York* was blown from her moorings at Saugor accross to Hidgellee and became a wreck, yet the gale did not reach here, although the bank to the eastward in the heavens so plainly indicated a gale that every person here barricaded up their doors and nailed them. We only had a good top-gallant breeze."

In the present instance we have the *Bentinck* landed on the shore at Diamond Harbour.

The *Alexandra* Steam Tug was anchored off Saugor, but got loose, and with steam up passed through the vortex, having a calm for three quarters of an hour, much about the same period that the lull lasted at Contai, but one hour later, from which it would seem that at 10 A. M. of the 5th she was between Contai and Kedgeree, probably in the Cowcolly roads. When the hurricane resumed from the north-west, she kept her head north and east and steamed her best, but drifted south and west till she anchored off Piplee Sands below Hidgellee.

The Ship *Clarence*, which was about 2 degrees south and east of Juggernauth at 10 A. M. on the 4th October, had the wind blowing strong from the north-east, and was on the north-west verge of the cyclone, travelling north, so she sailed on its south-eastern edge perfectly safe. The distance between the *Clarence*, at 10 A. M. of the 4th and the *Alexandra* at 10 A. M. of the 5th is about 260 miles, so the hurricane must have travelled about 10 miles an hour up to Hidgellee.

This evidence, together with that obtained from the fact of the *Burmah* not feeling the hurricane, whilst the *Proserpine* Steamer, which sailed a few hours later and followed in the same track, but slower, suffered severely on the north-east side of it, would seem to show that the cyclone had its origin at some point at sea about 100 miles from the Arracan Coast in the latitude of Kyouk Phyoo, (about 19° north,) and that it travelled nearly due west till it came into longitude 89°, where it took a northward turn and set upon Hidgellee, driving its course along the right bank of the Hooghly River, crossing the Roopnarain River, from Tumlook to Koila Ghat and the Hoogly above Calcutta so as to pass to the east of Kishnaghur, crossing the Ganges between Rampore Beauleah and Pubna, and then over Nattore, sweeping Bograh with great violence; after which, having reached latitude 25 north, it took a decided bend, or as it is called "re-curvature," towards the Garrow Hills, and it became expended.

It is a mistake to suppose that the cyclone reached Gowalparah in Assam. The late Executive Engineer of the Lower Assam Division left Gowhatty on the 7th October, and the first place at which they heard of, or saw the effects of the hurricane was at Serajgunge, on the Brahmapootra.

The cyclone had a width of about 100 miles.

Mr. J. P. Grant, who was stopped at the crossing of the Roopnarain river: (Midnapore road,) about 16 miles from Ooloobariah, has carefully described the cyclone,—wind, wave, and calm.—At 2½ P. M. it become a perfect calm, which lasted for nearly an hour, two hours previously (12½ A. M.) the cyclone wave had risen to within two or three feet of the crest of the embankments. This fixes another point in the track of the vortex and shows that the cyclone pushed forward and was preceded by the wave.

The vortex travelled from Contai to Koila Ghat, a distance of 48 miles, in 5½ hours, being at a rate of nearly 10 miles an hour. A third point at which a decided calm of some duration was experienced is at Beernuggur, east of Kishnaghur, on the road to the Eastern Bengal Railway. The storm at Beernuggur lulled about 8 P. M. of the 5th October, remaining comparatively calm for about half an hour, when it set in again from the opposite quarter, but with less violence, and attained its maximum again at 9½ P.M., ceasing at about 2. A. M. of the 6th October.

The distance from Koila Ghat of 82 miles was thus passed in 5½ hours, giving a rate of 15 miles an hour, for the onward path of the vortex. A fourth point is Nattore, Trans-Ganges; here a lull of one hour commenced at 11 P. M. on the 5th, which gives a further course of 80 miles in three hours, or a velocity of 26 miles an hour.

At Koila Ghat, as at Contai, the hurricane was a whirlwind; and at its worst directly after the lull, and with the wind from south-west.

Piddington describes the "storm wave" as "a mass of water of the same diameter nearly as the cyclone, raised by diminished atmospheric pressure and other causes, driven bodily along with the storm, or before it; and, when it reaches bays or river mouths or other confined situations, causing by its further rise, when contracting, dreadful inundations; but upon open coasts rarely so, or not in so great a degree, as it can there spread out quickly and find its level."

Maury says that in the middle of the cyclone there is generally rain, or hail, or snow, and that there is an immense amount of heat set free: he attributes "the diminished barometric pressure, first, on account of centrifugal tendency; next, on account of the ascending column of air, which expands and ascends, ascends and expands on account of such diminished pressure: and next, though not least, on account of the heat which is set free by the condensation of the vapour which forms the clouds and makes the rain. This heat expands and pushes aside the upper air still more."

A glance at the Map suffices to show what the effect must be above "the wide opening from Point Palmyras to Chittagong, which, to use an orientalism, is the gate to the plains of Bengal," of an extensive sea surface raised above the general level and driven forward upon one of the main channels leading inland from that gate.

In the present case the wave precipitated upon the low lands at the mouth of the Hooghly river, to the great destruction of life, was fifteen feet high; and it is for consideration how far Saugor Island and other low tracts similarly circumstanced should be inhabited.

It is also for consideration how far such low lands which afford the only means for decreasing the force and volume of the waters raised by a hurricane and driven up the Hooghly should be protected from the inroads of a cyclone wave.

This Note will be followed by detailed statements of the damages sustained by embankments, roads, and buildings, showing the damage done to each class of work.

Generally, it may be said that the Public Works have stood well. The characteristic of this hurricane has been the extensive destruction of trees. Masonry buildings, which were in a fairly sound state, have stood well, and where they suffered damage, it has been owing to the insufficient fastenings of the doors and windows: new masonry stood well

It seems that stronger fastenings on land as well as stronger hatches at sea are required. Piddington always pointed out the danger of weak hatches. May not the following extract explain the way in which the unfortunate *Persia*, which seems to have been "taken aback," went down?

"A vessel may, in one of the terrific gusts which accompany these sudden shifts of wind, be thrown on her broadside in the trough of the sea with her deck towards the sea! In such a case she is in the position of a vessel on a reef which has fallen over to seawards, and there is every chance that her hatches would be beaten in, which would swamp her."

The iron Light House on Saugor Island, which has no foundations below the land level, stood the shock of the cyclone perfectly well. Cowcolly Light House also, which is a brick masonry column below Kedgeree, has not been injured; the wave over the land has been measured and was 13½ feet. The masonry buildings both at Contai and at Kedgeree have stood well.

The Sea Dyke of Hidgellee has been breached in six places, all of which are in the portion fronting Contai, but nothing has been said about the masonry sluices, which is a good sign; the lands of Hidgellee have not suffered to the extent to which they suffered in 1832-33 where the embankments have stood, but were ridden over by the wave, the crest for some lengths has been torn out, leaving a gaping hollow; but the seat of the embankment, which is the mass of the earth-work, remains; it is only in very few places that the whole section has been washed away.

On the Hooghly face of the 24-Pergunnahs and on the Roopnarain river in Mundleghat the greatest damage appears to have been sustained. The wide basin of the Roopnarain drew off a large proportion of the wave in the Hooghly to the relief of the upper sections and of Calcutta; the embankments were overtopped from 3 to 4 feet and destroyed in many lengths; the sluices in the embankment on the Hooghly river-face, fronting the James and Mary, have been destroyed.

The embankments of Mundleghat on the Damoodur have not suffered much.

The chief expense of repairs to embankments will have to be incurred on the 24-Pergunnah side of the Hooghly, which was inundated by the raised waters passing over the embankments, which, from Saugor Island to Diamond Harbour, were about 8 feet high. Above Hooghly Point the wave in the river rapidly diminished, but it reached to 23½ feet over the sill of the Kidderpore Dock at 3-45 P. M., which is about 5 feet above high tide level of the 5th October, as it should ordinarily have been at 4-21 P. M.

J. P. BEADLE, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,
Chief Engineer, Bengal.

25th October 1864.

MILITARY.

DEPARTURES.—NOVEMBER 16TH.

Beatty, Ensign J. B., on duty, to Poona.
Balgrie, Major, Assistant Quarter Master General, on duty, to Nargaum.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Ships.	Commanders.	From
16	Nerbudda	Napoda	Rangoon Sept. 2.
	Bussorah Merchant	Richards	Calcutta Sept. 29.
	Victoria (s)	Ahmed	Surat Nov. 15.
	Jumna	Christian	Liverpool July 18.

DEPARTURES.

Nov.	Ships.	Commanders.	To
16	Caranjah	Clark	Calcutta.
	Taptee (s)	Ellis	Surat.
	Telegraph (s)	Lemon	Malabar Coast.

PASSENGERS SAILED.

Per Steamer Taptee to Surat.—Lieutenant Colonel and Mrs. J. F. Hall, and family; and Lieutenant A. N. Bruce, and family.

The Ship *Rory O'More*, Nacoda, bound to Cooria Mooria, obtained her port clearance yesterday.

The Ship *Calcutta Merchant*, for Malabar Coast, began to load yesterday.

COMMERCIAL.

THE MONEY MARKET.

THE share market was very flat yesterday, particularly in the new Bank and Financial Shares. Old Banks were also drooping. There was not much doing in Back Bays, and as they are declining buyers are disposed to wait for a further fall. There was some enquiry for Mazagon Reclamation shares at Rs. 6,750 premium.

BOMBAY DAILY BILL, SHARE, AND STOCK LIST.

EXCHANGE.

On what Place.	Terms.	Rates.
London Banks ...	6 months' sight	2s. [illegible]
Do. Credits...	Do. do.	2s. [illegible]
Do. Documents...	Do. do.	2s. [illegible]
Calcutta ...	At sight	100½
Do. ...	30 days' sight	100
Do. ...	60 Do. do.	[illegible]
Madras ...	30 Do. do.	100½
China ...	60 Do. do.	224

SHARES.

Names	Paid up	Last Half-yearly Dividend	Rates.
BANKS.	Rs.		
Agra Bank ...	500	18 per ct.	[illegible] per cent. pm.
Alliance Bank ...	50	......	44 per cent. pm.
Alliance Financial ...	100	......	[illegible] per cent. pm.
Asiatic Bank Corporation ...	179	......	100 per cent. pm.
Asiatic Financial ...	50	......	25 per cent. pm.
Bank of Bengal ...	8,000	20	[illegible] per sh. with [illegible]
Bank of India ...	250	5	[illegible]
Bombay Bank ...	1,000	8 do.	[illegible] per cent. pm.
Bombay City Bank ...	100	......	[illegible] per cent. pm.
Bombay Presidency Bank ...	150	......	15 per cent. pm.
Bombay Joint Stock Corporation ...	100	......	21 per cent. pm.
Bombay Trading & Banking Association (Limited)	125	......	Par.
Broker's Banking Company ...	100	......	12 per cent. pm.
Central Bank ...	[illegible]	6 do.	[illegible] per cent. pm.
Chartered Bank of India, A. & China ...	200	5 do.	[illegible] 120 per cent.
China Bank ...	25	......	74 pm.
Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China ...	250	10 do.	210 ex div.
Commercial Bank ...	500	9 do.	158 ex-div.
Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris ...	500	7½ do.	100 per cent. pm.
East Indian Bank ...	25	......	30 per cent. pm.
East India Trading and Banking Corporation ...	40	......	5½ per cent. pm.
Eastern Financial Association ...	50	......	52 per cent. pm.
Financial Association of India ...	100	......	55 per cent. pm.
Imperial Banking and Trading Company ...	100	......	81 per cent. pm.
Indian Peninsular London & China Bank ...	150	......	33 per cent. pm.
London & Bombay Bank ...	......	......	Par.
Madras Bank ...	1,000	12 do.	127 per cent. pm.
Oriental Bank Corporation ...	250	8 do.	170 per cent. pm.
Royal Bank of India ...	200	......	62 ex-div.
LAND COMPANIES.			
Bombay Reclamation Co.	5,000	......	Rs. 22,000 [illegible]
Mazagon Land and Reclamation Co. ...	......	......	6,750 pm.
Colaba Land Company ...	10,000	Rs. 12,000	Rs. 96,000 pm. per whole share.
Elphinstone Land and Press Co. Limited ... One whole Share comprising			
1 A Share ...	6,000	4[illegible]	Rs. 75,000 per share pm.
1 B Share ...	6,000	170	
4 C Shares ...	5,000	......	
4 Fore Press [illegible]	1,000	......	
House and Land Investment Company ...	900	......	Par.
Victoria Land and Press Co. ...	4,000	150 do.	Rs. 20,200 pm.
PRESS COS.			
Apollo Press Co ...	11,000	1,800 per share	Rs. 25,000 per sh.
Colaba Press Co ...	2,100	300 do.	Rs. [illegible] per [illegible]
Fort Press Co ...	2,000	350 do.	Rs. 16,000 per sh.
Hydraulic Press Co ...	4,000	340 do.	Rs. 1,000 pm.
Bombay Press Company ...	1,000	......	Rs. 2,500 pm.
Framjee Cowasjee Patent Press Company ...			
Scinde Press Co. Limited (Kurrachee) ...	1,500	......	Rs. 1,500 pm.
Alexandra Press Company Limited (Madras)	750	......	Rs. 700 pm. [illegible]
East India Press Co ...	500	......	Par. Nominal.
Victoria Press Co. (Limited) Madras ...	1000	......	Par.
Albert Press Co. (Limited) Kurrachee ...	100	......	25 prem.
Deccan Cotton Cleaning Co. (Limited) ...	1,000	......	500 pm. sh. nml.
	650	......	150 pm. sh. nml.
RAILWAY COS.			
G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock ...	218-3-0	[illegible] per ct.	Rs. 10 per cent. discount.
Do. New £20 shares ...	180-11-6	2½ do.	Rs. 5 discount.
Bombay Baroda & C. I. Company ...	1,000	2½ do.	Par.
SPINNING & WEAVING COMPANIES.			
Bombay Spinning and Weaving Co. ...	5,000	200 per share	Rs. 1,300 prem.
Great Eastern Spinning & Weaving Co. ...	1,000	......	Rs. 100 prem.
Maneckjee Petit's Spinning & Weaving Co. ...	500	......	Rs. 60 prem.
Oriental Spinning and Weaving Co. ...	2,500	140 Rs. p. Share	Rs. 600 prem.
Royal Spinning and Weaving Co. ...	1,000	......	Rs. 200 prem.
Victoria Spinning Co. ...	5,000	......	Rs. 2,000 prem.
Coorla Spinning Co. ...	5,000	12 per cent	Rs. [illegible]
Bombay United Spinning & Weaving Company	1,000	10 do.	Rs. 250 prem.
SHIPPING COMPANIES.			
Bombay Shipping Co. ...	1,500	......	Rs. 4,000 pm.
Bombay Coast and River Steam Navigation Co.	1,000	26 per cent	Rs. 800 pm. sh.
Bengal Steamship Co. ...	1,000	......	Rs. 900 prem.
Iron Ship Company (Limited) ...	2,500	......	350 dis.
Oriental Ship Owning Association ...	750	......	Rs. 25 pm.
Prince of Wales Ship Co.	1,500	......	300 dis.
Messrs. Vegas & Co.'s Ship & Dock Company.	500	......	75 per share.
Union Shipping Company Limited. ...	1,000	......	Par.
Western India Ship Co.	1,000	......	Par.
MISCELLANEOUS.			
Bombay Contract and Building Company ...	500	......	20 pm.
Bombay Warehouse ...	50	......	20 dis.
Treacher & Co. (Limited)	250	12 per cent.	4 per cent. pm.
Gas Colaba Co. ...	250	......	nominal.
Bombay Gas Company ...	50	......	5 per ct. pm. [illegible]
East India Cotton Agency ...	50	......	Par.
Khandeish Pressing Co.	100	......	Par.
United Mercantile Trading Co. Ltd ...	100	......	2 discount.

SOMNARAYEN NARNARAYEN,
Exchange, Stock, and Share Broker, Fort.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Four Per Cent. Transfer Loan ...		
Loan 1832-33 ...		96
Loan 1842-43 ...		} 95
Loan 1854-55 ...		
New Five per Cent. Loan ...		103
Five-and-a-half Per Cent. Loan ...		111

PRICE CURRENT, 16th November 1864.

		Per candy
COTTON at Colaba—		
Dhollera, (ready)...		430 to 450
Broownuggur ...		455 to 460
Broach ...		495 to 415
Surat ...		425 to 430
Oomrawuttee ...		385 to 395
Rajcote...		350 to 380
Mhote...		420 to 480
Compta ...		410 to 415
Veeraweul...		500 to 520
Hingunghaut...		480 to 500
Khandeish...		520 to 535
Dharwar (Sawginned)		490 to 500
Dhollera (December delivery)		505 to 510
Dhollera (April and May delivery)		515 to 520

OPIUM—Malwa Rs. 1,425.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 27 June, 2017

Avec de mauvaises dents jamais femme n'etait belle,
Avec de jolies dents jamais femme n'etait laide.
J. J. ROUSSEAU.

MR. ADOLPH GABRIEL,
THE WELL KNOWN DENTIST OF LONDON,

HAS the honour to announce to the Nobility, Gentry, and Public of Bombay, that he may be consulted upon all Diseases of the Teeth, daily, from 10 A.M. to 5 P.M. at his Office,
No. 9, RAMPART ROW, FORT.

IMPORTANCE OF THE TEETH.

A perfect set of Teeth is indispensable to Nourishment, Health, Beauty and Voice.

AS TO NOURISHMENT,

Because the Food must be thoroughly masticated to be perfectly distributed throughout the system.

AS TO HEALTH,

Because if the mastication is imperfect, the food oppresses the organs of digestion; and if the Teeth are unsound they vitiate the normal secretions of the mouth.

AS TO BEAUTY,

Because imperfect Teeth disfigure the mouth, and also distort the regular outline of the face.

AS TO THE VOICE,

Because the tone and articulation are both damaged by the want of a complete set, and by misplaced or imperfect Teeth.

THE FUNCTIONS OF DENTAL SURGERY ARE:—
Firstly.—To direct the proper growth of the Teeth in youth.
Secondly.—To arrest the progress of decay.
Thirdly.—To reinstate Teeth which have become wanting or imperfect.

EFFICIENCY OF ARTIFICIAL TEETH.

The inventions of MR. A. GABRIEL have brought the practice of his profession to so high a degree of perfection, that partial or entire sets of Teeth can be promptly and perfectly adjusted, and in such manner as to be removed and replaced at pleasure; to be worn without the least inconvenience; to present the appearance of natural Teeth of great beauty; and to be incapable of any noxious effect upon the mouth.

The operations of extracting, stopping, &c., &c., performed with the utmost care and attention.

CHILDREN'S TEETH REGULATED.

Misfits by other Dentists remodelled at a trifling cost.

AT HOME.
DAILY FROM 10 A.M. TO 5 P.M.,
AT No 9, RAMPART ROW, FORT.

☞ ATTENDANCE AT POONA IN THE SEASON AND BY APPOINTMENT.

MR. GABRIEL will be happy to visit Patients at their own residences without extra charge.

All letters requesting attendance should be addressed as above.

References to Patients.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.

EXCHANGE.

The Bank grants Drafts on London, Scotland, and Ireland, Circular Notes negotiable in Egypt, Syria, and the principal Towns of Europe, at the following current rates of Exchange:—

On London, at 6 ms' sight above £50 2s. 0¼d. per Rupee.
4 do. ...... 2s. 0¼d.
3 do. ...... 2s. 0¼d.
2 do. ...... 2s. 0¼d.
1 do. ...... 2s. 0d.
On demand ...... 1s. 11¾d.
On Scotland do. } 1s. 11¾d.
On Ireland do.
Circular Notes for the use of Travellers on the Continent and to Europe Overland at 1 day's sight. 1s. 11¾d.

The Bank purchases Bills and grants Drafts payable in Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Hongkong, Shanghai, Singapore, Penang, Mauritius, Yokohama, and Tuticorin.

The Bank also draws on the Branches of the Bank of New South Wales.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Floating Deposits payable on demand if not less than Rs. 1,000 or above Rs. 50,000 at 2 per cent. per annum.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS.

Fixed Deposits for 12 months' sight... 6 per cent.

Fixed Deposits may generally be availed of for the Bank Bills on advice at advertised rates, without notice.

COMMISSION.

The Bank takes charge of Government Securities, Shares in Banks and other Companies, without charge, and realizes interests and Dividends thereon on the following terms:—

If to be remitted in Bank's Drafts, without charge.

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of a ½ per cent.

On returning Government Paper, or Share Certificates out of safe custody, or when sold on paying the proceeds of such sale in India, a commission will be charged of ½ per cent. But if proceeds are remitted in the Bank's Drafts, without charge.

Commission charged on purchase and sale of Government Securities.

All Letters should be addressed and all Hoondees made payable to the Agent, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.

Bombay, 8th Nov. 1864. W. JACKSON, Agent.

BANK OF INDIA.—Incorporated, with Unlimited Liability, under Act No. XIX. of 1857, of the Legislative Council of India.

CAPITAL.—SIXTY LACS OF RUPEES, IN 24,000 SHARES OF Rs. 250 EACH, WITH POWER TO INCREASE.

Head Office, Bombay.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
HON'BLE A. J. LEWIS, Esq. Advocate General, *Chairman.*
W. COOPER, Esq. | H. B. H. TURNER, Esq.
A. B. SCOBLE, Esq. | LIMJEE MANOCKJEE, Esq.
Auditors.
CHARLES MACDONALD, Esq. | THOMAS MULLER, Esq.
Solicitors—MESSRS. KELLY & HORE.

London Bankers—THE LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK.
Branches—Calcutta. Hongkong.

EXCHANGE.

The Bank grants Drafts on the London Joint Stock Bank at the following rates:—

At 6 months' sight ... ... at 2s. 0¼d. per Rupee.
4 do. ... ... at 2s. 0¼d.
3 do. ... ... at 2s. 0¼d.
2 do. ... ... at 2s. 0¼d.
1 do. ... ... at 2s. 0d.
On demand ... ... at 2s. 0d.

DEPOSITS.

Interest will be allowed as follows:—
On Current Accounts ... 2 per cent.
Deposits for 3 months certain ... 3 "
" 6 " ... 5 "
" 12 " ... 7 "

No interest allowed on Current Account Balances under Rs. 1,000 or over Rs. 50,000, unless by special agreement.

ADVANCES.

The Bank grants Loans against Government Securities, &c., and discounts Government and approved Private Bills and Hoondies.

COMMISSION.

On the purchase or sale of Government Securities, Bank or other Shares, ½ per cent.

Government or other Securities received for safe custody and interest or Dividends thereon drawn, free of charge.

On returning Securities out of safe custody, ½ per cent.

Orders and Hoondies should be made payable, and all letters addressed, "To the Manager Bank of India."

Any information as to rates of business may be had on application at the Bank, or by letter to the Manager.

Bombay, 1st October 1864. JOHN GRAY, Manager.

THE ALLIANCE BANK OF BOMBAY (LIMITED).

Incorporated in accordance with Acts XIX. of 1857, and VII. of 1860 of the Legislative Council of India.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.—SIXTY LACS OF RUPEES, IN 24,000 SHARES OF 250 RUPEES EACH,
With power to increase.

TEMPORARY OFFICE—RAMPART ROW.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
CHARLES FREWEN KELLY, Esq., *Chairman.*
JOSEPH A. SASSOON, Esq.
HURBUM NURSEY, Esq.
GHELLABHOY PUDDUMSEY, Esq.
SEEOJEE VELLJEE, Esq.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on balances exceeding Rs. 500 and not more than 50,000, and one per cent. per annum on balances exceeding Rs. 300 and not more than Rs. 500.

Interest is not allowed on balances of more than Rs. 50,000 except by special arrangement.

DEPOSITS.

The Bank will receive money on deposit in sums of Rupees 100 and upwards, subject to 15 Days' notice of withdrawal on either side, and allow Interest thereon at 2 per cent. below the Bank of Bombay minimum rate of discount, rising or falling therewith, but not exceeding five per cent. per annum. Parties having current accounts can transfer any portion of their credit balance to deposit account.

Notice of changes in the rate of interest will be given by advertisement only.

At the expiration of the 15 days' notice of withdrawal of a deposit, the Interest will cease, unless the Depositor express his wish to continue the deposit subject to further notice.

Unless money shall have been lodged for fifteen days prior to the notice of withdrawal, no Interest will be allowed thereon.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Subject to 12 months' notice of withdrawal 7 per cent. per ann.
Do. 6 do. do. 5½ do. do.
Do. 3 do. do. 4 do. do.

COMMISSION.

The Bank takes charge of Government Securities, Shares in Banks and other Companies, without charge, and realizes Interest and Dividends thereon on the following terms:—

If to be remitted in the Bank's Drafts, without charge.

If to be paid in India, a commission will be charged of ½ per cent.

On delivering up Securities deposited for safe custody, a charge of ½ per cent will be made.

On the sale or purchase of Government or other Securities, ½ per ct.

Any further information as to rules of business may be obtained on application at the Office, or by letter to the Manager.

Office hours ...... 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.
Saturdays ...... 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

By order of the Board of Directors,
Bombay 31st August 1864. W. F. WESCHE, Manager.

THE ASIATIC BANKING CORPORATION.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £500,000 WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO £2,000,000 (TWO CRORES OF RUPEES).
CAPITAL CALLED UP £500,000.
HEAD OFFICE—No. 4, LOMBARD STREET, LONDON.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
FRANCIS BOYKET, Esq., Chairman (Messrs. Timothy Wiggin & Co.)
J.A. RUSSELL, Esq., Deputy-Chairman (Messrs. Grey and Coles, London, and Grey & Co., Bombay.)
THOMAS CARDWELL, Esq. (Messrs. Thomas Cardwell & Co., London, and Cardwell, Parsons & Co., Bombay).
CHARLES A. FEARON Esq. (Messrs. Fearon & Co., London, and late of Messrs. Augustine Heard & Co., China).
WILLIAM MAITLAND, Esq., (Messrs. Mackillo Stewart & Co., Calcutta).

General Manager.—Harry John, Esq.
Bankers.—The Bank of England and the London Joint Stock Bank.
Agents in Scotland.—The British Linen Company.
Agents in Ireland.—The National Bank.
Brokers.—Messrs. Foster and Braithwaite.
Solicitors.—Messrs. Freshfields and Newman.
Auditors.—Messrs. Coleman Turquand Youngs & Co.

Agencies and Branches of the Bank have been established at Bombay, Calcutta, Singapore, and Ceylon, and others are in the course of being organised at Hongkong and Shanghai.

PROMOTERS IN BOMBAY.
The Hon. MICHAEL H. SCOTT (Messrs. Ritchie, Steuart & Co.)
ROBERT HANNAY, Esq., (Messrs. Grey & Co.)
COWASJEE JEHANGHIR, Esq.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

Temporary Offices.—No. 2, Rampart Row, (next to the Bank of Bombay.)

EXCHANGE.

The Bank grants drafts on the London Joint Stock Bank, London, at the following rates of Exchange:—

6 months' sight ...... 2s. 0¼d.
4 do. do. ... 2s. 0¼d.
3 do. do. ... 2s. 0¼d.
2 do. do. ... 1s. 11¾d.
1 month's do. ... 1s. 11¾d.
Demand... ... ... 1s. 11¾d.
On Ireland and Scotland... 1s. 11¾d.

The Bank will also be prepared shortly to grant Drafts and Letters of Credit on other places in India, China and the East, where Branches and Agencies are in the course of being established, also to purchase or collect Bills on the same places.

DEPOSIT.

Interest is allowed on Current Accounts at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the Daily Balances.

On fixed Deposits for 3 months certain ... ... 3 per cent.
" " 6 " ... ... 5 " "
" " 12 " ... ... 7 " "

No Interest will be allowed on Deposits under Rs. 1,000 or above Rs. 50,000 unless by special arrangement.

Deposits for a longer period than 12 months, will be received by the Corporation on terms which may be arranged on application to the Agent.

COMMISSION AND AGENCY BUSINESS.

Customers may deposit with the Corporation for safe custody, free of charge, Government and other Securities and Bank and other Shares and Certificates.

Interest or Dividends will be collected on the same, also free of charge, if remitted to Europe in the Bank's Bills; otherwise a charge at ½ per cent. will be made.

On sales or purchases of Government and other Securities ½ per cent.

On delivering up Securities deposited for safe custody, ½ per cent.

By order of the Directors,
Bombay, 14th Nov. 1864. ANTHONY MORRISON, Agent.

CENTRAL BANK OF WESTERN INDIA.—HEAD OFFICE—BOMBAY.

CAPITAL, ONE MILLION STERLING. PAID-UP, ONE MILLION. RESERVE, ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND.

OFFICES IN INDIA.
Calcutta, Madras, Sholapore, Surat, Ahmedabad, and Indore.
London Bankers—London and County Bank.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Deposit Accounts above Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 50,000, repayable on demand, at 2 per cent. per annum.
On Deposits for 3 months certain 3 per cent. per annum.
Do. " 6 " " 5 " "
Do. " 12 " " 6 " "

For two years and not exceeding five years 7 per cent. per annum Interest payable half-yearly.

EXCHANGE.

The Bank grants Drafts on London on demand, and at from one day to six months' sight, and Drafts on Scotland and Ireland on demand.

The Current rates of Exchange are:—
Bills London, at 6 months' sight 2s. 0¼d. per Rupee.
Do. at 4 do. 2s. 0¼d. do.
Do. at 3 do. 2s. 0¼d. do.
Do. at 2 do. 2s. 0¼d. do.
Do. at 1 do. 2s. 0 d. do.
Do. on Demand do. 1s. 11¾d. do.
Scotland and Ireland. do. 1s. 11¾d. do.

Drafts at 6 months' sight are not granted for less than £50, and amounts under £20 are only drawn for payable on demand.

The Bank also purchases Bills and grants Drafts on Calcutta, Hongkong, and Shanghai.

COMMISSION.

On the sale or purchase of Government and other Securities ½ per cent. on the amount realised or invested.

The Bank receives Government and other Securities for safe custody, free of charge, the Interest or Dividends thereon being credited to account or remitted home in the Bank's Bills, also without charge.

On Interest or Dividends, or on proceeds of Securities by sale, ½ per cent. commission charged if the amounts be paid in India; if remitted home by the Bank, no commission charged.

On returning Securities out of safe custody ½ per cent. commission.

Hours of business 10 A.M. to 4 P.M.; Saturdays 10 A.M. to 1 P.M.

Bombay, 9th Nov 1864. EDWIN HEYCOCK, Manager.

THE BOMBAY CITY BANK (LIMITED.)—*Incorporated under Acts XIX. of 1857 and VII. of 1860 of the Legislative Council of India.*—CAPITAL SEVENTY-FIVE LACS OF RUPEES IN 30,000 SHARES OF RUPEES 250 EACH, WITH POWER TO INCREASE.

OFFICES—No. 2, CHURCH GATE STREET.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
R. AHLERS, Esq., Chairman, (Messrs. Volkart Brothers.)
ARDASEER CURSETJEE DADY, Esq., (Messrs. Cursetjee Ardaseer Sons & Co.)
R. T. PRICE, Esq., (Messrs. Roper, Price & Co.)
MERWANJEE NUSSERWANJEE BHOWNUGGREE, Esq.
BHUGWANDASS PURSHOTUMDASS, Esq.
Solicitors.
Messrs. ACLAND, PRENTIS AND BISHOP.
London Bankers.
THE BANK OF LONDON.

Exchange.
Bills on London 6 months' sight 2s. 0¼d. per Rupee.
Do. at 4 do. 2s. 0¼d. do.
Do. at 3 do. 2s. 0¼d. do.
Do. at 2 do. 2s. 0¼d. do.
Do. at 1 do. 2s. 0¼d. do.
On Demand 2s. do. do.

The Bank is making arrangements for granting Drafts on Calcutta and China.

Current Accounts.

Interest at 2 per cent. per annum will be allowed on Daily Balances if not less than Rupees 500, nor exceeding Rs. 50,000, unless otherwise specially arranged.

Fixed Deposits.
Subject to 3 months' notice 4 per cent. per annum.
" 6 " " 5 "
" 12 " " 7 "

Discounts, Loans, &c.

The Bank discounts local Bills and Hoondees and grants Loans on Government and other approved Securities.

Commission.

The Bank will receive Government and other Securities for safe custody free of charge, for constituents.

Commission will be charged as follows:—
On purchase or Sale of Securities ... ... ½ per cent.
On realizing Interest or Dividends ... ... ½ "
On delivering up Securities from safe custody. ... ½ "

Any further information as to the rules of business may be obtained at the Bank or on application by letter to the Manager.

By order of the Board,
T. R. E. DAVISON, Manager.

Bombay, 5th November 1864.

THE AGRA AND MASTERMAN'S BANK (LIMITED.)—*Incorporated by Royal Charter.*—ESTABLISHED IN INDIA, 1833.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, £3,000,000 (THREE MILLIONS STERLING.)
PAID-UP CAPITAL, £1,500,000 (ONE MILLION AND FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND STERLING.)
RESERVED FUND, £2,26,000—(Rs. 22,60,000.)

Head Office......LONDON. | Branch Office......EDINBURGH.

BRANCHES IN INDIA—CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS, AGRA, LAHORE AND KURRACHEE.—BRANCHES IN CHINA—SHANGHAI, HONGKONG.—BRANCHES IN AUSTRALIA—SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE.

The Bombay Manager grants drafts on London, also Circular Notes negotiable in Egypt and the Continent of Europe.

The following are the current rates of Exchange:—
On London at 6 months' sight ...... 2s. 0¼d. per Rupee.
" 4 do. ...... 2s. 0d. do.
" 3 do. ...... 1s. 11¾d. do.
" 2 do. ...... 1s. 11¾d. do.
" 1 do. ...... 1s. 11¾d. do.
" On Demand ... . 1s. 11¾d. do.
Circular Notes ... ... 1s. 11d. do.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

1. On Floating, or Current Deposits, payable on demand of not less than Rs 1,000 or more than Rs. 50,000, 2 per cent. per annum.
2. On Fixed Deposits at 3 months' notice, 3 per cent. per annum.
3. On Fixed Deposits at 6 months' notice, 4 per cent. per annum.
4. On Fixed Deposits at 12 months' notice, 5 per cent. per annum.

Fixed Deposits may generally be availed of for the Bank's Bills on London without notice.

The notice of withdrawal can be given at the time of depositing the money, or at any time thereafter.

Interest is credited to Deposit accounts half-yearly.

No interest allowed on Current Account Balances under Rs. 1,000 or over Rs. 50,000, unless by special agreement.

The Funds of all public bodies connected with the Services and of such other Societies as the Directors may consider eligible for the same privilege will be received by the Bank at its highest rate of interest for the time being, subject to modified conditions.

The Bank reserves to itself the right of paying off all interest Deposits and of modifying the terms thereof, on giving one month's notice.

Parties making remittances to the Bank should specify distinctly the Account or Accounts to which the same are to be credited.

COMMISSION.

The Bank takes charge of Government Securities, Shares in Banks and other Companies without charge and realizes the Interests and Dividends, for which a charge will be made of ½ per cent.

On returning Government Paper or other Securities out of safe custody, a charge will be made of ½ per cent.

On the purchase or sale of Government Securities and Bank or other Stock, ½ per cent.

REMITTANCE.

The Bank realizes Drafts or Hoondies payable in the Presidency for remittance to Europe in the Bank's Bills on London.

To obviate disappointment to parties at a distance, it is hereby notified that the Bank will, whenever so requested, transmit the first of Exchange direct, on being furnished with the correct address of the party at Home to whom the remittance is to be sent, if to a lady, her Christian name or names should be given in full.

Parties are requested to address "*The Manager of the Agra and Masterman's Bank (Limited.) Bombay,*" and to make all Orders or Hoondies payable to him.

Hours of business from 10 to 3
Saturdays.....................10 to 1

Bombay, 14th November 1864. E. A. FLINDERS, Manager.

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

HEAD OFFICE—20, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
Paid-up CAPITAL—£800,000.
Reserve Fund, £105,000.
COURT OF DIRECTORS, 1864-5.
THOMAS ALEXANDER MITCHELL, Esq., M.P. CHAIRMAN.
JOHN ALLAN, Esq. | W. S. LINDSAY, Esq., M.P.
PETER BELL, Esq. | DONALD McLACHLAN, Esq.
JAMES FRASER, Esq. | WM. MACNAUGHTAN, Esq.
JOHN JONES, Esq.
Manager—G. U. ADAM, Esq.
Secretary—J. C. STEWART, Esq.
London Bankers. { The Bank of England. The City Bank.
Solicitors.—Messrs. OLIVERSON, LAVIE, & PEACHEY.

BOMBAY AGENCY.
EXCHANGE.

The Bank's Agency in Bombay grants Bills of Exchange on THE CITY BANK, London, at the following rates, viz.:—
6 months' sight (not under £50) at 2s. 0¼d. per Rupee.
4 do. ... ... at 2s. 0¼d.
3 do. ... ... at 2s. 0¼d.
2 do. ... ... at 1s. 11¾d.
1 do. ... ... at 1s. 11¾d.
On Demand (Head Office) .... at 1s. 11¾d.

DEPOSITS.

Interest allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNTS at 2 per cent. per annum, on the daily balance, and on Fixed Deposits, as follows:—
Repayable in one sum, at 3 months' notice, 3 per cent.
Do. 6 do. 5 "
Do. 12 do. 6 "

No Interest allowed on Current Account Balances under Rs. 1,000 nor on Deposits above Rs. 50,000, unless by special arrangement.

REMITTANCES.

The Bank's Agency realizes Drafts or Hoondies on the Presidency for remittance to Europe in the Bank's Bills on London without charge.

All Drafts, or Hoondies, forwarded for realization to be made payable to the "Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China, or order."

When a remittance is to be made to a lady, her Christian name must be given.

COMMISSION.

On the sale or purchase of Government Paper, Bank Stock and other Securities, ½ per cent.

The Bank receives Government and other Securities for safe custody, free of charge, the Interests or Dividends thereon being credited to account, or remitted home in the Bank's Bills.

On Interest or Dividends, or proceeds of Securities by sale ½ per cent. commission charged if the amounts be paid in India; if remitted home by the Bank, no charge.

On delivering up Securities, deposited for safe custody ½ per cent.

Office hours 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.; Saturday 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

Bombay 11th November 1864. J. L. BRODIE, Agent.

THE BANK OF HINDUSTAN, CHINA, AND JAPAN (LIMITED).

ધી બેંક આફ હીંદુસ્થાન ચાઈના જેપાંન (લીમીટેડ.)

دی بینک آف ہندوستان چینا اینڈ جاپان (لیمیٹڈ)

CAPITAL FOUR MILLIONS STERLING, IN 40,000 SHARES OF £100 EACH.
Paid and to be called up.—One Million Sterling.
HEAD OFFICE—1, Bank Buildings, Lothbury, E. C., London.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
JAMES NUGENT DANIELL, Esq., *Chairman.*
RICHARD SPOONER, Esq., (late Commissioner of Customs, Bombay,) *Deputy-Chairman.*
WILLIAM FREDERIC BARING, Esq.
THOMAS COTTERELL, Esq.
J. HENRY REYNELL DE CASTRO Esq.
PHILIP SHORE FLETCHER, Esq.
Lieut. Col. FRENCH.
JAMES LEVICK, Esq.
J. MACKNILL SMITH, Esq.
Hon. J. F. H. STUART WORTLEY.
WILLIAM HARRISON, Esq.
DEANE J. HOARE, Esq.
HENRY YOUNG, Esq., (late Chief Secretary to the Government, Bombay.)

Committee in Bombay.
D. SASSOON, Esq., *Chairman.*
The Honorable PREMABHOY HEMABHOY.
HAJI ESMAIL HAJI HUBIB, Esq.

Bankers.
LONDON ....The Bank of England.
Do. ....The Alliance Bank (Limited.)
LIVERPOOL ....Do. do.
MANCHESTER ....Do. do.
SCOTLAND ....The National Bank of Scotland.
IRELAND ....The National Bank.

The Bank grants drafts on London, Liverpool, or Manchester, at the following rates of Exchange:—
Six months' sight... ... ...2s. 0¼d. per Rupee.
Four " ... ...2s. 0¼d. do.
Three " ... ...2s. 0¼d. do.
Two " ... ...2s. 0¼d. do.
One " ... ...2s. 0d. do.
On demand ... ...1s. 11¾d. do.
On Scotland } 1s. 11¾d. do.
On Ireland
Circular Notes ... ...1s. 11¾d. do.

Drafts on the *Bank of England*, on *Scotland* or *Ireland* are issued payable *on demand* only.

To prevent disappointment to persons at a distance who may purchase the Bank's Bills on Europe, the Manager will, whenever so desired, forward the first of exchange direct on being furnished with the address of the person to whom the bill is to be sent. *In all instances where a Bill is required in favour of a lady, her Christian name must be given in full.*

The Bank will negotiate Bills payable in London, Liverpool or Manchester, and will also purchase or grant drafts payable in Calcutta, Hong Kong Shanghai or Colombo.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on balance exceeding Rs. 500 and not more than 50,000, and one per cent. per annum on balances exceeding Rs. 300 and not more than Rs. 500.

Interest is not allowed on balances of more than Rs. 50,000 except by special arrangement.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Subject to 12 months' notice of withdrawal 6 per ct. per anm.
Do. 9 do. do. 5½ do. do.
Do. 6 do. do. 5 do. do.
Do. 4 do. do. 4½ do. do.
Do. 3 do. do. 4 do. do.

If the deposit be taken in the Bank's draft on Europe, the notice of withdrawal will generally be dispensed with.

The Bank reserves to itself the right of paying off or of modifying the terms of Fixed Deposits, on giving one month's notice.

Government Paper and other Securities received for safe custody, and the interest remitted by the Bank's draft, free of charge.

The Bank will procure enfacement of Government Paper on account of Constituents and forward the same to the Head Office without charge.

It is particularly requested that all orders or Hoondees may be made payable to, and all communications addressed
"*The Manager, Bank of Hindustan, (Limited,) Bombay.*"

Bombay, 11th Nov. 1864. JOHN H. RYLAND, Manager.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.—*Incorporated by National Decrees of 7th and 8th March 1848 and by Imperial Decree of 20th July 1854.* PAID-UP CAPITAL—Francs. 40,000,000 (£1,600,000). RESERVE FUND—Francs 10,000,000 (£400,000.) *Head Office.*—14, *Rue Bergere Paris.* Agencies at Bombay, Calcutta Hongkong, Shanghai, Bourbon (Reunion), and Saigon.

London Bankers.
UNION BANK OF LONDON; GENERAL CREDIT AND FINANCE CO., OF LONDON, (Limited); and MESSRS. C. J. HAMBRO AND SON.

BOMBAY AGENCY.
OFFICES—No. 9, RAMPART ROW.

This Agency grants Drafts and Letters of Credit and purchases or collects Bills on the abovementioned places, as also on the principal Towns of Continental Europe, on Madras, Pondicherry, Kurrachee, Ceylon, Mauritius, Singapore, Sydney and Melbourne.

EXCHANGE.

Drafts granted as follows:
On London 6 months' sight............2s. 0¼d. per Rupee.
3 do do................2s. 0¼d. "
Sight................ 2s. "
On France months' sight...frs. 2·61 cts. "
3 do do..........2·55 " "
Sight..........2·48 " "

DEPOSITS.

Interest at 2 per cent. per annum allowed on Current Deposits payable on demand, of not less than Rs. 1,000, nor more than Rs. 50,000.

On fixed Deposits at
3 months' notice 3 per cent. per annum.
6 ditto do
12 ditto do.

DISCOUNTS, LOANS, &c.

The Agency discounts approved Local Bills, grants Loans on Government Paper, Bullion, Bank Stock, and approved Shares and other Securities.

Any further information as to rates of business &c., may be had at the Office, or on application by letter to the undersigned, to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Bombay 15th Oct. 1864. OTTO MULLER, Manager.

THE ROYAL BANK OF INDIA.—*Incorporated, with unlimited liability under the Act of the Legislative Council of India No. XIX. of 1857.*—CAPITAL SIXTY LAKHS OF RUPEES IN 30,000 SHARES OF Rs. 200 EACH, WITH POWER TO INCREASE.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
ANDREW GRANT, Esq., *Chairman.* | BYRAMJEE HORMUSJEE CAMA, Esq.
W. F. STEARNS, Esq. | KARSANDAS MADHAVADAS, Esq.
J. E. GRIMM, Esq.
DINSHAW MANOCKJEE, Esq.
Auditors.
ALEX. STEWART, Esq. | JAMES BEVIS, Esq.
London Bankers.
THE LONDON AND COUNTY BANK.
EXCHANGE.
Bills on London at 6 months' sight at 2s. 0¼d. per Rupee.
" 4 do. 2s. 0¼d. "
" 3 do. 2s. 0¼d. "
" 2 do. 2s. 0d. "
" 1 do. 1s. 11¾d. "
On demand do. 1s. 11¾d. "

Drafts at 6 months' sight are not granted for less than £50, and amounts under £20 are only drawn for payable on demand.

The Bank purchases Bills and grants Drafts payable in Calcutta, Ahmedabad, Surat and Belgaum.

All Treasury Drafts, Hoondies, and other orders for realization to be endorsed, "Pay to the Royal Bank of India, or order."

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

Interests allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on balances not exceeding one lac, or at 3 per cent. per annum if interest is paid on the lowest balance at credit of the account for each month; in the latter case interest will be allowed on any sum not exceeding two lacs.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Subject to 1 month's notice 3 per cent. per annum.
Do. 3 do. 4 do. do.
Do. 6 do. 5 do. do.
Do. 12 do. 6 do. do.

Any information as to rules of business may be had on application at the Bank, or by letter to the Manager.

Bombay, 20th July 1864. J. GORDON, Manager.

THE EAST INDIA BANK.—INCORPORATED WITH UNLIMITED LIABILITY UNDER ACT No. XIX. OF 1857 OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL OF INDIA.

Capital—Sixty-two and a half Lacs of Rupees in 25,000 Shares of Rs. 250 each, with power to increase.

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Balances exceeding Rs. 500 and not more than Rs. 50,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Subject to 1 month's notice 3 per cent. per annum.
Do. 3 " " 4 do. do.
Do. 6 " " 5 do. do.
Do. 12 " " 7 do. do.

ADVANCES.

The Bank discounts approved Local Bills, and grants Loans on Government Securities, Bank Stock, Bullion, and approved Shares and other Securities.

Any further information regarding terms of business, may be ascertained at the Office by application personally, or by letter to the Manager. W. C. CURRIE, Acting Manager.

INDIAN PENINSULA, LONDON, AND CHINA BANK (LIMITED.)

ધી ઈંડીઅન પેનીનસુલા લંડન અંડ ચાઈના બેંક (લીમીટેડ.)

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Incorporated in accordance with Acts XIX. of 1857 and VII. of 1860 of the Legislative Council of India.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.—FIFTY LACS OF RUPEES, IN 25,000 SHARES OF 200 RUPEES EACH.

With power to increase to Two Crores of Rupees (Two Millions Sterling.)

PAID UP CAPITAL 37,50,000 RUPEES.
HEAD OFFICE—BOMBAY.

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H. J. MARSDEN, Esq., *ex-officio.*

London Bankers.—The Bank of London.

EXCHANGE.

Arrangements are being made to grant Drafts on London, Calcutta, Hongkong, and Shanghai, where Branches of the Bank will in due course be established.

DEPOSITS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.—Interest will be allowed on daily balances exceeding Rupees 1,000 and not exceeding Rupees 50,000, at the rate of two per cent. per annum. A higher rate will be allowed subject to special arrangement.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
2 months certain ... 3 per cent.
3 " ... 4 "
6 " ... 5 "
12 " ... 7 "

COMMISSION.

The Bank receives Government Securities and shares for safe custody on account of Constituents free of Charge, and realizes interest and dividends thereon at a charge of ½ per cent. On delivering up Securities, &c., deposited for safe custody a charge of ½ per cent. will be made.

On the purchase or sale of Government Securities, Shares in Banks or other Companies, ½ per cent.

Any further information regarding terms of business may be obtained on application at the Temporary Offices.

Hours of business 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. Saturdays 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.
D. A. TRAILL CHRISTIE, Officiating Manager.
Temporary Office, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 22nd August 1864.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA.—ESTABLISHED IN 1845.—*Registered under Act XIX. of 1857, of the Legislative Council of India.*

HEAD OFFICE—BOMBAY.

DEPOSITS.

Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum.
On Fixed Deposits for 3 months certain 3 do.
do. 6 do. 5 do.
do. 12 do. 7 do.

No interest allowed on Current Account Balances under Rs. 1,000 or above Rs. 50,000, *unless by special arrangement.*

Deposits for a longer period than 12 months will be received on terms which may be arranged on application to the Manager.

EXCHANGE.

The Bank grants drafts on the London Joint Stock Bank at the following rates:—
On London at 6 months' sight ... ... at 2s. 0¼d. per rupee
4 " ... ... 2s. 0d. "
3 " ... ... 1s. 11¾d. "
2 " ... ... 1s. 11¾d. "
1 " ... ... 1s. 11¾d. "
On Demand ... ... 1s. 11¾d. "

No draft at six months' sight is granted for sums under £50, and sums under £20 are only drawn for on Demand.

Any information as to rules of business may be had on application at the office, or by letter to the Manager.

MICHAEL R. DeQUADROS, Manager.
Bombay 15th November 1864.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CNMPANY' LONDON.—POLICIES OF INSURANCE against Fire upon Houses and other Buildings, Household Furniture Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, continue to be issued on behalf of the above Company by the undersigned.

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Glasgow—William Birrill, Esq. (Messrs. Wm. Ewing and Co.)

The undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company in Bombay, are prepared to accept Homeward risks on current terms.

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Spigot and Faucet Pipes, 2½, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 12 inches.
Shafting, twenty lengths, 10 feet each 3 in., with Couplings, Hanging Brackets &c., and ten lengths 2½ in.

SUNDRIES.

Brass Water Guages, Gauge Cocks, Glass Tubes, Brass Cocks, Stop Valves, Smith's Patent Steam Indicators, a Boiler Truck, Frames for Stamping Machines, &c., &c.

Every information may be had, and the Machinery be seen, by applying to Mr. ANDREW LAING, Machinist, Tardeo.

Any article of Machinery, not included in the above list, may be ordered direct from the Manufacturer, on application to the undersigned.

FRAMJEE, SANDS & Co.,
Agents to Messrs. T. M. Tennant & Co.
Bombay, October 1864.

THE COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE LIFE AND MARINE.
CAPITAL £2,500,000.—(FULLY SUBSCRIBED.)
19, CORNHILL, LONDON.
MARINE BRANCH, 5, ROYAL EXCHANGE, AVENUE.

DIRECTORS.
Chairman.
Henry Trower, Esq., (Trowers and Lawson.)
Deputy Chairman.
Samuel Hanson, Esq., (Samuel Hanson & Co.)
John Boustead, Esq., (Price, Boustead & Co.)
George T. Brooking, Esq. (A. St. Helens Place.)
Jeremiah Colman, Esq., (J. & J. Colman.)
Charles Curling, Esq., (Charles Curling & Co.)
Edwin Fox, Esq., (Halliday, Fox & Co.)
N. Griffiths, Esq., (N. Griffiths, Tate and Fisher.
Fred. W. Harris, Esq., (Dixon and Harris.)
Smith, Harrison, Esq., (Harrison & Crossfield.)
David Hart, Esq., (Lemon Hart & Son.)
Francis Hicks, Esq., (Thomas & Francis Hicks.)
John Hodgson, Esq., (Grant, Hodgson & Co.)
John G. Homere, Esq., 149 Gresham House.
John Humphrey, Esq., New Hibernia Wharf.
M. Joshua, Esq., (Joshua Brothers & Co.)
F. Larkworthy, Esq., Managing Director of the Bank of New Zealand.
William Leask, Esq., East-cheap.
Henry William Peek, Esq., (Peek Brothers & Co.)
Alexander Sim, Esq., (Churchill & Sim.)
J. Adam Smith, Esq., (Smith, Wood & Co.)
John R. Thomson, Jr., Esq., (J. R. Thomson & Co.)
John KempWelch, Esq., (Orlando Jones & Co.)
James Woodhouse, Esq., (J. P. & C. M. Woodhouse.)

Solicitors.
Messrs. Thomas and Hollams, Mincing Lane.
Manager, Fire Department.—Henry Thomson, Esq.
Actuary, Life Department.—W. P. Pattison, Esq.
Underwriter, Marine Department.—J. Carr Saunders, Esq.
Secretary.—Henry Ghinn, Esq.

INSURANCES AGAINST FIRE

May be effected for any length of time from one month upwards. An Insurance for seven years certain will be charged as *for six years only.*

Losses by Lightning are made good, where the property ensured has been actually set on Fire thereby.

All reasonable Expenses, incurred at the time of fire, in the removal of property insured in this Office, will be paid.

Fifteen days of grace will be allowed for the renewal of all *annual* policies, during which time the Company will be liable, unless the risk has previously been declined, or the Insured has declared his intention not to renew.

MARINE RISKS

are taken on Cotton, Silk, Seeds, and other Produce, by Steamer or sailing vessel, to great Britain and the Continent, at current rates.

Prospectuses, and all information respecting the Fire and Marine Branches of the above Company, can be obtained at the office of the undersigned.

FRAMJEE, SANDS & Co.,
Agents to the Commercial Union Assurance Company.
Fire and Marine Branches.)
Bombay, 10th February 1864.

Holloway's Pills.—Palpitation of the Heart is frequently not only felt but heard, prevents sleep, and begets the utmost dread of impending suffocation. These Pills are particularly recommended for removing this affection because they strengthen the nervous and the debilitated, who are much more liable to this malady than other persons. Holloway's Pills so improve the digestion, increase the action of the liver, and give activity to the bowels, that giddiness, headache, and nausea depart as the palpitation diminishes, and the sufferer at once experiences the most indescribable relief from anxiety. Holloway's Pills form the best alterative and aperient in all cases of convalescence from fevers, inflammations, neuralgia and all chronic diseases which have impoverished the blood and brain.

NOTICE.—The undersigned are now prepared to grant INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE on pucka built Bungalows in any part of the Island of Bombay, on most advantageous terms. RITCHIE, STEUART & Co., Agents to Liverpool and London Fire and Life Insurance Company.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.—Capital £2,000,000 sterling. Funds in hand exceed £1,000,000.

			£	s.	d.
Fire Premiums for year	1860	....	262,977	19	11
Do. do.	1861	....	292,402	19	11
Do. do.	1862	....	300,690	15	11
Do. do.	1863	....	341,668	3	2
Showing an increase over 1862 of		...	40,977	7	3

RESERVED FUND, £1,66,915.

Policies covering risks on Merchandise and Buildings in Bombay continue to be granted by the above Company through their Agents. DETACHED BUNGALOWS AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE insured on very favourable terms.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.
LIFE BRANCH.

The undersigned, under instructions from the Head Office, are prepared to receive Proposals for Life Assurance with the above Company from Residents in India, and will be happy to afford every information regarding Rates of Premium, Participation in Profits, &c., to intending applicants for Insurance.

CAMPBELL, MITCHELL & Co.
Agents Royal Insurance Company.
Bombay, 16th September 1864.

UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY. —*Established in London and Calcutta* 1834.—Confirmed by Special Act of Parliament 6, William IV., Cap. 64. INVESTED CAPITAL 77,00,000, OF RUPEES, OF WHICH FIFTY-NINE LAKHS ARE INVESTED IN INDIAN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

London Office—No. 1, King William Street.

INDIAN BRANCH.
CALCUTTA.
DIRECTORS.
Charles Swinton Hogg, Esq. | A. Walker, Esq.
Hon'ble Claud H. Brown. | Hon'ble John Nutt Bullen.
| Cecil Stephenson, Esq.

PHYSICIAN.
J. P. Brougham, Esq., M. D.
AGENTS AND SECRETARIES.
Messrs. Gordon, Stuart & Co.
6, Church Lane.

MADRAS AGENTS. | BOMBAY AGENTS.
Messrs. Bainbridge, Byard, Gair & Co. | Messrs. Leckie & Co.

BOMBAY BRANCH.
DIRECTORS.
George Taylor, Esq. | F. F. Lidderdale, Esq.
John Somerville, Esq. | H. Cleveland, Esq.
R. Willis, Esq.
Medical Referee—Dr. J. W. Reynalds.

The marked success which has for nearly thirty years attended the operations of this Society, justifies the Directors in calling the attention of the Public to the *following advantages* held out to all classes desirous of effecting Assurances on Lives.

1*st.* The Insured in the Society have a most satisfactory guarantee for the settlement of claims in the *large Capital of the Institution,* not merely subscribed, but actually invested, amounting to Seventy-Seven Lakhs of Rupees, of which more than one-half is held by the Indian Branch, and immediately available, being an amount greatly in excess of the Capital of any similar Society in India.

2*nd.* Avoiding hazardous competition, the Directors of the Universal have adopted Tables of Premium constructed with the utmost care. The rates for India were originally prepared from the most comprehensive data, exclusively obtained by this Society from the records of the India House, and these rates have recently been carefully investigated by two of the most eminent actuaries in London (viz., Messrs. Peter Hardy and Charles Jellicoe), and the result, after a laborious enquiry, has established the fact, that the present Indian rates are as moderate, with reference to the risk incurred, as is consistent with perfect security to the Assured, and to a Society which returns to them three-fourths of its profits.

3*rd.* Assurances may be effected for whole Life either on a scale entitling the Assured to participate in the profits of the Society, or at a lower rate of premium, without such participation. Also for short periods from one to seven years, on very moderate terms.

4*th.* The profits are ascertained *each year,* and declared on the second Wednesday in May, when all those insured on the profit scale, *who have paid six Annual Premiums on their Policies,* are entitled to participate therein.

5*th.* One-fifth of the ascertained profits of the five preceding years is divided between the policy-holders and Shareholders—three-fourths or *seventy-five* per cent. to the former, and one-fourth to the latter. The remaining four-fifths are set apart to enter into the average of the succeeding years, and thus to provide against unforeseen contingencies.

6*th.* The Assured have the option of appropriating their profits to the immediate reduction of their Premiums, or as a bonus to be added to the sum assured.

7*th.* The practice of an *annual* division of profits without partnership liability, "distributes the profits with more regularity and justice than any other." This beneficial system is in many respects preferable to triennial, or other modes of division, and the Directors feel satisfied that it only requires to be better known to secure a very large share of public patronage.

8*th.* The first division of profits took place in 1840. the annual reduction of premium has averaged 44 per cent; *a reduction of* 47½ *per cent.* was declared at the last Annual General Meeting on all Policies entitled to participate dated prior to the 9th May 1856.

9*th.* It is most important that all intending Assurers should consider well not only the rate of Premium primarily charged, but also the percentage of profits actually granted (*annually* by this Office) in reduction of such Premium.

10*th.* On return of an Insurer to Europe, either *for a temporary or permanent residence* [illegible] *the state of health, subject, however, to* [illegible] *being given at the London Office, the Premium is reduced to the English rate, corresponding with the age when the Assurance was originally effected,* and in the case of participating Policies the profits are allowed on the *English rate of Premium,* whereby Indian Assurers can continue their Policies in England on *most favorable terms.* When parties assured at the Indian rates return to England, they are required to give notice in writing of their arrival, at the Office in London; and in no case will their Premiums be reduced to the English rates until they next fall due, after the receipt of such written notice.

11*th.* Military Officers holding Civil appointments are allowed to subscribe at the Civil rate of Premium, *on notice being given to the Agents of the Society.*

12*th.* Premiums are payable either annually, half-yearly or quarterly, and on certain conditions *monthly. A grace of 28 days is allowed for such payments, and claims are paid, should death occur during such days of grace.* Policies can be *revived* within three months after the Premium has become due on proof of health and payment of fine, and within six months at the discretion of the Board.

13*th.* Policies for the whole Term of Life, which have been in force for the full period of five years, will be purchased by the Society, or loans granted thereon to the extent of two-thirds of their estimated value.

14*th* Medical referees are remunerated by the Society by a fee of *Sixteen Rupees* on proposal for Assurances *not under Co.'s Rs.* 2,500; but for any less sum the fee to be settled by the applicant.

15*th.* At the period of the last Annual Valuation, the Assets of the Society were ascertained to be upwards of £770,000. The amount of Policies in force about £2,2?0,000, and the Annual Income upwards of £120,000.

Tables of Rates, Forms and Instructions for effecting Assurances, can be obtained on application to the Agent and Secretaries in Calcutta, or to Mr. A. W. Spence, Allahabad; Messrs. J. Stowell and Co., Agra; Messrs. Peake, Allen & Co., Simla, Lahore and Umballa; Mr. G. Ludlam, Meerut; Mr. W. H. Marshall, Delhi.

GORDON, STEUART & Co., Agents and Secretaries
LECKIE & Co., Agents Bombay Branch.

UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY,

Empowered by Special Act of Parliament.
Established in 1834.
INVESTED CAPITAL, £792,150,
Of which there is held by the Indian Branch £442,940.

DIRECTORS:
C. S. Hogg, Esq., Administrator Genl. of Bengal.
Hon'ble Claud H. Brown, Messrs. Jardine, Skinner & Co.
A. Walker, Esq., Messrs. Gisborne & Co.
Hon'ble J. N. Bullen, Messrs. Kettlewell, Bullen & Co.
Cecil Stephenson, Esq., Deputy Agent East Indian Railway Company.

MEDICAL ADVISER.
J. P. Brougham, Esq., M. D.
SOLICITORS:
Messrs. Sandes, Stack & Co.
AGENTS AND SECRETARIES:
Messrs. Gordon, Stuart & Co.
6, Church Lane.

MADRAS AGENTS. | BOMBAY AGENTS.
Messrs. Bainbridge, Byard, Gair & Co. | Messrs. Leckie & Co.

BOMBAY BRANCH.
DIRECTORS.
GEORGE TAYLOR, Esq. | F. F. LIDDERDALE, Esq.
JOHN SOMERVILLE, Esq. | H. CLEVELAND, Esq.
R. WILLIS, Esq.
Medical Referee—Dr. J. W. REYNALDS.

After the operation of nearly 30 years, the Directors feel entitled, with great confidence, to invite the attention of the Public to the marked success which has attended this Society, and the strong claims it possesses to the confidence and support of all classes desirous of effecting Assurance on Lives.

Combining the advantages of a mutual and proprietary Company, and without attempting a rash competition with other Offices, it has pursued a steady progressive course, affording all the benefits which, consistently with the security to Assurers and Assured can possibly be given.

The Tables of Rates for India have been accurately calculated from the Records of the late East India Company, and are as moderate as is consistent with perfect security.

The total number of Policies issued from the commencement of the Society to the end of the year 1862 were 7,842 for			
And the amount of claims paid during the same period was	£6,848,181	5	0
The assets of the Society in England and India on the 1st December, 1862, were	£1,250,834	7	0
Of which there was held by the Indian Branch ...	£792,153	8	11
	£442,910	5	10

At the declaration of profits on the 18th May, 1863, a reduction of 47½ per Cent. on the Premiums entitled to participation was declared,—

So that the Annual Premium of an Individual insuring on the Profit Scale at the age of 30, in the sum of Rs. 10,000, would be at the Civil rate,

	Rs.	480	0	0
Deduct 47½ per Cent. for Profit ...	"	228	0	0
	Rs.	252	0	0
At the reduced English rate ...	Rs.	246	0	8
Deduct 47½ per Cent. for Profit ...	"	116	13	11
	Rs.	129	2	9

The Rates for short Terms are as low as those of any other Assurance Companies. Medical Referees are remunerated by the Society by a Honorarium of Rs. 16 on proposals for Assurances above Rs. 2,500, whether accepted or not; but on all sums under that figure, the Applicant has to pay the Fee for the Medical Report.

Tables of Rates, Forms &c., may be had on application to the Local Director at Allahabad; Messrs. J. Stowell and Co., Agra; Messrs. Peake, Allen & Co., Simla, Lahore and Umballa; Mr. G. Ludlam, Meerut; Mr. W. H. Marshall, Delhi, or to

GORDON, STEUART & Co., Agents and Secretaries.
LECKIE & Co., Agents Bombay Branch.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & Co., 3, Marine Street, Bombay.

USUAL AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 21st inst., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms—
500 Pieces Grey Shirtings.
700 " " Jacconets.
800 " " Longcloths.
A few Bales Twist &c. &c.

SALE OF DIAMONDS.

On MONDAY, the 21st instant, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, on account and at the risk of the first purchaser Gunnessdass Ragoonathdass:—
400 Ratties of Diamonds.

SALE OF BENGAL RICE.

TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, the 18th instant, at 3 P. M., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, near Musjid Bunder, in the Godown of Thacker Lodha Tulsidas, on account and the risk of Hurridass Soonder, by order of Atmaram Sunkurdass:—
R L B.—313 Bags Cutena Bengal Rice, landed ex *Good Success.*

SALE OF ENGLISH BOTTLED BEER.

TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, the 18th instant, at 2 P. M., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms:—
200 Barrels Bass's Beer, Bottled by Cameron and Saunders.

TERMS.—25 per cent. deposit will be required on each lot being knocked down, and the Beer to be taken delivery of immediately after sale.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION.

A few very superior Wrought Iron Fire-proof Safes, of different sizes, with Chubb's Duplicate Keys.

A few dozens best Scotch Whiskey, Rs. 15 per dozen.

A supply of Patent Safety Fuse for blasting, as used on the Bhore and Thull Ghauts, will be sold in lots of not less than one cask of 3.0 Coils, at 3 an. and 1 pie per coil.

Bombay, 17th November 1864. CRAWFORD & Co.

DINSHAW HORMUSJEE & Co., No. 10, Forbes Street.

SALE OF RICE.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 17th instant, at 2 P. M., Messrs. DINSHAW HORMUSJEE & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Carnac Bunder:—
288 Bags of Rice, marked C. & Co., landed from Steamer *India,* now laying on Carnac Bunder, by order of Messrs. Cohen & Co., and on account and risk of Messrs. Bass & Co., Cochin.

TERMS—CASH.

SALES OF OILMANSTORES.

On SATURDAY, the 19th instant, Messrs. DINSHAW HORMUSJEE & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction in Mr. Cohen's Godown, No. 9, Forbes Street, Fort, the following cases of Oilmanstores on account and risk of first purchasers Koranan Hooda, and by order of Dadabhoy Jamsetjee Nayagamwalla:—
228 Cases of Oilmanstores (by Cameron) comprising Quarts and Pints Pickles, Quarts of Vinegar, Pints of Salad Oil, Pints, and half Pints Durham Mustard, &c.

WEEKLY SALE

On WEDNESDAY, the 23rd instant, Messrs. DINSHAW HORMUSJEE & Co. have received instructions from J. T. GOOD, Esq., to sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, 25 Casks of Glass and Earthen Ware, being Portion of the Merchandize Shipped by Thomas Shand, Junior, for the late firm of HUNT, MONNETT & Co., comprising Liqueur, Wine, Claret, Champagne, Sherry, Port, and Hock Glasses, Finger Cups, Wine Coolers, Decanters, Butter-pots, Salt Cellars, Celery Vases, Jugs, Basons, Soup Tureens, Hot Water and Vegetable Dishes, Sauce Tureens, Plates, Salad Bowls, Toilet Sets, Tea Cups and Saucers, Slop Bowls, Sugar and Milk Jugs, Muffin Dishes, Breakfast, and Dessert Sets, Metal Tea Sets and Teapots, &c., &c.

Also,—Few Sets of Gowca Fruits.

SALE BY AUCTION AT THE OFFICERS' MESS HOUSE, COLABA.

On MONDAY next, the 21st instant, Messrs. DINSHAW HORMUSJEE & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Officers' Mess-House, Colaba:—Sundry Goods, the same comprising Glass, Crockery, Plated Ware, and some furniture &c., &c.

The sales commences at one o'clock.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION.

A few sets of new plated mounted Carriage and Gig Harness.
Few Boxes of Carriage and Table Candles.
1 Silver Hunting Watch by "J. Cragg" in Morocco Case.
Do. Open faced do.

DINSHAW HORMUSJEE & Co.
Bombay, 17th November 1864.

RUSTOMJEE PESTONJEE, Auctioneer.

SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION.

RUSTOMJEE PESTONJEE will sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY next, the 21st instant, at his Rooms, in Medow Street, an invoice of Glass-ware, consisting of several Pairs of Quart and Pint Decanters, Celery Glasses, Flower Vases, Round, Square and Flat Dishes and Plates of Sizes, Tumblers, Handsome Flowers in Glass domes with Stands, spare Domes, Pictures, and an invoice of English Work Boxes, Ladies Dressing Cases, Tortoiseshell and Pearl, Tea Caddies, Boxes, Card Cases, Cups and Snuff Boxes, Ornaments, Toys, Time Pieces of various sorts and other Fancy Goods, &c., &c.

At 1 o'clock will be put up for sale, 2 Pick Nic Carriages.

ALSO,
By order of the Administrator General
Sundry Effects of deceased persons, consisting of Wearing Apparel, Books, Copper and Brass Utensils and Sundries.

FOR SALE [illegible]

[illegible] One Horse or a Pair, built by [illegible] expressly for Bombay, under the [illegible] Importer; these Carriages are [illegible] latest and most fashionable Shapes, in a variety of colours, with Cushions &c., of the finest [illegible], Spring Blinds, Brilliant Silver Mounted Lamps and every recent improvement, and are constructed to suit both the fair season and the Monsoon, being fitted with moveable Plate Glass, German Shutter Doors, &c. Nothing better can be had, whether in materials or workmanship. The builder's written Warranty will accompany each Carriage. Particulars in a future issue.—Apply to

RUSTOMJEE PESTONJEE, Auctioneer.
Meadow Street, Bombay, 17th November 1864.

BENNETT & Co.

WEEKLY SALE.

On SATURDAY, next the 19th inst., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms:—
Grey, and other Piece Goods, Twist, Turkey Red, &c.
An Invoice of Cutlery, consisting of Penknives, Razors, Needles, &c., Tooth Brushes, Suites of Gentlemen's Wearing Apparel, Gurnsey, Frocks, Coats, Mathematical Instruments, Portmanteaus, Hat, Goat, Bag, and Shoe Brushes, &c. &c.
Four Ornamental Clocks, under Glass Covers.
Glass Ware, Dinner Services, Pictures, Lamps, &c.
A Broadwood's Mahogany Square Pianoforte, and a second-hand Harp by "Erard."
A few pieces superior Silk and Satin well adapted for European and native Ladies' Dresses.
82 Cases of Oilman Stores, by "Crosse and Blackwell," consisting of Mixed, West India, Onion, Cabbage, Walnut, Piccalilli, and other Pickles, Harvey, Wellington, Reading, Worcester, and other Sauces, Spanish Olives, Essence of Shrimps and Anchovies, Mushroom Catsup, Chili Vinegar, White Wine Vinegar, Salad Oil, French Capers, Durham Mustard, Pickled Salmon, assorted Jams and Jellies, Marmalade, assorted Tart Fruits, Soups, Sardines, Hams, Cheese, Bacon in Sides and Tins, &c. &c.

AT 1 P. M.

One handsome White Horse, "FEROMOZ," [illegible] make a splendid Charger or Lady's Horse, and [illegible] ages and other horses that may offer.

AUCTION SALE OF EARTHEN AND GLASS WARE.
(At a Godown in Medow Street, Fort.)

TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, the 18th instant, at 3 P. M., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at a Godown in Medow Street, Fort, an Invoice of Earthen and Glass Ware, consisting of Plates, Cups and Saucers, Dishes, White and Gilt Dessert Plates, Fruit Dishes, &c., Cut and Plain Water Goglets, Moonshades, &c., &c.

SALE AT LOCKSLEY HALL.

Messrs. BENNETT & Co. have received instructions from J. T. GOOD, Esq., to sell by Public Auction at Locksley Hall, a magnificent Orchestrion, or self Playing Organ, with 9 Barrels, playing Operatic Overtures, Quadrilles, Polkas, and Hindoostanee Airs. The instrument will play at intervals during the sale which will be advertised to commence from the 5th proximo, and will be put up to auction at a day to be named in the Catalogue.

AUCTION SALE OF BILLIARD TABLES, FURNITURE, &c., AT MARINE STREET, FORT (OPPOSITE TO MESSRS. WM. NICOL & Co.)

On MONDAY, the 28th instant, at 12 A. M., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, if not previously disposed of, two new first class Billiard Tables with Marble Slabs and Thurston's Cushions, and Cues complete, together with a quantity of useful furniture, &c., &c.

Now on view.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION.

Just landed ex "Lord Palmerston."

A few Gentlemen's Riding Saddles with Furniture and Bridles complete.
Two Side Saddles with do. do.
One Racing do. with do. do.
Boys and Girls' do.
A few pairs of Lancewood Shafts for Buggies and Dog Carts.
A fresh Batch of superior Plated-Mounted single and double Harness.
A few Copying Presses with Book, Brush, Oil, Sheets, &c.
Two sets of Diving Apparatus complete, in first-rate order, by C. E. Heinke & Co., Great Portland St., London.

MAIL PHAETON.

A very superior English-built Stylish and remarkably light Mail Phaeton with Shafts made expressly to run with a single Horse, having handsome Lamps, by "T. Startin" of London.

FOR SALE—A first-rate House (nearly completed) situated at Poona and overlooking Parbuttee Hill, with a complete corrugated roof as ordered out direct from England. For particulars apply to the undersigned.

MATHERAN.

Two first-rate Furnished Houses for sale at Matheran. ALSO, at Mahbleshwur Hills, several Bungalows both for sale and to let.

For particulars apply to BENNETT & Co.
No. 3 Forbes Street, Bombay, 17th November 1864.

DINNEFORD'S PURE FLUID MAGNESIA has been during twenty-five years emphatically sanctioned by the Medical Profession, and universally accepted by the Public, as THE BEST REMEDY FOR ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT, and INDIGESTION, and as a MILD APERIENT for delicate constitutions, more especially for Ladies and Children. Combined with the ACIDULATED LEMON SYRUP, it forms an *agreeable Effervescing Draught,* in which its aperient qualities are much increased. During Hot SEASONS, and above all, in HOT CLIMATES, the regular use of this simple and elegant remedy has been found highly beneficial. Manufactured (with the utmost attention to strength and purity,) by DINNEFORD & Co., 172, NEW BOND STREET, LONDON. And sold by all respectable Chemists throughout the World.

Printed and Published by WILLIAM CHARMAN, Managing Proprietor, at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press, Medow Street, Fort, Bombay.

AGENTS.—LONDON, FREDERIC ALGAR, 11, Clements Lane, Lombard Street, E.C.—PARIS, Messrs. H. & W. GALIGNANI, &Co., Publishers, Rue de Rivoli—CALCUTTA, Messrs THACKER, SPINK & Co.—MADRAS, Messrs. PHAROAH & Co.